St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, AUGUST 7, 1882. NO. 54.

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Ladies cannot make Underwear as cheap as we can sell.

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We sell New and Fresh Goods only---No Old Stocks.

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RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared by Graduates in Pharmacy. Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc.

FINE OLD WHISKIES AND CHOICE WINES AND BRANDIES OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION FOR FAMILY USE.

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INSURANCE AGENTS,

217 Olive Street, St. Louis.

Losses Adjusted and Paid Promptly Telephone No. 335.

J. C. KIRKBRIDE'S DRUG STORE,

3500 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Allen and Herring's English Herbs and Extracts only used; also Wilson's Select Herbs, and only Squibb's Chloroform and Ergot used in Prescriptions.

A Select Stock of Hair Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Sponges, Mirrors, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, both English and German.

Prescriptions Compounded by Graduates of Pharmacy, in English, German and French.

Try Our Ten Cent Want Column.

EUROPEAN STEAMERS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN S.S. CO. Imperial German Mail Line from New York to Plymouth (London), Cherbourg (Paris) and Hamburg.

WESTPHALIA August 10 | HERDER.....August 24
FRISIA.....August 17 | CIMBRIA.....August 26

The magnificent steamers of this well-known line are built of iron in water-tight compartments, and furnished with every requisite to make the passage both safe and agreeable.

Rates—First cabin, $100; second, $60; steerage, $30. Round trip at reduced rates. Steerage from Hamburg, Havre or Southampton, $24. Send for "Tourist Gazette."

C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen. Pass. Agts., 61 Broadway, New York.

Agents in St. Louis: Fourth National Bank, International Bank, J. F. White & Co., M. Jacoby.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that at the regular meeting of the stockholders of the Union Depot Warehouse Company for the election of three directors to serve during the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it will be held at the office of the company, in the city of St. Louis on Tuesday, the 8th day of August, 1882. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 2 o'clock p. m.

A. H. HANDLAN, JR., President.
T. W. MURRAY, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, August 6, 1882.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—To the stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas:

A meeting of the stockholders of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas is hereby called, and will be held at the office of said company, at the southeast corner of Fourth and Pine streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Wednesday, the 11th day of October, 1882, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. of said day. The object of said meeting is to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas from four million eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars to fifteen millions of dollars.

By order of the Board of Directors.

Attest: J. W. PARAMORE, President.
W. DOUGLAS, Assistant Secretary.
St. Louis, August 6, 1882

THE Committee appointed at Lightstone's Hall on Tuesday August 1, by the supporters of free and unfettered legislation are ready to report. All citizens opposing the passage of sumptuary laws are earnestly requested to attend a meeting at Lightstone's Hall, Eleventh and Franklin avenue, on Tuesday, August 8, at 2 p. m.

CHAS. SCHWEICKARDT,
WM. BRENNECKE,
J. MAIS,
J. H. POHLMANN,
J. SCHOBER,
Committee.

WM. GOERLICH, President pro tem.

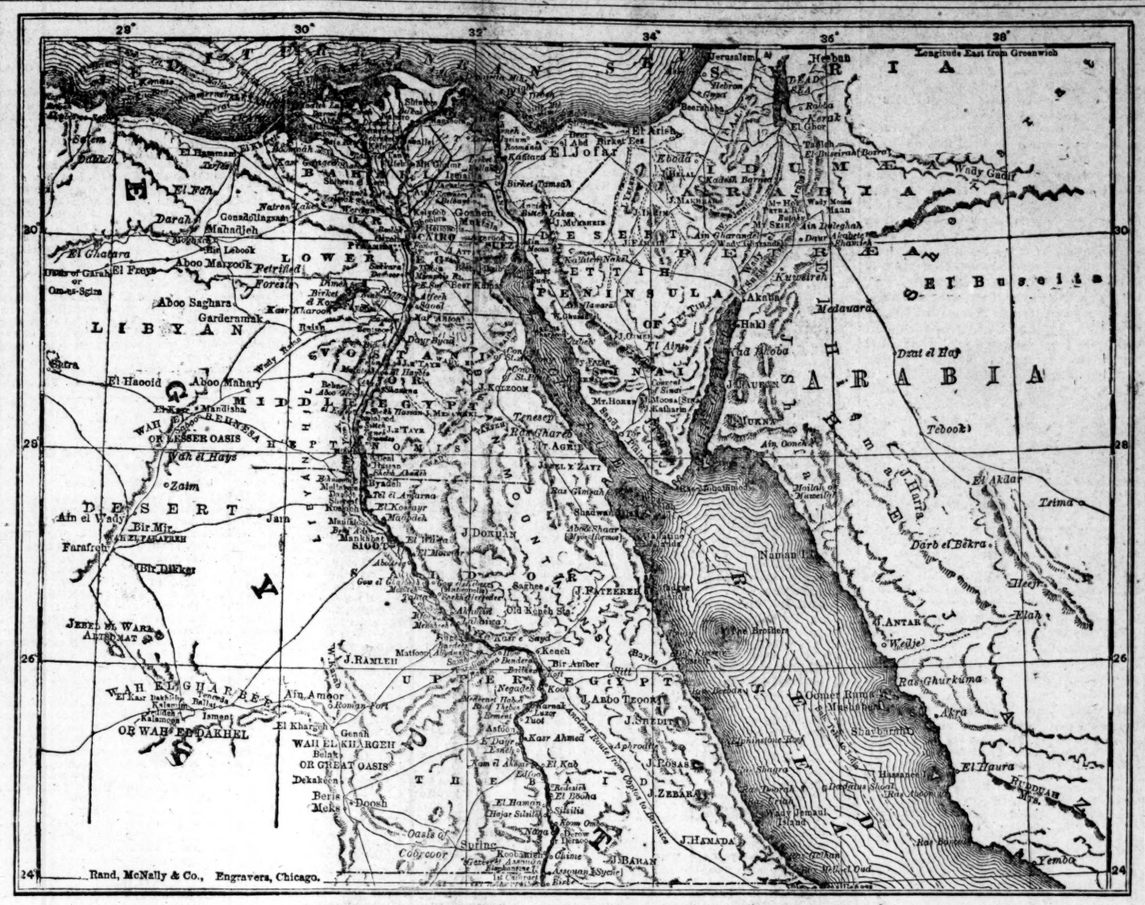
OFFICE of Franz Krein Manufacturing Co.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the office of above company, S. W. cor. 8th and Howard streets, on Tuesday, August 15, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing five directors to serve for the ensuing year. Polls to remain open until 12 o'clock m. ROBT. KREIN, Sec'y.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyance and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and shorboro' real estate, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate

819 Walnut st. Office bet. 5th and 6th.



THE THEATER OF WAR.

The above map must become an invaluable vade mecum to the Student of Affairs in Egypt. The representation of the region around Alexandria is particularly good, and as the armies move up the Nile the country will be found portrayed with equal exactness. Arabi's army, 16,000 strong, is now at Kafr el Dwar, a small point between Damanhoor and Ramleh. The Suez Canal territory will be found to grow more interesting as the course of events flows on; and in a word, a better presentation of the whole of the debatable land in Africa it would be hard to give.

A BOUNTIFUL HARVEST.

Minnesota and Dakota Overflowing with Wheat—Estimates of the Crop.

ST. PAUL, August 7.—The wheat throughout Minnesota is nearly ready for harvest. Cutting in Southern Minnesota will generally begin this week, and in northern counties and in Dakota next week. The weather for a week past has been favorable—cool, clear and dry—until within the last two days, which have been extremely warm. Yesterday was the hottest of the season so far. It is feared the hot weather following the wet days of a week ago, whose moisture still remains in the soil, may cause rust and blight in some backward fields where the grain is not yet out of the milky stage. It is believed, however, that most of the crop is beyond the reach of injury of this sort. Up to Saturday reports from all parts of the State were generally favorable. There are reports of local damage by rust, blight and chinch bugs in several large wheat-growing counties of Southern Minnesota, and in some low grades of Red River Valley, where there has been too much rain, but no general injury to the crop over wide areas. Estimates of yield per acre sown from ten to eighteen bushels in southern counties, and from twelve to fifteen in northern counties, and in Dakota estimated general average about fifteen bushels, which, with 2,400,000 acres reported by the Commissioner of Statistics, will give an average crop of about 350,000,000 bushels. The crop of North Dakota, is estimated at about 15,000,000 bushels or nearly double that of last year. This takes into account the large amount of new wheat land brought under the plow in the northern part of the Red River Valley and on the James River and the Missouri slope. The barley harvest is now in progress in Southern Minnesota. It will generally begin in the northern counties this week. Crops turning out well and largely increased yield expected. Corn is gaining rapidly under the influence of the warm weather.

A SAD MISTAKE.

An Alton Girl Kills Herself in Consequence of a Delusion.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ALTON, ILL., August 7.—The dead body of a young German girl was found floating near the Spread Eagle Landing yesterday morning. It was brought to the shore, and, after being taken to the police headquarters, was identified as that of Crescencia Hueber, of North Alton, a young German girl who arrived in this country only about two months ago, in company with her betrothed, a young man named B. Kinler, who came to this country with her. Coroner Youree could not be reached by telegraph, and 'Squire Ulrich empaneled a jury and held an inquest. A memorandum book was found in the pocket of her dress in which was told the secret of her death. She had, it seems, been betrayed before leaving Germany, and fearing the consequences had taken her own life rather that bring shame upon herself and her betrothed. A post-mortem examination made by Dr. E. Hardy proved that her fears were altogether imaginary. Thus it was made plain that the poor girl died the victim of melancholy mistake and a accusing conscience. She was seen as late as 8 o'clock Saturday night in North Alton. It was after that hour she went to the river bank and threw herself in, and in less than twelve hours later she was found floating face downward on the water.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7.—Tennessee and Ohio Valley, local rains and partly cloudy weather, southwest to northwest winds, slight changes in temperature, stationary or slight rise in barometer. Lake Region, occasional light rain and partly cloudy weather, winds mostly from southwest to northwest, followed in upper lakes by rising barometer and stationary or lower temperature. Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, generally fair weather, winds mostly from north to east, stationary or lower temperature.

YELLOW JACK.

The Black Scourge Appears in Galveston Harbor—One Death.

GALVESTON, August 7.—The cases of suscious sickness on the schooner Henrietta from Matamoras, at quarantine, developed into yellow fever. One death.

A Horse Thief in the Toils.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, August 7.—A horse thief, giving the name of De La Duport, was arrested here this morning by City Marshal Schirmer for stealing a buggy and horse from L. Goodwin, a liveryman of Sedalia, on Friday, August 4. He hired from Goodwin a single buggy and horse and drove away, nothing more being heard of him until his arrest here. He has been lodged in jail and the Sedalia officials notified of the arrest. From papers, deeds, etc., found on his person it is supposed that he is traveling in the interest of a patent gate hinge and roller for farm gates and that his name is James R. Martin, of Jerseyville, Ill., instead of Duport. At the time of his arrest he was in the act of selling the horse to Mr. John Davison, a liveryman of this city. He having sold the buggy and harness to a farmer living between here and California, as he states. He has been in the city since yesterday and his actions indicate that he is a profession crook. At the time of the arrest he was heavily armed.

The Grim Reaper.

CINCINNATI, August 7.—A Parkersburg, W. Va., special says: At a picnic at Devil's Lake, in Ritchie County, on Saturday, John Bradley, who had been trying to stop a fight between Jerry Deem and another, was shot in the back by Deem. The wound is said to be mortal.

A Waynesville, Ky., special says. On Saturday afternoon a young man connected with the United States Circus made a balloon ascension seated on a trapeze bar. The baloon alighted in the Ohio river and the balloonist was drowned. He was a native of England; name not given.

A Broken Bridge.

CHICAGO, August 7.—The bridge across the Embarras River on the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville Railroad, near Greenup, yesterday evening gave way under a freight train and the engine and eighteen loaded cars went down, killing Charles Allen, a copper-smith, and seriously injuring M. B. Contin, the engineer; George Farlin, the brakeman. The bridge was defective.

A Mob's Blunder.

MACON, GA., August 7.—At a colored camp-meeting at Eastmen a deputy marshal shot a fleeing prisoner named Jake Tarropy, killing him. This infuriated the mob, who ran the deputy in a house, where an innocent white man named James Harvard was shot and beaten horribly, resulting in his death. The negroes mistook him for the deputy.

Murderous Mexicans.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BROWNSVILLE, TEX., August 7.—At Nacajuca Tabasco, Mexico, yesterday, Senor Marco Lopez, a political chief, and a number of citizens had a fight. Lopez stabbed Hesigio De Dios to death, after the latter had shot the former. Lopez also died.

With an Iron Rod.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA., August 7.—At Tuscatoulla, Leon county, yesterday two women, Pollie Daniels and Sewell Hall fought. Hall killed Pollie with an iron rod.

CAPITAL CULLINGS.

An Interesting Budget of News From Washington.

A Junketing Scheme—The Jeannette Investigation.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7.—The House this morning passed a resolution for the appointment of a special committee of nine to oversee Mississippi River matters and inquire into the present situation. The general expression is that it is quite unnecessary, as we have already a Mississippi River Commission whose integrity is unquestioned, and that this is more a junketing scheme than anything. Thus far this Congress has created remarkably few of these unnecessary schemes.

Mr. Robeson threw a bomb into the Democratic camp in the House to-day by offering the Internal Revenue tax as it now stands in the Senate, omitting the polariscope test and proposing to suspend the rules and pass it. The Democrats were a good deal astonished and scarcely knew what to do, but Mills (Texas) demanded a second reading of the bill, and as it will be impossible to get a quorum this will, of course, go over without action.

The Star Route attorneys say that they think they will reach the end of the case in a week. There is much dissatisfaction among the attorneys in the case regarding the management during the past few days, the Star Routers having got a bad eye by Buell's stupid course on the stand.

Some Pennsylvania Republicans, with more zeal than judgment, are now trying to get up a movement for a third party under the title of a "popular movement," in the hope that it may unite the party. A meeting will be held in a few days to try to put the plan into execution. Bonds for exchange continue to come in, and it is now estimated that those offered for exchange will reach $200,000,000. Mr. Lowe, of Alabama, Greenbacker, says with an honest count in that State Republicans and Independents will carry it by a majority of 25,000. The funeral of the wife of Fred Douglas, yesterday, was attended by nearly 3,000 people Mrs. Douglas was never a slave and she was engaged to Fred. while he was a slave, but he refused to marry in slavery. Marriage was delayed until his freedom. Capt. Carter, of Illinois, is here trying to induce the President to permit the colored people to enter the Indian Territory and settle on unoccupied lands. Secretary How leaves in a few days for his home in Wisconsin. It is understood that Secretary Chandler, if the resolution for the investigation of the Jeannette expedition is not passed, will order an investigation on his own authority, as there are numerous charges of jealousy among officers and serious doubts about the efficiency of the vessel when it started. The general belief in the Senate now is that an adjournment will take place before midnight without the passage of the revenue bill.

The Senate has confirmed Grant and Trescott as commissioners to frame a commercial treaty with Mexico.

The Star Route Trials.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—In the Star Route trial the court excluded the report of Gen. Brady for the fiscal year 1878, which the defence offered with the object of showing that Gen. Brady recommended to Congress measures calculated to protect subcontractors. Several similar reports were likewise ruled out.

After some unimportant testimony Ingersoll announced so far as his clients (the Dorseys) were concerned he was through, and similar statements were made by all other counsel for defense. This unexpected action by the defense created considerable surprise and a recess was taken.

XLVII. CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—The following bills, etc., passed:

House bill pensioning the widow of the late Brigadier Gen. Ramsey.

House bill repealing that section of the Revised Statutes which imposed export tax on tobacco.

Senate Joint resolution allowing per diem employees of Senate an extra month's pay.

The House joint resolution appropriating $60,000 to supply deficiency in the appropriation for the fees of United States District Attorneys during the last fiscal year, passed.

The House Resolution instructing the Secretary of the Navy to convene a court of inquiry to investigate as to the loss of the steamer Jeannette and the death of Lieut.-Commander De Long, passed.

The House joint resolution for joint select committee upon American ship building and ship owning interest, passed, 40 to 18.

The House bill passed for a railway bridge across the Mississippi at or near the mouth of the Upper Iowa River, Iowa.

Mr. Plumb offered a concurrent resolution for adjournment sine die to-day at 5 o'clock. He asserted the responsibility for the extension of the present session was chargeable solely to the dilatoriness of the House in the maturing of appropriation bills.

House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 7.—The House met at 10 o'clock. Several amendments to the supplemental post-route bill were concurred in. The sundry civil bill received the signature of the Speaker.

Saturday's session then adjourned, the vote on adjournment showing the presence of only 109 members, and the session of Monday opened.

Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, reported a resolution appropriating $5,000 to enable the Select Committee of the members to examine into the works now in progress for the improvement of the Mississippi River below Cairo and methods employed in making such improvement. The committee is also authorized to inquire into all matters pertaining the outlet and jetty systems, and to report the result of their inquiries at the next session. Adopted.

Under the call of the States the following bills were introduced and referred: By Mr. Robeson—To reduce taxation; (this bill is identical with the tax bill as it now stands in the Senate, except that it does not provide for the Polariscope test). By Mr. Cox (N. Y.)—To abolish licenses on commercial travelers.

Mr. Robeson moved to suspend rules and put upon passage the bill just introduced by him to reduce taxation. Mr. Mills demanded second, but only fifty-two voted in the affirmative and eight in the negative. Messrs. Ellis and Cox raised the point of "no quorum." Finally Robeson withdrew the bill saying he had made a honest endeavor to reduce taxation. (Derisive laughter on Democratic side, and suggestions that the word honest be withdrawn.)

The House then took a recess for two hours.

$500,000 Loot.

PHILADELPHIA, August 7.—Up to this afternoon the list of the victims of Charles M. Hilgert, the absconding member of the firm of John Hilgert's Sons, is as follows: Mechanics' Bank, $50,000; Philadelphia National Bank, $44,000; Hall & Kennedy, brokers, $3,260; Evans Edwards' Sons, coopers, $2,500; Maitland & Phelps, New York, $50,000; Kensington National Bank, $1,698; Newbold & Sons, note brokers, $86,199; George C. Carson & Co., $177,401; Provident Life and Trust Company, $28,000; J. Lowber Welsh, $25,000; Remsen & Tate, $26,000; miscellaneous, $2,500; total, $456,558.

Last Edition.

THE WAR.

Russia Said to be Arming at Odessa.

Lord Dufferin's Departure From Constantinople Expected.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 7.—An unpleasant feeling has been caused to the Porte on account of the hoisting of the English flag on the public buildings when the British occupied Suez. The Porte has been assured that the raising of the flag has no significance. The flag displayed was that of the Consulate, and was hoisted in conjunction with the Egyptian flag. This explanation is not considered satisfactory.

CONTANTINOPLE, August 7.—Certain mollahs have been particularly active lately. The bulk of the garrison is jealous of the petted Albanians, and the Guards of Yeldies Kiosk, native Christians, are uneasy. There was a groundless panic Wednesday among them in Stamboul.

DUFFERIN TO DEPART

LONDON, August 7.—With reference to the unexpected acceptance by the Porte of the military convention demanded by England, the Post prints the unconfirmed rumor that Dufferin, the British Ambassador at Constantinople, has been ordered, in event of the Porte's non-compliance, to quit Constantinople.

ALEXANDRIA, August 7.—The armored train returned from Mahalla Junction without engaging the enemy, who about the same time brought up some troops by train from Kafr el Dwar, who are busy entrenching and burying the dead.

RUSSIA ARMING.

LONDON, August 7.—It is rumored at St. Petersburg that Russia is making warlike preparations at Odessa, in view of the possibility of complications between Turkey and England.

The Morning Budget.

LONDON, August 7.—The following is Admiral Seymour's official report concerning the encounter with the enemy's reconnoissance party at Mahalla Junction on Saturday: "Our force consisted of 200 men of the naval brigade, with one 40-pounder and two 9-pounder guns, under Capt. Fisher; 1,000 marines under Col. Nison, half a battalion of the Thirty-eighth and Forty-sixth Regiments and all the Sixtieth Regiment. We had a skirmish with the enemy, which was 3,000 strong, with six guns and six rocket batteries from 5:30 until 7:30 in the evening. The total casualties to the naval brigade and marines were two killed and twenty-two wounded." The land forces were commanded by Gen. Allison, and the operations were directed towards driving the enemy from their strong position on the eastern side of the Mahmoudieh Canal. They were successful, the losses of the Egyptians being very heavy. The English loss was four killed and twenty-nine wounded.

Said Pasha has informed the conference that the troops which started for Egypt at the beginning of the week are recruits, who will remain at Salonica. The real expedition will comprise 5,000 people.

At a sitting of the conference on Saturday in Constantinople, the British Ambassador accepted the proposal of collective protection of the Suez Canal. To the renewed demand of Lord Dufferin that the Sultan proclaim Arabi Pasha a rebel, the Turkish delegates promised a written reply at the next meeting of the conference.

A great movement of Egyptians is reported between Suez, Ismailia, Sagazig and Cairo. European partisans of Arabi, disguised as Arabs, it is reported, have arrived at Port Said.

It is reported that the British intercepted a courier bearing dispatches from Arabi Pasha to the Sultan.

Russia.

BERLIN, August 7.—A destructive fire occurred in Stavropol and along the Kuma River, in the Caucasus. Crops covering an area of eighty square kilometers were burned.

France.

PARIS, August 7.—It is stated that Senator Du Clerc submitted to President Grevy yesterday a list of Ministers, stating that they had all accepted office.

South Africa.

DURBAN, August 7.—News has been received hese that the Boers with a native contingent, were defeated on the 28th of July by Montaiva, with a heavy loss.

Scalped With a Plane.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHATTANOOGA, August 7.—Alex. Rhea killed James Laffey in James county, Tenn., yesterday, by stabbing him. Laffey, a carpenter, had slapped Rhea's child because it was meddlesome, and Rhea, when he heard of it, proceeded to Laffy's shop and stabbed him. The latter had a jack-plane in his hand, and shaved off Rhea's scalp and one ear and then dropped dead. Rhea escaped.

A Duel to the Death.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 7. At Pineville, Webster county, yesterday, Abe Groat and Ben. Thomas fought a duel. Groat shot Thomas with a gun. The latter stabbed Groat to death. Thomas died a few minutes later.

The Races.

SARATOGA, August 7.—First race [illegible] miles, Disturbance, first; Minnie, second and [illegible] Sprague third. Time, 1:15.

Second race, one and one-quarter mile Nelson first, Force second, Longtaw Time, 2:11¾.

Third race, one mile, Baby first, second, Tom Barlow third. No time

At Work Again.

COHOES, N. Y., August 7.—[illegible] Mills reopened this morning [illegible] only operatives resumed [illegible]

The Freight [illegible]

NEW YORK, August [illegible] thirty striking freight [illegible] work to-day at old

GAVIN'S PLACE.

Will the Ex-Chief Oust the Secretary of the Police Board?

It is stated on good authority that at the meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners to-morrow the charge which ex-Chief of Police Ferd. B. Kennett has made against Secretary Gavin of the board will come up for definite action. The charge which Kennett has presented is that he has been slandered by Gavin and he wishes the truth in the case to appear. The alleged slander is supposed to be a statement made by Gavin in the presence of at least two witnesses that the Chief, as treasurer of the Police Relief Association, appropriated about $1,000 of society funds. When Kennett resigned he presented a denial of the matter to Gavin in the form of an affidavit and asked him to sign it. This Gavin refused to do, giving as a reason that he did not care to be bulldozed. Kennett was very angry at the time, and indulged in some violent language. The threat was made that, but for Gavin's gray hairs, he would be called on to suffer a drubbing at the hands of the muscular young Chief. Quiet was restored, and attemporary truce declared. Kennett's purpose was to have Gavin sign the affidavit and then have him arrested under a charge of perjury in consequence of the opposing statements, one of them being under oath. Failing in this he set to work to have Gavin removed, and it is now reported that there is a strong probability that he has so set up the pins that he will accomplish his purpose. When he resigned it was stated on his own authority that Kennett would leave for the mining districts in a day or two. Some time has elapsed and he is still here and a daily visitor at the Four Courts. It is understood that Gavin's official scalp will hang at his belt to-morrow. Dan Kerwin is reported to have said he wished to have the charge in question either affirmed or denied by Gavin. Kinkead is of a similar opinion. Kinkead is a personal friend of Kennett's, and will probably make the fight against Gavin on account of his friendship for Kennett.

K. C. and S. M. R. R.

George H. Nettleton, general superintendent of the Kansas City, Springfield and Memphis Railroad, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Southern. He is returning from a business trip to Memphis, where he concluded arrangements for the completion of his railroad. The road has been in operation from Kansas City to Springfield for nearly two years, but the track has been recently extended southeast of Springfield a distance of forty miles to a station called Loveland, and the event is being celebrated to-day by a grand excursion of the people of Greene county. The remainder of the road is under contract, and is being rapidly pushed forward at the rate of three miles a day. Work will now commence at the city of Memphis, and proceed northward through Tennessee for a distance of 125 miles to Big Springs, at the intersection of the Missouri and Arkansas lines. There the road will cross into Missouri, making a direct line to Springfield. It is expected that a town will be established at Big Springs, where the company intend to locate their machine shops.

The June Wheat Deal

The Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange will take up the June wheat deal to-day, Capt. J. P. Keiser, who was being waited for to make the quorum, having returned this morning. The shorts are very confident and claim that the board cannot overrule the decision of the committee previously given in their favor. On the other hand it is thought that some of the directors may advance the price above 18¾, the figure fixed upon by the Committee on Arbitration. The shorts claim that all parties to the deal signed an agreement that they would abide by the Arbitration Committee's decision. Mr. Oliver's brokers, acting for him, signed the agreement, as they had a right to do. The shorts consequently claim very confidently that, even should the directors advance the price, the ruling will not bind them, as Mr. Oliver, through the agreement signed, is irrevocably bound by the previous decision of the committee of arbitration.

Death of Charles A. Vogeler.

Charles A. Vogeler, of the firm of Vogeler & Co., proprietors of St. Jacobs Oil, died at 5 a. m. Saturday morning at his residence in Baltimore, Md. The deceased was recognized for business ability and was as widely known in this capacity as any man in the country. Although but 31 years of age at the time of his death, he had been eight years the managing partner of the extensive house which bears his name. To his well directed energy and enterprise and his assiduous attention to business much of the present reputation and prosperity of the firm are due. Mr. Vogeler was taken ill at the close of the first week in July. The disease was pronounced by his physicians to be malaria. It finally developed into a malignant type of typhoid fever, baffling all the skill and efforts of physicians and nurses. Mr. Vogeler's death will be sincerely regretted by thousands who knew him. Nothing has yet been decided in the matter, but the surviving partners will, in all probability, continue the business unchanged.

Klein's Clothes.

Oscar Klein, a bookkeeper at Koetterer's Hotel, on Fourth and Elm streets, swore out a search warrant for a large lot of wearing apparel which had been stolen from his room during his absence, and succeeded in finding the missing articles in a trunk belonging to Jacob Schaper, 620 S. Fifth street. Shaper had an examination this morning before Justice P. J. Taffe and pleaded guilty. It was shown that Schaper was employed temporarily about the hotel and slept in Klein's room in the latter's absence, and, having a favorable opportunity, he stole everything that he could lay his hands on. He was bound over to appear before the grand jury.

The Photographers.

The annual convention of the Photographers' Association of America convenes at Indianapolis to-day and will remain in session until the 12th inst. About thirty-five St. Louis photographers left on last night's train to attend the convention, being accompanied by several delegates from other cities, who have been stopping here for some time past. The session will be devoted to regular routine business and the discussion of matters of general interest to the disciples of photography. The association numbers about 3,500 members.

The Quarantine Closed.

The Health Commissioner this morning ...d the Quarantine Hospital, the four ...lescent patients, who were the only ones ...ing in the institution, being returned ...omes. Since May 1, 1881, 436 pa... are treated in the hospital, 350 of ... were afflicted with small-pox. The ... the hospital since August 1, 1881, ... The total cost of maintaining the ... since January 1, 1882, was ...

...Mahon Suicide.

... night the sound of a ... from the Freund ... Pine streets, and an ... that John M. ... of the Van-dalia Line, had committed suicide by shooting himself in the right side of the head. The cause of the deed is unknown, but it is believed that as he had overslept himself and missed his train he was fearful of the disgrace attached to his remissness. The body was removed to Lynch's undertaking establishment, where an inquest was held and the verdict given that the deceased came to his death from a gun shot wound from unknown provocation.

The Troubles of Detective Page.

ST. LOUIS, August 7, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of Saturday you do me an unnecessary and gross injustice. You state that C. W. Page was in the city and had been fined in the Police Court for vagrancy. This publication is unfounded and untrue in every respect and particular. The facts are that I am now and for the past sixteen years have been a detective. I served as such for two years and eight months on the force in your city: I left the city some time ago, about the first of last March, and when I again returned, about two months ago, I was arrested immediately upon my arrival. What was the cause or object of my arrest I am at a loss to understand. I was held over and presented to the Police Court, and the charge of carrying concealed weapons preferred against me. I pleaded guilty to the charge because I could not gainsay it, and was fined the exorbitant fine of $500. Why this is thus I fail to understand. I could not pay the fine, and, having no friends who could protect me, and no desire to go to the Work-house, I took hours and left the city. What else could I do? I am now here for the purpose of trying to have that fine remitted if possible, because in my business it is necessary that I should be here as elsewhere, and as to carrying weapons they are as necessary to me in my business as a warrant would be, and I can't afford to dispense with them. By publishing the above you will do justice to a man to whom you have inadvertently done an injustice. CHARLES W. PAGE.

Our Bulletin Map.

The map of Egypt displayed in front of the POST-DISPATCH office to-day, a copy of which is printed in this edition, attracted great attention. Crowds stood around it all day, studying the seat of war and refreshing their minds as to the places they had been reading about. The map is a large colored one, on a scale of five miles to an inch. It shows Egypt and the surrounding country very plainly, every point of any importance being marked and named. The possessions of the various countries, England, Austria, Russia, Turkey, etc., are indicated by miniature flags bearing the colors of the country, and stuck over the proper places. The British banner floating at Alexandria. The map is complete, accurate and very easily read, and elicited much favorable comment from the crowds that looked on it during the day.

Mr. Florence's Statement.

Mr. W. W. Florence, the husband of the woman upon whom Edwin Wright, the artist, made a cowardly attack last week, states that his wife has left his house without provocation and without his knowledge. Mr. Florence desires it to be understood that he has not the remotest connection with the Wright affair. The impression which somehow has got spread abroad that Mrs. Florence was driven from her home by her husband, he says, is entirely erroneous. Mr. Florence declares it to be his intention to apply for a divorce from his wife if she fails to make her whereabouts known to him immediately.

Not a Comprehensive Candidate.

ST. LOUIS, August 7, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In your issue of Saturday, August 5, 1882, your reporter states that if I should fail in getting the nomination for Sheriff, I would accept that for Clerk of the Criminal Court. As I am not a candidate for either position, the information your reporter received is incorrect and has led him to do me unintentional injustice. Yours respectfully, BERNARD P. TAAFFE.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage lices were granted this morning: Joseph Kramer and Josephine Becker; Daniel Histon and Jane Rogers; William H. Hamilton and Lucia H. Fox; Daniel Green and Louisa Jackson; James Weber and Ida Kessler; Charles Slagley and Irene White.

Divorces To-Day.

To-day's divorce grind included four cases. Mary against Jean Wassort, Charles against Belle Richardson, Mary against Jas. S. Davis, and Corena L. Jackson against Wm. S. Jackson.

ST. LOUIS, August 7, 1882.

I respectfully beg to inform my friends and patrons that I have severed my connection and business interest with the firm of B. H. Brownell, and have this day formed a co-partnership with Mr. H. A. Schmidt, artist tailor, at 519 Olive street. We will remove about the 21st inst., and open in our elegant and spacious quarters under the Southern Hotel, under the firm name of Schmidt & Frey.

Tendering my heartiest thank for the favors so graciously bestowed on me in the past, and soliciting in behalf of the new firm, a continuance of same,

I am, very cordially,

A. FREY.

ABOUT TOWN.

REV. JOHN D. VINCIL, Grand Masonic Secretary, will return to-morrow.

THE patrol wagon of the Third District made thirty runs during the week ending to-day.

THE Union Depot Warehouse Company elects the new directors to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

A GOLD watch, valued at $375, was stolen from the residence of Judge Henderson, at Clayton, yesterday.

THE Board of Directors of the Mechanics' Exchange met to-day at noon, but transacted only routine business.

ARTHUR PRICE, a friendless ten-year old, was committed to the House of Refuge by Mayor Ewing this morning.

WILLIAM Adams, a boiler-maker in the employ of the government, was jailed this morning on a charge of carrying concealed weapons.

THE examination of students for admission to the St. Louis University will begin August 21. The fifty-fourth session begins September 4.

THE Auditing Committee of the Board of Public Schools will meet this evening at 5 o'clock, and the School Board will meet to-morrow evening.

THE stockholders of the McPheeters Warehouse Company held a meeting at their office on Main street this afternoon, and elected officers and directors for the ensuing year.

CHARLES JOHNSON, colored, was trying to sell a pair of new shoes on the levee at noon to-day when arrested. The shoes are thought to have been stolen and await an owner at the Chestnut Street Station.

THE Edward Martin & Co. nine played the Beaumonts yesterday at the Athletics grounds, Nineteenth and Pine streets, in the presence of a large crowd. The Martin nine won easily by a score of 16 to 5.

AN inquest was held on the body of Martha Gapsel, a six-months-old child who died suddenly at her father's home on the Watson road early this morning. A verdict of cholera infantum was rendered.

THERE were forty-seven cases on the docket of the Second District Police Court today, but they were of no special interest. This is the smallest Monday docket in the Second District Police Court for some time.

MORRIS BARRY, a seven-year old boy living with his parents at No. 1320 Chestnut, was severely kicked by a horse in Clemens' livery stable at 10th and Market streets, receiving a dangerous, though not necessary fatal wound on the skull. The little fellow was playing among the horses when the accident happened. He was taken to his home.

CITY PERSONALS.

Col. A. H. Southwo th, Lockport, N. Y., hardware merchant, is at Hurst's.

John R. Thompson, Philadelphia, Pa., carriage manufacturer, stops at Hurst's.

Charles Lewis and bride, nee Fannie A. Stidges, have gone to Memphis on a pleasure trip.

Mr. Geo. T. Parker, secretary of the Scarritt Furniture Company, has returned from a month's vacation in the White Mountain.

Prof. E. W. McDonald will examine those who desire to enter the Missouri School of Mines. Call at No. 11 North Seventh steet.

Henry Bohn, Frank Straubinger and Henry Stolimann leave this evening on the steamer Gem City. They will be absent two weeks on a pleasure trip.

Gen. John J. Cavender arrived home this morning and spent a considerable portion of the day in answering questions about the Surveyorship of the port.

Moses Rumsey has returned home from a sojourn at the seashore, and L. M. Rumsey and family left last night for Lake Minnetonka, where they will occupy their private cottage for a couple of months.

Mrs. Irwin Z. Smith sailed August 3d, on the steamer Republic, for Europe, accompanied by her brother, Dr. Montrose A. Pallen, of New York. They will visit Ireland, Scotland, England and the Continent.

John R. Rollins and family, Salt Lake, Utah; Rev. A. J. Stoakes and party of eight ladies, school teachers, excursionists, left Hurst's last evening for Colorado, New Mexico and Montana, for pleasure and recreation.

A gold-headed ebony cane was presented by the employes of Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney to Mr. J. S. McInerny, the retiring manager of the silk and cloak department. Mr. McInerny leaves for San Francisco, where he will hereafter make his home.

J. H. Fitzgibbon, editor of the St. Louis Practical Photographer, accompanied by his wife, left the city yesterday to attend the National Photographic Association which meets to-day at Indianapolis. From thence they visit New York, Boston and the seashore.

Capt. D. C. Kennedy, editor of the Springfield Times-Leader, is spending the day in the city. He says that if ex-Gov. John S. Phelps would indicate a willingness to accept the Congressional nomination from Greene county, it would be unanimously tendered, notwithstanding there are already three Democratic candidates for the nomination.

Legal Notes.

Letters of administration were granted today to Caroline Altmann, administratrix of Anton H. Altmann, estate valued at $1,000.

The Public Administrator to-day took charge of the estates of John Connors, Robert Dickey and John McMahan.

John Goodin has filed suit to-day against the St. Louis Iron and Machine Works to recover $9,744 96 on account of a supply of pipes, valves and fittings.

J. R. Reavis was brought to town to-day from Stoddard county in custody of U. S. Deputy Marshal Wheeler, charged with selling tobacco without license. He is a farmer. The matter will be disposed of at the November term of the District Court.

Depositions in the suit of Mrs. Olive Marsh to set aside the divorce obtained by her husband, Henry L. Marsh, were resumed this afternoon. Mr. Marsh was cross-examined by his counsel, Geo. Reynolds, who showed that the usual course of publication was followed in his case, and there was no secrecy about it.

In the suit of the Bank of North America against ex-Gov. T. C. Fletcher, as a stockholder of the Illinois, Missouri and Texas Railroad, depositions were taken to-day before Notary Valle at the office of Hermann & Reyburn. George Reynolds represented ex-Gov. Fletcher, who testified that he had sold out his shares of stock in the road when the execution issued. At one time he owned 600 shares.

Killed by the Cars.

The Coroner was notified late this afternoon that a young man named Armstrong was run over in the Plum street yard by an engine and died an hour later at the Railroad Hospital.

Montufar and Blaine.

NEW YORK, August 7.—Senor Montufar, late Minister from Guatemala, has sent the press the following statement: Much has been said in regard to my resigning and of the purposes of the legation of Guatemala in Washington. I can not accept so many mistakes and so many errors, some of them rather grave, and I hasten to say that in the course of my conversations with Mr. Blaine neither money questions nor the union of Central America nor the annexation of any territory was mentioned.

It is true, I have proposed to him the mediation of the United States in the territorial differences between Guatemala and Mexico, and I went so far as to suggest to him means which could be adopted to obtain the said end. My resignation was not motived by anything published by the newspapers to this moment, but by the cause expressed in my letter of August 3 to Gen. Barrios.

[Signed] LORENZO MONTUFAR.

TELEPHONE office of the POST-DISPATCH, for the convenience of want advertisers, with Otto D'Amour, druggist, Broadway and Chambers streets.

The Gypsies' Dead Queen.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

A band of Gypsies recently encamped at the Mound-builders' fort, near Newark, Ohio. With them was the Gypsy queen, Emma Young, aged 33, traveling in a regal conveyance. Her home has been near Dayton, but she was obliged to travel on account of failing health, being a victim of consumption. Soon after stopping at the fort the health of the queen became alarming, and on the morning of the 28th ultimo the royal life terminated. Upon the death of her Highness her brother took to the woods, and has not yet returned. The body lies in state in a receiving vault at the City Cemetery, where it awaits a funeral fitting to the exalted position held by her, for which great preparations are being made.

Defects in Deep-Sea Cables.

From the London Times.

The Scotia has now been about two months in the Atlantic repairing the Brest St. Pierre cable for the Anglo-American Company, and she has recovered the cable in about 1,940 fathoms of water, repaired it, and put in sixty miles of new cable. She is now engaged in repairing the fault which has existed for some time in the cable near Brest. It is a great thing to do—to lift the cable, which has been down for twelve years in mid-Atlantic, and to repair it. The cable taken out was in very good condition, considering the long time it had been down, but there were traces of defects at short intervals of the cable, owing to some chemical action at the bottom of the sea.

WILKES BOOTH.

John McCullough's Recollection of the Assassin of Mr. Lincoln.

Geo. Alfred Townsend in San Francisco Chronicle.

John McCullough, the actor, several years after the assassination of Lincoln, came to Washington to play, and John T. Ford, who had owned the theater of which Booth had the free run and where he killed Lincoln, asked me to go around to Harvey's oyster-house and lunch with McCullough. I was endeavoring to discover some unsettled points about the murder of Lincoln.

I wanted Ford particularly to tell me where Booth had been hiding during the week that he remained on the Maryland side of the Potomac. Ford finally told me that Booth had been hidden on the farm of a man named Cox, a well-to-do Rebel, who had appointed a white man to carry food to him, and that he and Herold inhabited a brush hut or covering. Ford did not sympathize with Booth's crime, but thought he was a man of heroic fibre and was no common fellow.

McCullough has always been attached to the memory of Wilkes Booth. He said that Booth was a true man, a sincere friend, and undoubtedly a little insane. Said he: "I will give you two instances of Booth's insanity, setting in the direction of the capture of President Lincoln. I never was a horseback rider, but Booth had a wandering mind and love of physical excitement, and against my will he got me on a horse one day. Instead of taking me to the pleasant places around Washington, he rode into by-roads up along the Eastern Branch, and he would show me some uninteresting place and say: 'Now, Johnny, if a fellow was in a tight fix he could slip right out here, do you see?' 'Well,' said McCullough, 'when I leave Washington, I shall leave on the cars. I am all raw now with riding this old horse. For God's sake take me back to the hotel.' I have no doubt," continued the actor, "that he was then working out his long-intended scheme of seizing Lincoln's person and carrying him through Lower Maryland into the Rebel lines. At another time I came over from New York suddenly, and being in the habit of going right into Booth's room without knocking, I turned the knob and pushed straight in. At the first wink I saw Booth sitting behind a table on which was a map, a knife and a pistol. He had gauntlets on his hands, spurs on his boots and a military hat of a slouched character on his head. As the door opened he seized the knife and came for me. Said I, "John, what in the name of sense is the matter with you; are you crazy?" He heard my voice and arrested himself, and passed his hand berore his eyes like a man wiping away a dream, and then said, 'Why Johnny, how are you?' When I heard that it was he who killed Lincoln I thought that he had been at the time I describe ready to carry out the same purpose. It was at the time of Lincoln's second inauguration."

Mr. Ford then said to McCullough, "John, tell him about your telegraph dispatches with Booth."

McCullough hesitated, but finally said: "Well, here is the story: John Booth and myself were a great deal together in Washington City when I was acting in the stock at Ford's Theater. Booth played for my benefit, and was my warm friend. Society was pretty fast in those days of the war, and there were two young women in Washington who were enamored of Booth and myself. We used to meet them in Baltimore. They were of high connections, and their names required to be protected. We called them in our telegraph dispatches 'Jack' and 'Bob.' Sometimes Booth would telegraph me: 'Jack and Bob are here; come over.' Again, I would telegraph him: 'Jack wants you to bring Bob over.' Nearly all these dispatches were sent from Baltimore, which was only one hour's ride from Washington. I awoke one morning and read to my horror that Lincoln had been killed by Booth. I was in a distant part of the country. The next thing I read was that all the telegraph dispatches sent by or addressed to Booth had been seized in the telegraph office, and I knew that there were quite a number between Booth and me. I said to myself: 'How can I ever explain those dispatches? If I describe truthfully who the parties are I will give away two ladies. If I do not speak the truth I shall commit a perjury, and if I do not tell something they will hang me as one Booth's associates.' So I started for Canada and had to live there on $15 a week, which was all the salary I could get, until I could communicate after the excitement had subsided, with some influential persons and show them that my running away was not through any fear of political explanations, but of a personal explanation."

Perquisites of the Judges.

Washington Correspondent Philadelphia Press.

For high-toned perquisites, privileges and luxuries, the jolly old owls on the Supreme Court bench would take the premium at a world's fair—they would take the cake, the oven, the baker and the farmer's wheat field. In the first place every one of the Judges has a room in his house furnished by the Government luxuriously—a perfect library in itself. The walls are covered with rich book cases filled with law books of great value and usefulness, the floors are richly carpeted, a great, massive desk occupies the center of the room, morocco lounges and easy chairs invite you to repose, and the body servant is just without the door awaiting the tinkle of the silver bell. These, including the body servant, are paid out of Uncle Sam's pouch. If you go to dine with a Judge or a Secretary, an Assistant Secretary or an assistant anything, or a Senator, behind your chair you will probably find a waiter, paid for by the Government as a messenger or a laborer. Each Judge has his own man. The Supreme Court has more officers and men than any similar institution in the world thrice over. One thing the Judges have not, except on days of ceremony, and that is carriages. Many, indeed nearly all of them, drive their own private carriages, but in other respects they are about like Cabinet officers, except more so. With ten thousand dollars a year and pension when they retire, with a library, a body servant, three to six months' vacation every year, and the respect of all mankind, the Supreme Court Judges can walk along the flowery paths leading to old age with the jolly idea that they are lucky as well as wise.

Senator Cameron's Trousers.

Special to Chicago Times.

Senator Don Cameron has the reputation of being worth about $4,000,000. Everyone credits him with living with a liberality suitable to his position as a man of wealth and a supposed political leader. To-day he made something of a sensation in the Senate when he leaned over to talk with Senator Dawes. He bent very low, and his soft, gray coat, standing out straight, revealed two threadbare spots the size of teacups, around the edges of which were unmistakable darns, adorned the broadest part of his trousers. Senators could hardly believe what was so plainly presented to their gaze. Said one: "Can it be that Cameron is hard up and cannot afford a new pair of trousers? I wonder if all his money has gone into the Pennsylvania campaign?" Another suggested wickedly that Mr. Hubbell, who was present, should take some of the political funds collected by him and present Mr. Cameron with a new pair of trousers. It was urged that this would be a perfectly legitimate expenditure, because it would enable Mr. Cameron to present at least a respectable appearance if chance should place him upon the stump in Pennsylvania this fall.

No "Original Uncle Tom."

From the Indianapolis Times, August 3.

It has long been rumored, and by many believed, that Mrs. Stowe, author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," drew the character of Uncle Tom from an old negro who formerly lived here, and whom she met during her visits to her brother, the Rev. H. W. Beecher, while he resided in this city. In order to verify the story, if true, the editor of the Times wrote to Mrs. Stowe, calling her attention to the matter and asking for a statement of facts in regard to the origin of the character of Uncle Tom. Following is her reply:

SACO, July 27, 1882.

DEAR SIR—In reply to your inquiries, I will say that the character of Uncle Tom was not the biography of any one man. The first suggestion of it came to me while in Walnut Hills, Ohio. I wrote letters for my colored cook to her husband, a slave in Kentucky. She told me that he was so faithful to his master trusted him to come alone and unwatched to Cincinnati to market his farm produce. Now this, according to the laws of Ohio, gave the man his freedom, since if any master brought or sent his slave into Ohio he became free, de facto. But she said her husband had given his word as a Christian to his master that he would not take advantage of the law—his master promising him his freedom. Whether he ever got it or not I know not. It was some four or five years after when the Fugitive Slave law made me desirous of showing what slavery was that I conceived the plan of writing the history of a faithful Christian slave. After I had begun the story I got, at the Anti-Slavery Rooms in Boston, the autobiography of Josiah Henson, and introduced some of its most striking incidents into my story. The good people of England gave my simple, good friend Josiah enthusiastic welcome as the Uncle Tom of the story, though he was alive and well and likely long to live, and the Uncle Tom of the story was buried in a martyr's grave. So much in reply to your inquiries. I trust this plain statement may prevent my answering any more letters on this subject. Truly

H. B. STOWE.

QUEEN VIC.

What is Thought of the Old Lady in London.

London Cor. New York Sun.

Surrounded by a bevy of her grandchildren, the Queen consented to show herself at the garden party at Marlborough House. During her brief appearance she was continually walking about, leaning on her son's arm. It is said that her Majesty was not particularly pleased at her well-known wishes being disregarded on that occasion, and at the relaxation of etiquette in the matter of invitations. The Prince and Princess of Wales made their list, and issued three thousand cards, untrammelled by any consideration of previous presentations at drawing-room or levee as giving the entree. Many faces were seen happy and triumphant, either young and pretty, celebrated or unknown, whose names were unrecognized by the higher authorities who preside over the august rites of the Court of St. James, and decree who may have the privilege of kissing the sovereign's hand. Sometimes, however, notwithstanding the scrupulous severity of the monarch, a black sheep enters the fold, or, more accurately, a wolf clothed in the immaculate fleece cast over the intruder by the sponsorship of a dweller in the sacred precincts. Then a low murmur of disapproval hisses through the noble crowd; some lcy shoulders are turned on the delinquent, the cardinal virtues are reproved, the Lord Chamberlain is held responsible, the Royal Lady frowns and the too ambitious subject is gently warned that she shall never again do homage at that shrine. The ranks of the veterans draw closer, and a higher tone of exclusiveness prevails to atone for the passing weakness; while among her set in a distant town, unmindful of the humiliation that closed this part of her social career, the halo of that smuggled presentation will linger around the unscrupulous free lance who risked and played her all for such a stake.

In her drives from railway station to palace—her only public appearance in her good city of London—the Queen is closely guarded and watched over. A detachment of horse surrounds the carriage, and an extra body of police are stationed along the road. Is it thus that in the nineteenth century, under a constitutional government, in a country proud of its monarchical institutions, the sovereign should pass among her people? A solemn silence generally receives the advent of the cortege, broken here and there by the jeering voice of a street Arab in shrill denunciation, or a derogatory appellation is buried from the knife board of an omnibus. No reverence is shown to the royal occupant, who flashes past in the glitter of drawn swords, or at is lifted before the waxen, set, solemn face to the lady, who, through the measured tramp of the escort, might catch such words as "Go it, Browny!" "Ta ta, Brown—can't part with him!" "Oh, not for Joe!" implying a perfect understanding of the unwavering protection extended to the glitte stately behind his royal mistress.

Dick Turpin No Hero.

London Letter to Cincinnati Enquirer.

Everybody has read about Dick Turpin who was executed, not as has been supposed for gallant robberies, but for the lower crime of horse-stealing. Instead of being an elegant fellow with an impulsive heart, Turpin was a low wretch, petty, selfish, common and brutal. The late Mr. Ainsworth made him a prominent character of "Rookwood." In reality he was a farmer's son in the County of Essex, east of London, sent to a common school, and apprenticed to a butcher in Whitechapel, the worst end of London City, and there he became noted for his brutal disposition, his love of fighting, tackling people and cudgeling his horse. When his apprenticeship expired he married a young woman and returned to Essex county at Eastham, and started the butchering business; and it occurred to him that he had better steal cattle than buy them, and so he deliberately sold in his shop the cattle of his neighbors; and when two oxen were traced to him and a warrant obtained, he jumped out of the back windows of his house as the officers entered the front door, and this made him an outlaw, his wife furnishing him with money to join a gang of smugglers on the coast. This gang was broken up by the Custom-house officers very soon; and then Turpin went to deer-stealing in Epping Forest, which lies to the northeast of London, and in it were several fine parks of gentlemen, containing deer. This business was not remunerative, and the band resolved to be housebreakers; and while one of them knocked at the door the others would rush in as soon as it was opened and make away with whatever they could lay their hands on. In the course of these adventures they heard of an old woman in a village who kept about £800 in her house, and when she came to the door they forced their way in, tied her and her maid, and Turpin told the old woman he would set her on fire if she did not reveal where the money was. She, refusing, was actually placed on the fire and kept there till her tormenting pains made her point out where she had concealed her gold, and they stole £400 and ran away. This entirely disposes of the romantic origin of Dick Turpin.

The Champagne Cork Fraud.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The amateur wine drinker who is not certain of his judgment will always examine the cork of a bottle of champagne before passing his opinion as to the merits of the wine. When he discovers that the manufacture of bogus corks with choice brands burned or stamped upon them is a regular business, the youthful gourmand will be put to his wits' end to keep up his reputation as a judge. In Philadelphia most of the large restaurants and big hotels carefully preserve the corks taken from choice brands of champagne and sell them to the careful dealers, who stuff them in New Jersey and California correspondents. The corks are then returned in bottles of domestic champagne. The cork always settles a dispute as to the quality of champagne wine, unless the drinkers have highly cultivated palates, and the advantage of always having his corks as well as his labels "cooked" is too manifest for the thrifty wine merchant or restaurateur to overlook. The business of procuring these corks has, therefore, become a very extensive one. The hotel waiters save them up as carefully and retail them at from two to four cents each.

A MAD ELEPHANT.

Barnum's Elephant "Emperor" Goes on a Big Hurrah.

Troy (N. Y.) Special to N. Y. Herald.

Last night, after ten o'clock, the large elephant Emperor, of Barnum's circus, refused to follow the other animals across the railroad bridge in the upper part of the city. He turned and started down River street, followed by three smaller elephants. The keepers and policemen gave chase, but the elephants ran faster than a horse could, and going through the principal business and residence part of the town continued in company until they reached Adams street. At this point Emperor was attracted by the light in the Rensselaer Rail Mill, and, dashing through the open passage, entered the lower rooms. He was followed by his companions. A panic ensued among the workmen, who hid in every possible place until the huge beasts had taken their departure, Emperor staying the longest, and on his way out knocked down Michael Casey and a lady who was with him. They received a rough shock. When Emperor got outside he stepped on some red hot rails which had just come from the rolls, and, giving an awful roar of pain, started up Madison street. When Emperor reached First street he was smarting with pain from his burns, and seeing Patrick Maher he hit him in the stomach with his trunk, knocking him out of time. The beast continued across vacant lots, and near the corner of Van Buren and first streets came slowly behind Patrick Burns and threw him over an embankment. Mrs. Burns was also knocked down. Lizzie Prentice, in trying to get out of the animal's way, fell and was seriously hurt. The enraged elephant turned into Second street and ran down as far as Tyler street. On his way he picked up a barrel and threw it through a barn. Turning into Tyler street he saw Michael Minehan, fifty-two years old, smoking a pipe, and tossed him against a fence, knocking several board into splinters. Mr. Minehan has three broken ribs, an injured spine and a body that is black and blue with bruises. He feels comfortable to-day, but suffers from internal injuries. Emperor continued down Union street to Polk, where he met Edward Burke. He tossed him in the air, sprained his arm and hands, tore his clothes and badly bruised his body.

The huge beast continued on his way to the steel works. Mrs. Langly was standing in the door of her husband's saloon, and Emperor, making a rush, caught her around the body with his trunk. David Murphy was standing by, and, pulling out a revolver, discharged the weapon. He was so excited that he missed the beast, which, thoroughly frightened, scampered down the track to the steel works. Mrs. Langly went into convulsions, and her friends for a time despaired of her recovery. To-day she is better, but still very nervous and excited. Continuing his erratic course, Emperor next came into contact with Patrick Molten, whom he picked up and threw against a door. Mrs. Molten had her eight months old baby in her arms, and as she ran for the door the elephant struck her with his trunk and threw her up seven steps of the first flight of stairs. The baby had a miraculous escape from injury. Molten's left shoulder is dislocated. Emperor next saw John Mara and knocked him down. A rod further on Jerry Barlow was standing in his doorway and was knocked down. Mara had two ribs broken and is thought to be ruptured. The elephant then entered the brilliantly lighted steel works, walking over several red-hot steel "blooms." Maddened with pain he ran rapidly to the river, jumped in and swam to Burden's blast furnace, half a mile away. His burns caused him frightful pain, and landing at Burden's he knocked a fence into splinters and rushed into the mill. The men were startled, and the enraged beast, howling, terrifically, chased them around. Emperor slashed around with his trunk, throwing fragments of iron all over the place, and then made his way up Main street. Over fences and through fields he tore until he reached St. Joseph's Cemetery. By this time the people of the entire section of the city knew that the elephant was loose, and they proceeded en masse to the cemetery.

Showers of missiles caused the elephant to retire. He retired to a neighboring oat-field and remained there until this morning, when he allowed his keeper to approach him and permitted a rope to be passed over his neck. He was led through the streets to the place from which he started on his runaway freak. Not one of his victims heard his approach, and as none of them expected such an adversary no was able to take them unawares. It is reported that Emperor is the circus elephant that has killed several people and caused trouble in different places. His trainer, while reticent on this point, admitted that Emperor's temper is very ugly. He said it would not be safe to keep him on the road another season.

When Emperor ran away from his comrades at the Rensselaer Iron Works the other elephants ran toward the river and one jumped in. After swimming a short distance he was glad to get out. His keeper tied him to a tree and captured the other two. The one that was tied managed to get his foot loose and the three scampered off again. They tore down the fence at the German Catholic Church and cut up other capers. They were finally captured and conveyed to Green Island.

Try Our Ten Cent Want Column.

LEGAL.

ESTATE OF HENRY EISBERG, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Henry Eisberg,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the twenty-third day of June, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23d day of June, 1882.

GEORGE W. BAUMHOFF,
Administrator of Henry Eisberg, deceased.

961

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF JAMES JORDAN, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to the heirs at law of James Jordan that he died at the house of Mrs. Quigley, No. 1406 Clark avenue, in the city of St. Louis, on or about the 7th day of October, 1881. He was about 40 years old, about 5 feet 7 inches high, had blue eyes, fair complexion, was very baldheaded, had a mustache, slender build, weight about 140 lbs. He was an Englishman by birth, and a carpenter by trade; supposed to have been last related in Northern Illinois or Wisconsin. He left an estate consisting of accounts, $106 67; notes, $167 97; goods and chattels, $60 50; cash, $45; a house and lot No. 2761 Division street, in said City of St. Louis (this has been sold by the administrator to pay debts).

For further information apply to

BARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator, and as such in charge of James Jordan's estate.

St. Louis, Mo., June 15, 1882. 881

The Very Cheapest, Our Ten Cent Wants.

DIED.

SHEA—Died August 7th, at 11 a. m., ROBERT SHEA, aged 32 years.

Due notice of the funeral will be given in morning papers.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Woman can Sympathize with Woman.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humor there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this Paper.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

TRY OUR TEN CENT WANT COLUMN.

"THE SOUTHERN,"

On Walnut, Elm, Fourth and Fifth Streets.

NEW AND THOROUGHLY FIREPROOF

Kept on the American or European plan. Elegant Restaurant on Fourth street. Special advantages to Commercial men. Conducted by the Southern Hotel Company.

CHAS. P. WARNER, General Manager.

ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB

How Turkish Houris and Parisian Ladies Preserve Their Beauty.

Returning from the Orient, we offer to the ladies of America the most jealously guarded secret of the Turkish harems. We refer to THE ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB, or Gerbya, which brightens the eyes and preserves the beauty and freshness of youth to an advanced age, clearing the complexion of all blemishes, such as Pimples, Wrinkles, sallowness, Freckles, etc., and giving it the transparency and loveliness of the rose.

Face powders and lotions are injurious, and give

THE VERY CHEAPEST, OUR TEN CENT WANTS.

PRESTON & MERRILL'S INFALLIBLE Yeast Powder

PERFECTLY PURE, and is the Strongest, Cheapest, and Most Healthful Bread Preparation made.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

SSS CURES SYPHILIS IN ANY STAGE; CATARRH! ECZEMA! OLD SORES! PIMPLES! OR ANY SKIN DISEASES! CURES SKIN DISEASES! SCROFULA! AND Mercurial or Syphilitic RHEUMATISM!

Cures when HOT SPRINGS Fail!

MALVERN, ARK., May 2, 1881.
We have cases in our town who lived at Hot Springs and were finally cured with S. S. S.
McCAMMON & MURRY.

If you doubt, come to see us, and we will CURE YOU of your trouble. Write for particulars, and a copy of the little book. (Free.)

$1,000 Reward will be paid to any chemist who will find, on analysis of 100 bottles S. S. S., one particle of Mercury, Iodine Potassium, or any mineral substance.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
Price: Small size, $1.75 per bottle. Large size, $1.75 per bottle.

A POSITIVE CURE!
Without Medicines.
ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED BOUGIES,
Patented October 16 1876 One box
No. 1 will cure any case in four days or less.
No. 2 will cure the most obstinate case, no matter of how long standing
No nauseous doses of cubebs copaiba or oil of sandalwood. 250 that are sure to produce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of the stomach.
Price, $1.50. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. For further particulars send for circular. P. O. Box 1,553.
ALLAN CO., 83 John street, New York

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.,
A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been long engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis as city papers show and all old residents know. Mercurial and other affections of the Throat, Nose, Skin and Bones, Blood Impurities and Blood Poisons, Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Nervous Debility, Piles. Especial attention to cases arising from overworked brain, consultation at office or by mail free and invited. Pamphlet free. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES. FINE PICTURES.
Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it, then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail, in money or postage.

DR. WOOD—Many years practice experience. Cures all chronic DISEASES of male or female, no matter how SERIOUS or long standing in less time and for LESS MONEY than any other physician. Every case guaranteed; best-seen confident'al. Office private. No. 619 Locust st. Call or write. Hours 8 to 8 daily. P. S.—Female pills and rubber bandaging in market.

DIED. ...7th., at 11 a.m., ROBER... ...ral will be given in mornin...

...KHAM, OF LYNN, MASS. ...he ...ery ...apest, ...ur ...een ...nts.

NOT ADULTERATED. NOT EXTENDED. INFALLIBLE YEAST POWDER. Health of Woman is the House of the Race.

...PINKHAM'S ...E COMPOUND. ...ositive Cure ...Complaints and Weaknesses ...heir female population. ...the worst forms of Female Complaints, Inflammation and Ulceration, and the consequent ...is particularly adapted to the ...

...rper tumors from the uterus in ...opment. The tendency to cancerous ...checked very speedily by its use. ...stinctly, destroys all craving ...aves weakness of the stomach. ...aches, Nervous Prostration, ...lessness, Depression and Indi...

...g down, causing pain, weight ...permanently cured by its use. ...under all circumstances act in ...that govern the female system. ...complaints of either sex this ...d.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND ...ld at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, ...x, Mass. Price $1 per bottle or ... for $5. Sent by mail ...d in the form of lozenges, on ...ipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham ...ly of inquire. Send for pamph... *Mention this paper.*

...ould LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S ...ure constipation, biliousness, ...ity. 25 cents per box. ...ld by Druggists.

...ENTAL ...Y HERB

...and Parisian Ladies ...eir Beauty.

...nt, we offer to the ladies ...ly guarded secret of the ...ir to THE ORIENTALS ...ly retains the ...ty and freshness of youth ...ling, the complexion of all ...Wrinkles, callousness, ...it the transparency and ...

...s are injurious, and give ...the skin, while this herb ...ly harmless, acting as ...and gives that crowning ...of Oriental softness and ...l beauty. Price $1 BOX

...LL DRUGGISTS.

...N. second st., and ...Main st., St. Louis, Mo., ...mail by addressing D. ...Ch Louis, Mo.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Eliza Barnum and Evander W. Barnum and against Abraham Covert Barnum,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, with improvements thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

One tract of land situated in said city of St. Louis and composed of the following lots in what is known as Cone Brilliante addition, to wit: Lots twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), thirty-three (33) and thirty-four (34) fronting on the east side of King's Highway and extending through to the west line of Caroline avenue, each lot containing about two and 60-100 acres, with a dwelling-house and outbuildings on lot thirty-three (33).

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants in and to the lots and to the above described property, with improvements thereon, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 20, 1882. 40K

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julius E. Braunsdorf is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway, in city block 1935, 32 feet 10 inches in width and 157 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 to 10 in block 1 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Bryan, on the east by Fourth street, on the south by real estate of one Kortkamp, on the west by Broadway.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 74L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William O. Christy, John V. Cornell, James Christy, Clemens Christy, Josiah Amanda E. Christy and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Winnebago street, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 and 11 in block 3 in Phillips' addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 77L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John De Haan is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Sophia street, in city block 1417, 42 feet 8 inches in front or width and 144 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lot 8 in Labarre and Lynch's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Parrick O'Neil, on the east by an alley, on the west by Sophia street.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 76L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Patrick Higgins is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Leach street, in city block 1935, 30 feet in front or width and 163 feet 10½ inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 to 10 in block 1 in Bryan's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 73L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Sautim is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Phillips avenue, each 25 feet in front or width, and 122 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lots 16 and 11 in block 2 in Philips' addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 75L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Sautim is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, 45 feet in front or width and 200 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 74L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Amanda E. Christy and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Winnebago street, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 and 11 in block 3 in Phillips' addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 77L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Sautim is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, 45 feet in front or width and 200 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 78L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margret J. Burch, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 79L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margret J. Burch, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, 45 feet in front or width and 200 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 80L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Maggie J. Sugg—unknown children of Maggie J. Burch, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, 45 feet in front or width and 200 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 81L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margret J. Burch, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, 45 feet in front or width and 200 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 82L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margret J. Burch, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, 45 feet in front or width and 200 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 83L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margret J. Burch, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, 45 feet in front or width and 200 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 84L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margret J. Burch, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

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No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

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Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 85L

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SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 80
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

Telephone Offices of the Post-Dispatch.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid-day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. GEISLER, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. JONES & CO., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
OTTO D'AMOUR, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers Street.
JNO. W. O'BRIEN, Druggist, 1757 Cass Avenue.
J. W. TOMPKINS, Pharmacist, Eighteenth and Benton Streets.
WM. R. GRANT, Druggist, 2342 Olive Street.
H. F. A. SPILKER, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. M. GOOD, Druggist, 2348 Olive Street.
GEO. WEINBERG, Apothecary, Marion and Menard Streets.
THOS. S. GLENN, Druggist, 2338 Washington Ave.
CHAS. GULATH, Druggist, 2612 Carondelet Ave.
ADOLPH PFEIFFER, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury Streets.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Business Department	621
Editorial Rooms	501

☞ *This paper has on each day of publication twice as large a circulation in the city of St. Louis as any other paper published. Our books are open and all advertisers are specially invited to examine them.*

So far as we are advised, all is quiet on the Nile to-day.

THE English have had their Bull Run in Egypt. For particulars address the Sixtieth Rifles.

WE do not find the name of T. T. CRITTENDEN in the editorial columns of the *Republican* this morning. The thing begins to have an ominous look.

IT is the opinion of our Board of Improvements that we ought to have a system of public baths in St. Louis. If we had decently paved streets there wouldn't be so much necessity for bathing.

WE print to-day a map of Egypt which is minute and absolutely accurate. The war over there seems to have begun in earnest, and this map will prove convenient for reference. Cut it out and lay it away.

WITHOUT waiting for adjournment, a large number of Congressmen have retreated from Washington, and are now rated on the books as deserters. All that they wanted was the "swag" of the River and Harbor appropriation bill.

THE New York *Sun* has another Presidential ticket for 1884. It is CHESTER A. ARTHUR and JOHN JAMES INGALLS (of Kansas) on a platform of "no ROBESON and no Robbing." We can find one hundred thousand better men to run on the same platform.

A SON of GARIBALDI has gathered up some friends and has gone over to Egypt to assist ARABI PASHA. It is the mission of the GARIBALDI family to mingle in every international disturbance that it can hear of. In this instance the son of the old patriot is on the right side.

ALL praise is being bestowed upon the English marines and infantry who participated in the reconnoissance and skirmish near Alexandria the other day. The Queen's troops retreated with great coolness and ability and they shot an Egyptian who had climbed a tree to improve his facilities for observation.

A YOUNG lady named LILLIE DARST edits a paper and writes poetry at Circleville, O., and the Cincinnati *Commercial* nominates her for Congress in the Eighth District. Unless LILLIE has been in the newspaper business so long that she has lost all her maidenly modesty we wouldn't advise sending her to Congress until after dirty BEN. BUTTERWORTH has been retired.

IT will be observed that in the dispatches the English always speak of the poor, patriotic wretches who are fighting for self-government in Egypt as "rebels." That's the way they used to talk about us when we were kicking against the tea tax. Everybody is a "rebel" in the estimation of John Bull who sets up any sort of opposition to any sort of scheme that he happens to have on hand.

THERE is one home production which the Protection policy develops to an amazing extent, and that is—cheek. The manufacturers of bicycles have appeared before the Tariff Commission and demanded the imposition of a duty that will exclude the foreign article from competition with the home-made abomination. A constitutional amendment forbidding the manufacture or sale of bicycles will sweep the country. A Protective duty of that sort will receive the support of the POST-DISPATCH.

[illegible] work of proclaiming [illegible] progressing favorably at Constantinople. [illegible] feeling prevails [illegible] talesmen are occasionally [illegible] This is probably due to the influence of LEW WALLACE at the Porte. He is a Humorist and he has doubtless been regaling the Sultan with some of those Wabash jokes that are so effective in the hands of BAYLESS W. HANNA. He has pitched the key for the boys, so to speak.

THE appointment of Mr. JOHN A. DILLON, of this city, as Secretary of the American Legation in Mexico is one that reflects credit on the Administration. Mr. DILLON is a gentleman of culture and literary ability, and he is in no sense a politician or office-seeker. The appointment was made, it seems, without solicitation on his part. Mr. DILLON was for several years an editorial writer on the *Globe-Democrat*, and that paper picks for itself a compliment out of the recognition which has finally come to him at the hands of the Government. The POST-DISPATCH also feels highly complimented. Mr. DILLON created and founded the vigorous end of our paper, and in selecting him as an attache of our Mexican Legation the President, no doubt, intended in some way to recognize our journalistic talent and enterprise.

FEMALE EXTRAVAGANCE.

The growth of female extravagance in dress, as the shop-keepers have had recent occasion to note, was not checked by the short crops of last year. No matter what other lines of business shrunk in a way to show that people were constrained to curtail expenditures, there was no stagnation, no sign of dullness in lines of trade supplying the decorative taste of the ladies of the land. In no country on the earth has the rage for costly female adornment been carried so far or been so generally diffused through all classes and conditions of life as in this great Republic. As a proof of the proud and generous regard or indulgent fondness with which we, as a people, treat a woman, there is something rather commendable to American manhood in this. But there are grave reasons for mistrusting that we are carrying it too far as a national fashion, and that it is producing more demoralization and misery than some forms of vice which are credited with most of the crimes and tragedies of our social life. The drunkard, who has no one dependent on him or to be disgraced by him, is regarded as a nuisance, upon whom sympathy is thrown away, while society is stirred to its profoundest depths of feeling over the ways and means of saving the inebriate, whose vice brings want and shame and sorrow upon his innocent family. But who can deny that much of this vice, and many of the crimes incident to the expensiveness of our present mode of life, are directly caused by the struggles of men to adorn their domestic goddesses according to the prevailing fashion? In this country of universal equality, nothing which any one can flaunt in the shape of equipage or social insignia is considered too good for any one else, and the hired girl's dream is about the means that will enable her to rival her mistress in dress. The gauds and gorgeous raiment which a man lavishes on his wife and daughters are becoming in general estimation almost the sole test of his affection and of his merit as a husband and father. Not only his social standing outside, but even his domestic peace and happiness at home, are made to depend too much on his ability to minister to the sumptuousness without which his womankind cannot be content. It is in his relations with women that every man garners up all his hopes in life, and what will he not do, what desperate chances will he not take to cherish those home smiles without which life is a barren and weary desert?

This is the secret of that intense pursuit of money and rapid growth of luxury which are producing both social and political demoralization throughout the land. The best thing our rich people can do for their kind and country is to set an example of simplicity, plainness and solid comfort in their mode of life, and it is the women who must begin it. They are responsible for the opposite extreme, and it is in their power to cure society of a rapidly culminating disease by ceasing to imitate the demi-monde of ancient Rome and modern Paris.

It is possible that we waste as much money on unnecessary female adornment in this country as we waste on stimulants. The millinery people all admit that there is greater demand for high-priced goods now than ever before. They do not pretend to carry cheap stocks such as were in vogue ten years ago. Everything tends to finery and luxury. Our impulsive and emotional women are always active in reform movements. The Prohibitionists find in them now the strongest and most persistent allies. Perhaps if we could have Dress Reform about this time the sum of human misery and sin would be decreased. Gentlemen who have been driven to the flowing bowl and bankruptcy by big millinery bills might check up and take a more satisfactory view of life if the fashion of plain dressing were once established. How does this strike Miss FLORA MCFLIMSEY, anyhow?

A WRITER in the Plattsburg *Lever*, who seems to have dabbled with vital statistics to some purpose, says:

The columns of the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH are largely filled with articles against Prohibition. It oversees that which lies just under its nose, patent to most people. That the liquor traffic is guilty of 81 per cent of all the crimes, 90 per cent of all the poverty and misery, 95 per cent of the annual taxation, and plunging into drunkards' graves over sixty thousand people yearly. More than this, more than wasting seven hundred millions of dollars for alcoholic drinks, which money, under Prohibition, would be used in other and more honest industries.

We like the confident way in which all enthusiastic advocates of reform sling figures about. We have no means of demonstrating that the liquor traffic is not responsible for eighty-one per cent of the crimes of this country. We might assert that forty per cent of crime is due to dyspepsia brought on by pie and hot bread or is the direct result of defective brain organization brought about by the indiscriminate mating of scrofulous, deformed and feeble people. But if asked for the proofs we would have to fall back on our inner consciousness, and that might not be worth much in a square heel and toe argument. We do not believe that sixty thousand people plunge into drunkards' graves in this country every year, but how are we going to disprove it? Certainly a great number of people shorten their lives by an overindulgence in liquors, but a vast army goes plunging down to death every year by reason of the very immoderate use of tobacco and opiates and through gormandizing and tight lacing. A great many valuable lives may be prolonged by alcohol, for all we know. Nearly every day we encounter some individual who claims to have cured himself of consumption by a heroic use of whisky. Still we believe the temperance people to be right when they assert that a vast percentage of crime, debt, taxation and death is due to alcohol. We recognize the evil, and we only differ as to to the best method of dealing with it. Thousands of lives are lost in this country every year through a reckless use of firearms. Vicious people are induced to commit crime simply because they have the facilities provided them in the shape of rifles and pistols. Does anybody propose to stop the manufacture and sale of firearms? We have millions of dollars invested in the business in this country, and yet, in these times of profound peace, there is really no necessity for a pistol manufactory on American soil. We don't know whether this point will strike the average Prohibitionist, but we make it in the best possible spirit, and propose to let it go for what it is worth.

WE have a good-natured card from Dr. LAWS, President of the State University, today. We might say that it is a facetious card, for the Doctor kindly asks us to publish his debilitating address delivered last spring before the Missouri Editorial Association at St. Joseph. This by way of answer to our inquiry as his to views on the subject of State Rights. The Doctor is mistaken in the idea that we have a department devoted to "stale matter." We have no such corner in the POST-DISPATCH. Everything that we print is fresh, and has a special bearing on the age in which we live. It was through fear that we had misinterpreted the Doctor's address that we were led to ask him for a brief and concise statement of his views on the question of Secession. We have read his address several times, and if we should print it in full we should doubtless fall into the way of misinterpreting it again. We have quoted from it liberally, but the construction that we placed upon the language has not been satisfactory to either himself or his friends. The address is entirely too "stale" for our columns, but, if the Doctor feels that it is a part of his duty, as the head of a State University, to teach politics as well as sound morals and mathematics, we will provide him with a reasonable amount of space in which to set forth his views touching the late rebellion and the present attitude of the States toward the Federal Government. The weather is warm, and we wouldn't advise an essay of either great length or profundity. Something short and plain for family use is what is wanted.

WE don't amount to much as a sea-going naval power but when it comes to torpedoes we lead the world. Our school at Newport is constantly developing new and terrible sub marine instruments of destruction. Last week experiments were made there with a torpedo designed by J. C. MCLEAN, of the Navy, for blowing up an enemy's vessel approaching the coast. A launch was sent out by means of electricity, no one being on board, and was made, by the use of one electric wire, to do eight different things, among which were to start, stop, back, go to port and starboard, and to drop and fire mines and countermines, which were rigged at the ends of spars placed on each side of the launch's bow. Lieutenant Commander ROYAL B. BRADFORD, who was at a key-board on shore, had perfect control of the launch by the aid of one wire. The electrical part of the experiment was in charge of Lieutenant Commander CALDWELL, who was in the electrical building at the torpedo station, which was at a long distance from the building where the key-board was located. Capt. J. O. SELFRIDGE's device for protecting a ship from an enemy's torpedoes, which may be planted at the the entrance to a harbor, was also shown and successfully experimented with. So long as we can sit at piano keys on shore and blow up hostile vessels as fast as they heave in sight it is hardly worth while to squander millions in fitting out war-ships for the benefit of contractors and political thieves.

COL. MCMICHAEL, the raging "Jibbenainosay" of the Missouri Prohibitionists, smiles all over the last issue of his paper about the way in which the Democrats of Missouri were frightened into a surrender to the intemperate Prohibitionists in the late State Convention. MCMICHAEL spares no pains to demonstrate that he is one part Democrat and nineteen parts Prohibitionist. He has been guilty of several acts of treason to the party of late and it is doubtful whether he will be allowed to sit in another Democratic State Convention. If Gen. SHANNON DOUGLASS had command of the party now, we feel confident that he would be court-martialed and drummed out of camp.

ON Sturday last Mr. CHARLES GREEN succeeded in electing his Board of Directors for the Fair Association almost without opposition. The formality of re-electing himself to the Presidency of his own organization will now be solemnly gone through with. The proceedings thus far, we are pleased to say, are regular and legal. When JAY GOULD secures the controlling interest in a railway corporation his election to the Presidency follows as a matter of course. Mr. GREEN is in the St. Louis Fair Association purely as a speculator, and, as the enterprise is his own, he has a right to conduct it in his own way. In about five years the Fair Association will be out of debt—no money being spent in the meantime for improvements—and then GREEN and his talented associates will rip up the institution and sell out the real estate for building lots. His agents will be at work soon talking up a biz Exposition for St. Louis. Our merchants are half inclined to follow the example of Cincinnati and organize an Exposition which will run a month each year instead of a week. When this scheme is fairly set under way our great Fair, which has been the pride and glory of the city for years, will be a thing of the past.

IT seems that the sister of GUITEAU is determined to convince the American public that insanity runs in her family. She has now brought suit against her husband, GEORGE SCOVILLE, for divorce, alleging that on a certain occasion he shook her violently and twisted her arm. She claims that he has "made her life miserable." The husband will probably be able to prove on trial that his charming wife has contributed somewhat toward making his life anything but a joe along primrose paths. Poor SCOVILLE is entitled to much sympathy. He was dragged into the GUITEAU case simply as a matter of family duty. He made a splendid defense for the brutish assassin, and received nothing for it but blame and curses. At the end he found himself impoverished, his business broken up and his erratic wife tramping about the country with his children reviling his name. His library—the tools whereby he earned his livelihood—was taken from him by his wife while he was in Washington and pawned. It would seem that a divorce from such a woman would be something in the nature of a blessing.

A DISPATCH from Washington City announces that as soon as the Star Route cases are disposed of the Hon. S. W. DORSEY will devote himself to the destruction of the Denver *Tribune*. The *Tribune* is a Republican newspaper of loyal teadencies, but it has a playful habit of occasionally referring to Mr. DORSEY as a Thief. As Mr. DORSEY is the Secretary of the National Republican Committee, this conduct on the part of the Denver paper is highly reprehensible. It amounts to rank insuberdination and borders on treason. But if Mr. DORSEY should happen to be recommended to retire to a convenient penitentiary at the close of the Star Route trials we presume he would postpone his contemplated vengeance against the prejudiced Denver sheet to an indefinite period. There is no likelihood, however, that Mr. DORSEY will be seriously inconvenienced by these trials.

A TELEGRAM from Constantinople makes this important mention:

Von Hirschfeld, German representative, has received the decoration of the order of Medjidie of the first class, and Losta, first interpreter to the German embassy, the decoration of the order of Osmanli of the second class. Other decorations have been bestowed upon almost all members of the German embassy.

A Turkish decoration is worth about as much as a 306 medal. They are purchased by Englishmen in Constantinople along with other articles of merchandise. Fourth-class newspaper correspondents have even been known to secure the second-class decoration of the Osmanli.

DID not the States create the Federal Government, and is not he creator greater than the thing created?—[Palmyra (Mo.) Spectator.

We believe this is a favored theory with some of the Profound Thinkers in the back districts but the boys who were with Gen. LEE at Appomattox Court-house don't care particularly about hearing it discussed.

Have you read the Want columns?

PERSONAL.

—"The Minister's Wooing" is the title of a well-known novel. It is not known when the sequel, "A Parishioner's Shotgun," will be issued.

—Lucy Stone wants men to pay women the same wages as men receive. Lucy keeps a servant girl and pays her $2 per week, instead of $12.

—There is only one Waterloo man now among the inn-pensioners at Chelsea Hospital. He is ninety seven. The Prince and Princess of Wales lately visited him.

—Miss Annie Louise Cary—Mrs. Raymond—has so far recovered her voice that she delights the boarders of the Atlantic House, Cape Elizabeth, every evening.

—Mr. Arthur, being a renowned fisherman, may have vetoed the river and harbor bill because of his honest opinion that the improvements named in the bill would certainly scare the fish.

—It has been discovered that Henry Ward Beecher settled in full with his gardner some months before the latter's decease. This is certainly fortunate, as the gentlemen are not likely to meet again.

—Mr. Bjornsen is the musical name of the gentleman who will warble tenor ballads in the intervals of Christine Nilsson's retirement. Let us hope Mr. Bjornsen will not attempt "Bjombarrassment" or "Bjood-by Bjweetheart."

—Some of these Monday mornings after the gifted Administration has been up all night on a spree with the New York boys the country will wake to find itself in the grip of a bleareyed dictator crowned with a crash towel full of pounded ice.—[Atlanta Constitution.

—It is said that Arabi Pasha is not an Egyptian, but a Greek and used to be office-boy or clerk for a firm of Greek merchants in Liverpool. His name should be spelled Oorabi. He was quite a dandy, spoke French, German and English well, and was fond of shooting.

—Miss Mamie Hatchett, the North Carolina young lady about whom Messrs. Addison and Garland recently fought a duel which resulted in the former's death, lived at Sassafras Fork. The young men in the case seemed to have resided on Bitter Creek, pretty well up the stream.

—Etiquette in Germany forbids the carrying of parcels, no matter how small, by a gentleman. Under an immense pressure of necessity a lady may take home in her own hands a small purchase or carry a book or roll of music to the house of a friend, though she takes also, in doing so, a terrible social risk. When a dressmaker comes to try on a little walking-jacket a small boy must needs walk behind bearing the garment on his arm. An officer can not, under any circumstances, carry anything when in uniform.

Have you read the Want columns?

A Card From Dr. Laws.

COLUMBIA, BOONE CO., MO., July 31, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

My attention has been called to paragraphs in your issue of July 24 and 29, making references to myself. These paragraphs, it will be observed, refer to me in the third person, and as there has been no editorial call upon me, publicly or privately, there would not seem to be any special reason for my regarding them otherwise than as editorial squibs for effect. If, however, "it means business," allow me to suggest respectfully that the best way to meet the proposal is to publish the address entire. In it, I "define" sovereignty in general, and State sovereignty in particular, and take incidental notice of the bearing of the subject on "the late rebellion in the South." This is precisely what you ask for; and after you have published it I will take pleasure in promptly and concisely answering any reasonable inquiries based on it. If given the opportunity, which they have not yet enjoyed, of reading the address and judging for themselves what all the talk is about, your readers will, no doubt, have very little need of comment from any one to understand it as well as either of us. There is no mystery nor inoperable difficulty about the subject. It lies level with the understanding of "the wayfaring man." Our whole system of self-government assumes that every voter can understand it. I have merely spoken as one of the people and to the people in a most simple and elementary style.

I presume that the publication of the address would cause no extra expense, as it could take the place of "stale matter," and at the same cost of composition. Putting it forth in installments could not decrease circulation, unless the whole course of your paper in this matter has been a mistake. This, however, is your business. I will, therefore, send you two copies for use.

What I have suggested, for I do not ask it, seems to me much better suited to bring about a good understanding in the interest of truth on the part of your readers than my consenting to the golden luxury of occupying a Procrustean bed of two columns' length. It would be natural to expect that, in the event of any controversy over my address, I should be allowed a reasonable space as compared with that occupied by criticisms.

Mr. Editor, I have said nothing about the treatment which I have received from your journal, although it has been very harsh, and, I think, unfair. I entertain no malignant resentments and experience no difficulty in forgiving and forgetting unkindness. I know that I have given no provocation, and therefore feel assured that you have in some way been misled, or else I should feel no assurance of fair dealing in the future. Very truly,

S. S. LAWS.

Have you read the Want columns?

Chief Sexton Declines.

ST. LOUIS, August 7, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

My name having appeared in your paper, in last Saturday's issue, as a possible or probable candidate for the office of Sheriff of this city at the forthcoming election, I wish to state in that connection that, while feeling very grateful to the kind friends who, unknown to me, introduced my name amongst those of other gentlemen considered eligible for that very honorable position, I feel it my duty, both to them and myself, at this very early day, to most emphatically assert that under no circumstances can I allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for a nomination for the office referred to. Reiterating my thanks for the compliment conveyed in the notice above mentioned, I remain, respectfully, H. CLAY SEXTON.

Have you read the Want columns?

Our Model Civil Service.

ST. LOUIS, August 5, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you kindly inform me as to the best source of application for an appointment in the U. S. Civil Service? Also whether the vacancies of clerkships are filled through competitive examination or gained only by influence? ENQUIRER.

[In some of the departments at Washington a pretense is made of a competitive examination in the selection and promotion of clerks, but the whole thing is a sham. If you want a place under the Government apply to your member of Congress and go it strong on "influence." —ED. P.-D.]

Have you read the Want columns?

A Humane Man's Appeal.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 5, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I see you are not slow about exposing wrongdoing. I hope you will call the Humane Society's attention to this head-strap on some of our stylish horses, and put a stop to that brutal habit of tying a horse's head up in the air in the way they do. How would you feel with a stick under your chin all day? Then you can imagine the pain these poor brutes are in all day. A man has no feeling that will do so. Stop it. READER.

Have you read the Want columns?

As to Correct English.

ST. LOUIS, August 3, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you please answer in to-day's P.-D. the following: A and B are speaking of words which have passed between them, and A, in speaking of the words, said: "In regards to them kind of words," Is the word "them" grammatically used? A AND B.

[It is not. You must be careful not to fall into the wretched style that prevails in the editorial department of the St. Louis Republican.—ED. P.-D.]

Garibaldi in France.

ST. LOUIS, August 7, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Could you please let me know if Garibaldi had anything to do with the last Franco-Prussian war, as there is a bet? W. J. G.

[At the urgent request of Gambetta, after the fall of the French Empire, Garibaldi went to France in 1870 and was given command of the "Volunteers of the Vosges." He did not do much in a military way.—ED. P.-D.]

Have you read the Want columns?

MISSOURI POLITICS.

The nomination of Alexander Graves for Congress is cordially supported by all the Democratic papers, and there is no sign of a break in the Fifth District.

Clinton county has instructed for Judge Thomas J. Porter, and the friends of Woodson, Dockeray and Heaston regard him as a very formidable candidate for the Democratic nomination in the Third District.

The Democrats of the Thirteenth District are divided among so many candidates that there is a strong probability of their ultimately uniting on ex-Gov. Phelps. It is believed that he will not refuse a nomination thus tendered.

There is a rumor that Cosgrove will withdraw in the Sixth District, which will make the nomination of Clark certain. The latest count gives the strength of the various candidates as follows: Clark, 26; More, 21; Cosgrove, 13; Jackson, 13; Baldwin, 2.

There is very decided opposition to Col. James N. Burnes in Platte county, his old home, and the delegates from that county are instructed for Wilson. But it is plain that Burnes has the district fixed. The Republicans say they can beat him if they can get the Greenbackers to unite with them in supporting a lawyer named Reed.

Col. John McMichael's Plattsburg Lever says of the Prohibition plank of the Missouri Democracy; "This plank is not in conflict with Prohibition. As the whisky side in the convention said, it means nothing, and could have been left out of the platform. It would have been left out, but for the lateness of the hour when the resolutions came up, and the fact that the convention was on the eve of adjourning, members rushing off for the trains and caring nothing about a meaningless plank in the platform."

In regard to the Prohibition plank in the Democratic State platform, Col. Switzer's Statesman says: "As a Democrat we endorse it. As a Prohibitionist we endorse it. And what is more, and a source of infinite comfort, we believe the time and talents of our Democratic organs and orators will not be called into requisition to defend it, for nobody—Jew or Gentile, Turk or Christian, Prohibitionist or anti-Prohibitionist—will dare assail it. It suits every body. It suits the Democrat, and is just the thing for the Republican and Greenbacker. In the mouth of the Prohibition 'fanatic,' it means Prohibition. In the mouth of the 'fanatic' of the brewer and distiller pursuasion, it means Anti-Prohibition. It is a flexible gum elastic tie which will bind a little bundle or a big one, and will pass muster at Uhrig's Cave or at the Christian Temperance Union."

Have you read the Want columns?

Too Dead to Talk About.

From the Monroe County Appeal.

The press of the State still pour hot shot into Gov. Crittenden. The shower is done. There is no credit to any paper to fight a political corpse. Peace to his ashes! As he is dead, we are willing to spread the mantle of charity over his faults and shortcomings.

A "Big Injun."

From the Philadelphia Times.

Next thing England will be fitting out an army and navy in order to govern M. de Lesseps quietly and well. Arabi is getting too big a man for the Empress to order around.

Have you read the Want columns?

The Odds Against Arabi.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Col. Arabi Bey, according to all accounts, is going neither into a convent nor a convention. In spite of this, the two-thirds rule will operate against the Colonel.

A Little Too Ripe.

From the Chicago Times.

"A ripe statesman," his post-office-holding constituents describe Speaker Keifer. An overripe statesman, they mean, rankly and odorously overripe.

Somewhat Previous.

From the Washington Post.

Many of the prominent gentlemen who congratulated the President on his veto would have kept quiet had they supposed the veto would be vetoed.

Have you read the Want columns?

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The police of the Fourth District mad 307 arrests during July.

Forty cars—400,000 feet—of lumber is loading at the yards for shipment to-night.

Mr. Jeff. Branch, of the Branch, Crookes & Co.' saw-works, has returned from the North.

The Evers Stove Works, Second and Hempstead streets, have resumed with a full force of men.

Thirty million feet of rafted lumber will be received at North St. Louis before the close of the season.

The excavation for the new elevator at the foot of La Beaume street will be commenced in about two weeks.

Robert Hurley has been appointed assistant superintendent of the H. S. Hopkins Bridge Building Company.

Capt. John W. Parker has been appointed log superintendent of the Knapp, Stout & Co. Company at the foot of Bremen avenue.

Capt. Ed. McDonald's appointment to the Fourth District gives general satisfaction to the citizens and merchants in that quarter.

The Odd Fellows' monument is to be put up on the Odd Fellows' lot in Bellefontaine Cemetery next month. The estimated cost is $8,500.

Building interests have taken a boom in Lowell, and not less than sidozen one-story frame buildings are now in course of erection there.

Olive Branch Lodge, No. 812, Knights of Honor, will give a summer night sociable this evening at the Union Hall, Broadway and Benton street.

The boat and excavating machine of the Eau Claire Lumber Company, which sunk a few days ago at the foot of Salisbury street, has been raised without any loss.

The work of rebuilding the Cass avenue planing mills, which were recently destroyed by fire, will be commenced to-morrow. The new mill will be much larger than the old one.

To-morrow evening, Judge G. H. Buenaman, Jr., of the Tenth District Court, and Mr. Frank Krause will begin a series of chess games for the championship of North St. Louis.

The Riverside Gun Club, recently organized, has been granted permission by the Mayor to shoot on the low lands at the foot of Harrison street, and targets have been put up.

The stockholders of the Missouri Furniture Company will meet on August 20th at the company's office, No. 1427 North Twenty-third street, to vote upon a proposition to increase the stock to 1,150 shares of $100 each.

The Schulesburg & Boeckeler Lumber Company have advanced the pay of their lumber-pullers from 10 to 12½ cents per course orib lumber. The other companies are expected to advance to-day as well as private contractors.

A large boiler-house for two new batteries of three boilers each, and a one-story building for manufacturing purposes, are now in course of construction for the Mallinckrodt Chemical Works, Second and Mallinckrodt streets.

On Thursday evening the Trinity M. E. Church Literary Association, recently organized with a membership of fifty young ladies and gentlemen, will give their first public entertainment at the church, Tenth and North Market street. The programme will include music, literary selections, etc.

Have you read the Want columns?

SECOND DIRECT IMPORTATION THIS SEASON.

CUSTOM HOUSE, ST. LOUIS.

To Messrs. MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.:

I have this day received from the port of New York an immediate transportation entry of merchandise as follows, consigned (in bond) to your address:

ONE CASE WATCHES

Exported per steamer Germanic, July 28.

Please prepare and present your entry on receipt of this notice. Very respectfully,

GUSTAVUS ST. GEM,
Surveyor and Acting Collector.

Referring to the above, would say that this importation, which comprises some exquisite chatelaine watches for ladies, also twelve movements for gentlemen, which have been adjusted to heat, cold and position, and which have been regulated by and received the commendatory certificate of the Observatory of Geneva, the most exacting in the world, will be placed on sale this week, and we shall be pleased to have all who may be interested to examine these beautiful specimens of Horology.

MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,
Fourth and Locust streets.

SHORT WEIGHTS.

A Breezy Circular From the Iowa Grain-Shippers.

What the St. Louis Receivers Have to Say on the Subject.

Some of the grain dealers in the country seem to be greatly prejudiced against the St. Louis market on account of the great loss in grain that is shipped here, and which these shippers claim loses in weight when shipped to this market while their weights hold out in Chicago, Toledo and other points. The following circular was received to-day and shows the action taken by the grain dealers of a section of country upon which St. Louis draws in part for her supply of grain:

SHENANDOAH, IA., August 1.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

At a meeting of grain dealers of Southwest Iowa and Northwest Missouri, held here this day, the following resolution was adopted and ordered sent to you for publication:

Resolved, That we grain dealers in Southwest Iowa and Northwest Missouri, do hereby pledge ourselves not to ship any grain to St. Louis when we can do as well or nearly so in other markets, until the inspection and weighing is regulated by law as it now is in Eastern markets.

W. M. Scott, F. J. Taylor, J. Norton, Jr., and Grant & J., Creston; Farrington & B., Thos. George and J. Munns, Jr., Corning; W. W. Ellis & Co., Smith & Burlison and Dodson & Cowl, Villisca; Chase & Co., Red Oak; W. Daugherty, Hawthorne; W. S. Goodell, Emerson; Boobyshell & M., Hastings; J. F. Evans & Co., Malvern; Hayale & Brent, Glenwood; Scholes Bros., Greenfield; D. N. Dunlap, Fontanelle; Allen & Co., Lenox; A. Deckstader, Conway; C. H. Dow & Co., F. B. Webb & Co., Evans & Sons, Bedford; Hicks, Lysle & Co., H. W. Jackson & Bro., Hopkins, Eddy & Smith, Barlean & Welch, Chambers, W. & Co., N. J. Stratton & Co., Marysville; I. W. Brown, Coburg; L. B. Day, Pendleton & Co., and C. M. Falk, Essex; C. S. Burr & Co., R. W. Morse & Co., Y. D. Mathuss and J. T. Kemp, Shenandoah; J. G. Crockett, Farragut; Davis G. Chandler, Riverton; J. R. Kidd, Riverton; A. H. Wikoff, Hamburg; J. B. Christian, Hamburg; G. M. Smiley, Elliott; Mickelwait & G., Macedonia; E. C. Kayton, Clark; Isaac Johnson, Randolph; Butler Bros., Clarinda; S. M. Crooks & Co. and C. M. Rose, Coin; J. Cole & Co. and Smith & Williams, Blanchard; S. Dorr, Burt Junction, Mo.; H. Huffman, Skidmore, Mo.; Thompson & Catlin, Lenox, Ia.; A. Hood, Shenandoah, Iowa; C. W. Swanson, Stanton, Iowa; S. A. Cox, Farragut, Iowa; Joe Loranze, Page, Iowa, C. W. Spear, Burt Junction, Mo.

The above circular was taken on 'Change and shown around generally among the grain receivers. Some of them were of the opinion that the signers of the circular were in dead earnest and really meant what the resolution conveyed. The majority, however, expressed it as their opinion that these shippers would send their grain to St. Louis if they saw a profit here, and would go back on this resolution in a minute if they saw it was to their advantage to ship their grain here. In short the resolution was looked upon as a bluff and wouldn't amount to anything in the end. It was claimed by some that the stations named in the circular were not really tributary to St. Louis, but were to Chicago, that with the difference in prices now in favor of Chicago and Toledo against St. Louis these country shippers could just now easily take the stand they did. None of them were or had been for some time shipping to St. Louis, but just so soon as they saw the largest profit was in the St. Louis market then they would again send their grain here. The travelling man for a leading commission firm stated, after an examination of the names signed to the circular, that while there were some reliable names affixed to the document, there were others whom he wouldn't trust with a five-cent piece, and that the majority of the signers were not representative men of the grain trade of Iowa and Missouri.

The chief cause for the loss in weight to grain shipped here is said to be from the cars being left open on the track several days after the grain has been inspected. That the grain inspector goes out to the yards on the tracks as far as Twenty-second street, and on to Grand avenue. They find the cars of grain standing on the track, break the seal by opening the door, and, after inspecting the contents of the car will leave the door open and go away. The car may then stand with open doors on the track for three or four days before it gets to the elevator and is unloaded, and that thus an inducement is held out to any one who wishes to steal the grain to help himself, and there is no one to prevent it. It is the same on the east side of the river, said is claimed, cars being opened and inspected and then left on the track several days, thus giving room for some of the thieves that infest the railroad yards of East St. Louis. All this may be remedied by instructing the inspectors not to touch a car of grain until it is at the elevator, ready to be unloaded. There it can be watched, and if there is any loss in weight it lies between the elevator and the railroad company.

Mr. P. B. Brennan, of Pacific, Mo., was on the floor to-day, and, speaking of this question of short weights, he stated that the loss in grain was greater in shipments from St. Louis elevators than on shipments to St. Louis. Last spring a large amount of corn and oats were bought here by parties in Washington, Mo., and brought to that town. On all this there was a shortage in weight running from 10 to 20 bushels to the car. As the grain is loaded from the elevator into the car, and the car is at once locked and sealed, there is no chance for any outside stealing, and the difference in weight can only be accounted for either by mistakes at this end or at its destination. Mr. Brennan said he had noticed the idea of some St. Louis merchants to send men into the country to inspect the country shippers' scales. In Washington, Mo., there were three grain dealers, of whom he was one, who would pay the expenses of any man the St. Louis Exchange would send to inspect their scales, and he could also look through their books for two years back and see just how much they had lost in weights of grain shipped to St. Louis.

That 7,000 Pounds at the Central.

Mr. N. G. Larimore, the president of the Central Elevator, desires that a further explanation be made of the short weight case lately reported from his elevator. Mr. Larimore says that the facts as presented by Messrs. Archer & Picker are in the main correct. The car in which the shortage of 7,000 pounds occurred was emptied of 2,000 pounds as stated and then loaded with 2,900 pounds, one of five cars going to the Victoria mills. When the cars got out on the levee the switchman twisted them the wrong way and the car was run to Elevator B, where it was unloaded and a receipt sent to Archer & Picker. It was then checked off the box, as upon its original receipt the name of the consignee had not been received. These five cars got into a great deal of trouble before they were put right, one of them being run into the Union Depot Elevator and unloaded there, causing another misapprehension. Mr. Larimore desires this explanation to be made that no misconstruction may follow the singular accident.

ZOELLNER'S fishing club spent the better part of Saturday and Sunday out on the waters, and returned at noon yesterday to the headquarters, at Ninth and O'Fallon streets, heavily laden down with one gar and one small dog-fish.

PUGILISTIC CADETS.

A Regulation Prize-Fight Between Two at West Point.

West Point Special to New York Herald.

The monotony of routine life at the military post, West Point, has just been varied by a genuine prize-fight between two cadets, with seconds and referee. The mill occurred on Wednesday morning between 10 and 11 o'clock, and the principals were Cadets Frank A. Cook, eighteen years old, and Edward A. Scudder, twenty-one years old. Scudder was knocked out in true Sullivan style and was carried to the hospital in an insensible condition. Scudder was appointed from Mississippi and Cook from Rhode Island. The former is a fourth-class plebe and Cook is a third-class man. The referee was Alfred D. Jackson, who belongs to next year's graduating class, and is from Massachusetts. There are two reports regarding the difficulty out of which sprang the fight. One is that Scudder got into trouble with an officer of his company who cursed him. This he would not submit to, said that he could do anything else, but he would not stand that; consequently he challenged the officer to fight, but the latter refused, and, according to prevailing custom, got another to do the fighting for him. To this Scudder assented and the mill followed.

Another report says that Scudder amicably settled the dispute between himself and the officer, and that the trouble between him and Cook, with whom he fought, was an entirely different difficulty, the nature of which is not yet revealed. Whichever or whatever the difficulty, certain it is that the fight took place in artistic prize ring style on Wednesday morning. Scudder and Cook, accompanied by Referee Jackson and two cadets as seconds, whose names the reporter could not ascertain, went up the back road to near an old blacksmith's shop, all prepared for the fight. Everything had apparently been prearranged, and when the five reached a green sward on the side of the road between the New Observatory Building and Fort Putnam the ring was struck, and the belligerents went to work. The result of the fight was that Scudder was completely knocked out, although he is not only the oldest, but much the largest of the two. One report has it that Scudder stood the terrific punching for three-quarters of an hour before he gave up, while another says he succumbed to Cook's batteries in three or four rounds. He is badly bruised and marked up, while Cook is said to be comparatively uninjured. While Scudder was lying insensible Jake Foster, of Highland Falls, drove along and was hailed and asked to take him to hospital, which he did.

Hospital Steward Hill says that when Foster drove up to the hospital Scudder was piled on boxes in an insensible condition, with a cadet on each side of him. Six men, three besides Foster and the two cadets, carried him in. Hill says that Scudder was such a horrible sight he took him for an injured West shore laborer, and first said to the party: "Take him away; I don't want him at the cadet hospital." As soon as he was laid out on the bed he was taken with a sudden spell which enabled the other cadets to escape before Hill identified them, his attention being given to the sick and injured man. He is now attended by Dr. Alexander, the Post Surgeon. The affair is the only topic of conversation now at the post, as it is the first fight since General Howard was appointed.

A rigid investigation is to be made. The officers are not inclined to talk, but it is known that the two seconds, Cook and the referee, Jackson, are all under arrest, and will be held to await the investigation. This is already in progress by Judge Advocate Woods, and will, of course, lead to a court martial and probably dismissal from the Academy of all connected with the mill.

THE man who is educated up to reading the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH regularly grows healthy, wealthy and wise almost without an effort.

Swindling Druggists.

From the Philadelphia Press.

There are plenty of honest druggists, but they are brought in direct competition with these unscrupulous compounders, and the majority of people, in their medicines and as in their beef and their calico go where they can buy the cheapest. They look askance at a physician who recommends a particular drug store, and often talk mysteriously about percentage, forgetting that their physician has some opportunity of knowing the difference between an honest and a crooked prescription desk.

One of the most common frauds is the substitution of cinchonidia and cinchona for quinine. Adulterations of the most familiar drugs are almost universal. Citrate of magnesia is made with only one-half or three-fourths its wonted strength; tincture of iodine, one-fourth to three-fourths; laudanum, half to three-fourths. The laudanum of the stores is exceedingly unreliable, the cheaper preparations being weak in proportion to the price. Paregoric is very commonly diluted one-half, and often contains no benzoic acid and but one-fourth the standard proportion of opium. Aqua ammonia, sweet spirits of nitre, and a long catalogue of others are similarly manipulated. The various oils, rose, lemon, bergamot orange, rose, geranium, etc., are nearly one-half alcohol. But to come down to the actual alteration of prescriptions. These bits of paper expose the delinquencies of more than a dozen Philadelphia drug stores, and represent similar irregularities in scores of others.

Here is the copy of the physician's prescription. On the same slip is the pharmacist's revision. Here is one that calls for fifteen grains iodoform, one drachm balsam Peru, and one ounce of cosmeline. The compounding druggist followed instructions accurately, with the trifling exception of substituting two grains of iodine for the fifteen grains of iodoform. Iodine acts as an irritant, while the effect of iodoform is quite different. The physician was not slow in discovering the irregularity, and promptly returns the prescription. Another calls for two drachms of potassic permanganate to two ounces of water. The pharmacist wasn't naturally with the water, but evidently concluded that half a drachm of the permanganate would suffice. "Cinchona sulphate, thirty grains; strychnia sulphate, three-fourths of a grain; arsenious acid, three-fourths of a grain," under the wizard hand of the prescription clerk, loses two of its ingredients and comes out plain cinchona sulphate, and the druggist from whose file this was taken universally fills it in the same simple way. Bread crumbs play a conspicuous part in this next one. The physician wrote: "Citrate coffeine, twelve grains; bromide lithium, twelve grains." The druggist substituted one grain for the twenty, two grains for the twelve, and made up for all deficiencies with twenty-nine grains of bread crumbs. Seidlitz powders are made to cost just half what they should be using equal paris of Rochelle salts and bicarbonate of soda in the blue paper, when the Rochelle salts should constitute three-fourths of the mixture.

CAST ten cents upon the waters of advertising and it will return to you ere many days.

A Bad Year for Fathers.

From the New York Sun.

The year 1882 has been a shocking one thus far for parricides. Guy Smith, the Missouri boy just convicted of murdering his father, does not stand alone except for youthfulness. In January a protracted quarrel between Jarvis Smith in Richmond, Ind., and his wife and two sons culminated in his being shot by his son Dan, aged 19, after which Dan and an older brother threw the body into a well. In February, Solomon Richards, of Charlton, Mass., was shot and killed by his son, a young married man. The murderer claimed that his father had abused his mother. There was some evidence that he slew his father to get the farm. In the same month, James G. Allison was hanged at Indiana, Pa., for the deliberate murder of his father. The father and mother were on bad terms, and the son sided with his mother. He was 30. Later in the month, Charles R. Gilliem, aged 17, shot his invalid mother in her bed at Macomb, Ohio. Having had a dispute with her he went into another room, got a pistol, and killed her, and when arrested manifested no remorse.

It was also in February that John Lanaha, who lived twelve miles from Rock Rapids, Iowa, was shot by his daughter, aged 20. The girl's lover, to whom the father objected, furnished her with the pistol and her mother and younger sister were in the plot. They had been intending to kill John, but neither the wife nor the younger daughter could muster up courage to do it, so they sent for the older girl who, was away. A somewhat similar crime occurred in May, in the same State near Muscatine. A man named McMenemon was shot by his young son, his two daughters, both young, being parties to the crime. They said they wanted to have things their own way at home, and they couldn't so long as the father lived. They planned that the youngest sister should confess that she killed her father, their idea being that her sex and age would shield her from severe punishment, and so all would escape. But the plot fell through. On the 4th of July, Frank Dagon, of Harwinton, Conn., pushed his father backward, breaking his neck, because he was not allowed to take the horse for a ride.

Do not neglect the want columns. The opportunity of your life may be slipping by you in this very paper.

A Large Estate.

From a New York Letter.

Mrs. Martha F. De Raimes died recently at her house Clarenceville, town of Jamaica, from the effects of the heat. She was a portly lady weighing over 300 pounds. Her name was Dunham previous to her marriage to John De Raimes, a wealthy Frenchman. She lived in Brooklyn for many years. Mr. De Raimes died a few years ago, leaving estate valued at $1,500, and several children by his first wife, Mr. De Raimes made Robert Dunham, his second wife's son, trustee of his estate. By the terms of his will his widow and children were given the use of the handsome estate at Clarenceville and $1,000 a month during the lifetime of the widow, the estate after her death to be equally divided among the children by the testator's two marriages or their descendants. Robert Dunham, the trustee, married one of his stepsisters. They did not live happily together and separated about four years ago, she keeping their only child, a boy. Dunham soon married again, his wife being a woman who had two divorced husbands living. His stepfather left him an income of $300 a year. As trustee, he did not manage the estate well, and the heirs—ten in all, including his mother—applied to the Supreme Court to have him removed. The court consequently granted an order removing him. He carried the case to the Court of Appeals, and that tribunal rendered a decision a short time ago sustaining the action of the lower court. Dunham also brought a suit against his mother to recover $10,000, the value of bonds belonging to him in possession, but he was unsuccessful. The De Raimes estate, most of which is in New York, will now be divided, each heir receiving about $130,000.

WHY can you not fill your house with boarders? It is roomy, airy, and the table is good, but you do not advertise in the POST-DISPATCH.

Hindu Troops Abroad.

From the New York Times.

The dispatch of Hindu troops on foreign service, begun by Lord Beaconsfield, involves a singular complication, which admirably illustrates the difficulties encountered by English statesmen in dealing with their Asiatic vassals. There is nothing which the ordinary Hindu dreads more than being sent across the "Kala Pani," (black water), as he calls the sea. This arises not only from his childish horror of the unknown, but also from the fact that such a voyage implies "loss of caste," the penalties of which are as terrible as those of a Papal "interdict" in the Middle Ages. The man who has lost caste is cut off from all human companionship, even that of his nearest and dearest. No one will speak to him, no one will even approach him. Were he dying of hunger, not a soul would give him food, for to do so would be to become a partaker of the same stigma. Happily, the removal of this fearful excommunication, like most other things in the East, is a mere question of money. A coolie, or day laborer, may earn his pardon by the payment of 100 silver rupees, ($50); a trader or storekeeper must pay more, and so on, up to the highest grades of native society. A few years ago the native Princes of Central India visited England, and spent some time in London. When he returned the Brahmin priests who met to consider his case agreed that such a "big thing" must not be let slip, and many thousands of rupees were required to reinstate the unfortunate Maharajah among the orthodox.

READ the want columns if you want to see the inside life of St. Louis.

Matrimony in Ohio.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

It seems proper to say, as there has been much gossip and some publication, to avoid all annoyance of misunderstanding, that the marriage announced between Gov. Morton, of Cambridge, Ohio, and the lady who was a few years ago Mrs. Hassaurek, will not take place. There has been a misapprehension between the parties. The story on the side of the lady is that she was led into heavy expenditures in view of the presumed approaching alliance, and that as the gentleman is now of a retiring disposition, it is only fair that he should pay the bills. The story of the gentleman is that he was not a devoted lover, but a generous friend, and that in his enthusiasm he was misunderstood. Both parties treat the matter with the greatest composure. If the affair gets into the courts it will be in Guernsey county, Gov. Morton having, before visiting the city last week in vain seeking a settlement, executed a pledge that he should not be molested while here with legal proceedings. The Hon. Fred. Hassaurek, we may remark in this connection, though he is not at all associated in this incident, is about to make one of his flying summer visits to Europe, this time on an errand that closely concerns and will confirm his happiness.

THE marvelous efficacy of a ten-cent want in the POST-DISPATCH is only understood by those who have made the experiment.

A New Infant Industry.

From the New York Herald.

The bicycle makers have turned up before the Tariff Commission at Long Branch interceding for protection against the pauper-made bicycles of England. They could get along very well if the duty on steel were removed; but as that would interfere with somebody else's job nothing remains but to put the tariff on foreign bicycles so high that practically they will be excluded from our markets. It is curious that this "infant industry" has been allowed to go all this time without the slightest protection. British bicycles have been running all over our streets and highways, frightening horses and scaring the wrangling old ladies of the Park Commission half to death. A well behaved American bicycle would not, it is unnecessary to say, be guilty of such horrible misconduct. It is therefore not only unpatriotic but exceedingly imprudent to allow the gentle, amiable article of home manufacture to be crowded out of the race by the brutal, half starved foreign importation.

Girls Should Not Sit Cross-Legged.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

My grandmother maintains that it is vulgar for a woman to cross her knees. She well remembers a week spent in the same house with Mme. Jerome Bonaparte in Baltimore, than whom she believes no more ladylike person ever lived, and she recalls that Madame always sat with her knees two inches apart—no more and no less. She declares that no girl with pretensions to delicacy should sit cross-legged. I suppose that the sticklers will pretty soon object to women crossing one foot over the other. Even that feminine habit of sitting on one foot, to the peril of getting it caught in the bustle and making the owner go hop-scotch on rising, will next be assailed.

THE GREAT INTERVIEWED.

The Styles That Prevail in New York —Grant's Garrulity.

[New York Correspondence Chicago Times.

The newspaper interview is not so extensively cultivated in the New York press as in the Western papers. The journals here apparently do not hold this branch of journalism to be so important and useful as it is regarded in some of the interior cities. One leading paper makes it an invariable rule never to interview simply to get opinions. It publishes news interviews, but appears not to care for public sentiment, as epitomized in individual opinions. It is, on the whole, more difficult to get interviews with the leading men here than it is in smaller cities. A great many object to talking for the purpose of "making a newspaper article." This is particularly the case with those whose public and social position is so well established that they have lost any desire for this sort of self-advertisement. Then, again the men in New York whose opinions are best worth the seeking are so hedged about with private secretaries and other red tape that it is not easy to get access to them, and they can easily baffle the most intrepid interviewer if they feel disposed. Many of them, also, will not be seen at all after business hours. Their evenings are given up to their social obligations. The man of business and the turmoil newspaper man suggests the toil and turmoil of the day and they bar him out as an uncomfortable intrusion.

Since Gen. Grant took up his residence in New York, he is generally accessible to newspaper men at his office or at his residence. He is very willing to talk if he has anything to say, and some very interesting interviews have been had with him, as, for instance, on the occasion of the assassination of the Czar, when the General gave a full account of his interview with and impressions of that ruler. Owing to the unfriendly attitude toward him which the Sun has of late years assumed, Gen. Grant will never accord an interview to a Sun reporter. The antipathy of the late statesman, Mr. Conkling, to newspaper interviewers is well known. He will never talk to the press except when he has personal reasons for doing so. When he does submit to an interview, he dictates his remarks, and has them revised and all ready for the printer before the reporter quits his presence. He found the interviewers quite useful a while ago, when he had occasion to contradict Shipman, who used Conkling's name without authorization in the Peruvian matter. Tilden almost invariably sees every reporter who calls, only to send him away empty-handed. He meets every question having a political bearing with the whispered suggestion that he is out of politics. If he has time and feels particularly good-humored, he will trot out some photographs of his wife and family, or will meet the interviewer's advances in some other equally irrelevant manner. John Kelly, especially since he has been frozen out of office, is always ready to be interviewed on any and all subjects. His opinions, however, are not just now in great demand. Mayor Grace has gone into politics, to stay there if he can, and he is glad of any opportunity to keep himself in the public eye. He is likely to say to the reporter: "This is too important a subject to be spoken of hastily. I'd like to give you my views at length, and if you'll call to-morrow I'll have them ready for you on paper." The next day, sure enough, he'll have a column of matter written out. By the time the editor has gone over the Mayor's "views" they have been subject to a good deal of compression. The Mayor is one of the gentry who spend their evenings in a dress suit, and he dislikes exceedingly to be interviewed out of business hours. Mr. August Belmont is one of the crustiest individuals to whom it is ever the lot of the interviewer to encounter. His natural hauteur is increased to an indefinite degree if it happens that the journal seeking his opinions has unfavorably remarked upon any of his public acts within a year or two past. "It is a piece of great impertinence," he loftily says to the reporter, "for your editor to send you to me. You may tell him so." That ends the interview. Mr. Thurlow Weed almost weeps tears of joy whenever he sees an interviewer approach. He is full of reminiscences and sage advice, and is willing to give the public the full benefit of his comments on any subject under the sun. I recollect only one instance of his refusing to be interviewed, and that occurred this week. The son of a man who many years ago was a very eminent American publicist died here the other day, and a reporter was sent to Mr. Weed to draw on his "reminiscences." "I don't talk," said he. "If one cannot speak well of the dead it is better to keep still." "Do you not inherit any of his father's qualities?" asked the reporter. "None but his vices," was the laconic response, and that was all the valetudinarian had to say. Mr. Peter Cooper is a voluminous talker, and is always willing to talk. It is believed, however, that the old gentleman doesn't know how many "lengthened, and advices" he is prevented from retailing by the watchful care of his daughter, Mrs. Abram S. Hewitt, with whom he lives. This lady harbors the suspicion that reporters have evil designs upon the peace and longevity of the late candidate for the Presidency, and she won't admit them to his presence unless he is positively unusually brisk, and unless they promise to be brief. Mr. George S. Coe, president of the American Exchange Bank, is the beau ideal of the interviewers. He is an authority on all matters of finance, is very courteous, and is always willing to oblige the press with information. Judge Hilton is peculiar. A very few reporters with whom he is well acquainted can get from him almost any information they ask for. To most others he is blunt and uncommunicative.

Look over the want columns and become acquainted with the needs of the town.

A Gentlemanly Burglar.

From the New York Tribune.

The most considerate burglar ever heard of has just placed Mrs. Merrill, of Falmouth, Me., under lasting obligations. She was alone in her house, and in the middle of the night was awakened by the sound of footsteps on the stairs. She jumped out of bed, hastened to the door and asked who was there, when the following amusing colloquy began: "Now, don't you be afraid. We don't want to hurt you, and won't hurt a hair of your head. But we want $10 and you have got to give it to us." "But I haven't any money in the house." "Well, give us $5 thee." "I tell you I haven't any money at all." "Oh come, now, you must have a dollar. Give us that and we will go away." "No, I haven't a cent." "Well, I suppose we'll have to go without it. Now don't be scared; we don't mean to hurt you and are going away directly. Do you want us to leave this light burning, or do you want us to blow it out?" "You may leave it burning, please." And the burglar went down stairs, rejoined his confederate, and they leisurely departed through a window, carrying with them several articles of silver and jewelry, which they had collected while the lady of the house slept.

THE marvelous efficacy of a ten-cent want in the POST-DISPATCH is only understood by those who have made the experiment.

A Wall Street Millionaire.

From the Summer Brochure of Wall Street.

Why has Mr. Keene such an aversion to sitting for his photograph? Let us attempt a pen picture. Of a lithe and agile figure rather under the medium height, there is an air of intellectual force about the Tycoon that at once commands respect. The dark, strong features are of Gothic mould, and well express energy and repose, while the well-cut beard and twisted mustache impart the picturesque look of a Spanish cavalier standing forth from the canvas of Velasquez or Madrazo. Deep, penetrating are the dark eyes beneath the finely arched brow, and arabesque the curve of the impristed nose. When aroused there is the passionate flame of the Spanish Hidalgos in his eyes, and when his heart is touched through his intellect a light at once tender and ardent beams through them. The Tycoon is a paradox—a sphinx. A strange mixture of indomitable resolution, bitter, vehement denunciation, gentle refinement, and princely consideration. But it is in the dark gray eye that all the character of the man comes forth; a searching glance, not soft, but ardent, acute, imperious, incapable of deception or of being deceived. The tones of his voice are no less penetrating than the glance of his eyes.

READ the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH. They reflect the civilization of the town.

Board at Watering Places.

New York Letter to the Cincinnati Gazette.

Board at watering places varies in point of cost in an arbitrary manner. For instance, since Niagara Falls is no longer a fashionable resort, the hotel rates have been much reduced in the hope of renewing the attraction. Coney Island, which was once merely plebian, is now respectable and draws an immense crowd. Hence, the hotels charge $2 per day for rooms, with meals on the European plan. You can live there at $4 per day. Long Branch and Newport hotels charge the same rates. At cheaper resorts you can get very good accommodations for $12 per week, and in some instances for less. With regard to the profits of the business, some do well, while others fail. Success consists in the art of making a little go a great way. There are those who make enough out of boarding in three months to carry them through the remainder of the year. Country board often proves a serious disappointment—that is, unless you call it happiness to be stuck into small, hot sleeping rooms, with a meager table, whose deficiencies are made up by frequent references to the benefits of fresh air. Those, however, who expect cool sleeping rooms with spring chicken and other delicacies, generally find country board a failure.

THE marvelous efficacy of a ten-cent want in the POST-DISPATCH is only understood by those who have made the experiment.

The Texas Crops.

Mr. W. T. Wilkins, of the firm of Senter & Wilkins, returned yesterday from a trip to Arkansas, and reports the crops looking finely. Mr. Wilkins traveled quite a distance over the Texas Narrow Gauge Railroad, which Col. J. W. Paramore is building. It is now completed for 105 miles of Bird's Point, and crosses the Noble and St. Francisville branch of the Iron Mountain Railroad at a place named Paragould. This road, when completed, will bring more cotton and cotton seed to this point than all other roads put together. It will be ready to assist in moving the maturing crop.

Ho! for Perry Springs!

For best and cheapest route to Perry Springs take steamer Calhoun. Round-trip tickets to hotel door and return, $5.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

NATURE'S SPARKLING SPECIFIC FOR INDIGESTION AND BILIOUSNESS, THE WATER OF THE FAMOUS SELTZER SPA, IS DUPLICATED IN A MOMENT WITH A SPOONFUL OF TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT, WHICH CONTAINS EVERY VALUABLE ELEMENT OF THE GERMAN SPRING. THE GREATEST PHYSICIANS OF EUROPE PRONOUNCE THAT FREE GIFT OF PROVIDENCE THE MOST POTENT OF ALL KNOWN ALTERATIVES. AND ITS FAC-SIMILE, FRESH AND FOAMING, IS NOW PLACED WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERY INVALID IN THE WESTERN WORLD.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

FORD COMIC OPERA COMPANY,

In GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S

SORCERER,

OR, EVERYBODY FORCED TO LOVE.

In preparation—THE MERRY WAR, by Strauss, the Waltz King.

BASE BALL.

ST. LOUIS vs. CINCINNATI,

Tuesday, August 8.

At Sportsmen's Park, Grand Avenue.

GAME AT 4 P. M. ADMISSION 25c.

VEHICLES 25c EXTRA.

REGULAR CONCERT

BY THE

ST. LOUIS GRAND ORCHESTRA,

Every Tuesday and Friday evening at 8 o'clock, at

SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN.

CREVE COEUR LAKE.

Sunday round trip tickets, 60c; week days, 75c. Music always on hand. Trains leave on Sundays 8:10 a. m., 1:30 and 6:12 p. m.

SUMMER delicacies, canned ox tongue, corned beef. St. Louis Beef Canning Comp'y, packers.

DIED.

HOLTGREWE—August 6, at 10:15 p. m., ELIZABETH, youngest child of Frederick and Margaret Holtgrewe, aged 6 months.

Funeral from family residence, 1426 Wash street, Tuesday, at 2:30 p. m. Friends of the family invited.

HOWARD—At 2 p. m. Sunday, August 6, JOSIE A., wife of James Howard, aged 35 years, and at 5 p. m., WALTER BRIGGS, the infant son, aged 22 days.

Funeral Tuesday, August 8, at 3 p. m., from family reside nce, 9002 Olive street. Friends invited to attend.

LABESQUE—At 2 a. m. Sunday, August 6, LAURENT LABESQUE, aged 78 years and 6 months.

Funeral from family residence, Compton avenue and Caroline street, Tuesday, August 8, at 2:30 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

SNOWDEN—Tuesday, August 1, of typhoid pneumonia, Sergeant THOMAS H. SNOWDEN, aged 31 years.

Funeral from Jefferson Barracks, with highest honors, Tuesday, August 9, at 4 p. m. Remains will be buried at National Cemetery.

Brooklyn Eagle and Long Island Record please copy.

VECKEL—On Saturday, August 5, at 6 o'clock p. m., CHRISTINA, infant daughter of Louis and Anna Veckel, aged 11 months and 17 days.

Funeral from family residence, No. 2406 Buena Vista street, Tuesday, August 8, at 2 o'clock p. m.

PERMANENT cure for toothache, neuralgia and lockjaw without using drugs. Neuralgia of long standing cured in a few days, no cure, no pay. $25. Ordinary cases cured, from $2 to $10. In advance. Ordinary cases of toothache cured and the teeth preserved from any further decay. Office hours, 8 a. m. till 6 p. m.

PROF. LYNCH,

1100 North Eleventh street.

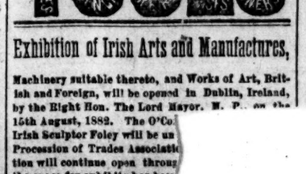
Medical School for Women.

Anatomy, Physiology, Midwifery, Diseases of Women and Children taught practically at bedside in Maternity Hospital. Write for circulars. Dr. Wm. C. Richardson, Pres., 721 Chestnut st., St. Louis.

M. M. BUCK & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in Every Article used in Constructing and Operating Railroads.

209 N. Third St., St. Louis.



Exhibition of Irish Arts and Manufactures,

Machinery suitable thereto, and Works of Art, British and Foreign, will be opened in Dublin, Ireland, by the Right Hon. The Lord Mayor, M. P., on the 15th August, 1882. The O'Co[nor] Irish Sculptor Foley will be an [honorary] Procession of Trades Associati[ons] tion will continue open throu[ghout] the space for exhibits has been

Just One Week Old!

Therefore Only Yet in Its infancy, is the Heavy and Wonderful Sale of

D. CRAWFORD & CO

OF CRAMER'S GREAT BANKRUPT STOCK.

THE HALF OF THE DEPTH OF WONDERS IN THE TRULY MAGNIFICIENT STOCK

Of Laces, Collars, Embroideries, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Parasols, Notions, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, Corsets, White Goods, etc., HAS NOT BEEN TOLD. Beautiful goods for less than Half price. Customers three deep at every counter. West-end Goods for East-end Prices. Crowded stores and locked doors. All this in the lovely month of August. Prints 3 1-2c a yard. Pacific Lawns 4c a yard. Domestics 10 per cent below Mill Prices. Linen Collars 2 1-2c each. Nice Mull Ties 5c each. Thousands of Lace Collars far below Half Price.

New Lots for This Week in Every Department, and Greater Bargains than Ever. Read the Lists:

Cramer had one of the largest and finest stocks of

LACE GOODS

in the city, and having been bought at Sheriff's sale for 45c on the dollar by D. C. & Co., great bargains may be looked for.

Notice:

160 pcs Russian Laces at 8c a yard; Cramer's price 15c a yard.
145 pcs Russian Laces at 10c a yard; Cramer's price 20c and 25c a yard.
185 pcs Torchon Laces at 5c a yard; Cramer's price 15c and 17½c a yard.
180 pcs Torchon Laces at 7½c a yard; Cramer's price 25c and 25c a yard.
192 pcs Torchon Laces at 10c a yard; Cramer's price 25c and 35c a yard.
89 pcs Maltese Laces at 2½c a yard; Cramer's price 10c and 15c a yard.
115 pcs Maltese Laces at 7½c a yard; Cramer's price 20c and 25c a yard.
175 doz. Valenciennes Laces at 15c a doz; Cramer's price 45c and 60c a doz.
250 pcs. Valenciennes Laces 10c a yard; Cramer's price 30c and 35c a yard.
280 pcs, Vermicelli Laces at 2½c a yard; Cramer's price 10c and 15c a yard.
140 pcs. Languedoc Laces at 2½c a yards Cramer's price 12½c and 15c a yard.
65 pcs. Breton Laces at 5c a yard; Cramer's price 15c and 20c a yard.
175 pcs. Brabant Laces at 26c a yard; Cramer's price 45c and 50c a yard.
182 pcs. Oriental Laces at 25c a yard; Cramer's price 60c and 75c a yard.
50 pcs. Oriental Laces at 50c a yard; Cramer's price $1 and $1.25 a yard.
125 pcs. Black French Lace at 15c a yard; Cramer's price 35c a yard.
75 pcs. Black Spanish Lace at 25c a yard; Cramer's price 50c and 60c a yard.
15 pcs. Cream Spanish Laces 15c a yard; Cramer's price 40c a yard.
45 pcs real Antique Laces at 15c a yard; Cramer's price 45c, 50c and 60c a yard.

COLLARS.

260 doz colored Turn-down Collars at 2½c; Cramer's price 10c and 12½c each.
280 doz white Linen Collars at 5c each; Cramer's price 15c and 20c each.
500 doz Lace Collars at 15c each; Cramer's price 35c and 50c each.
485 doz Lace and Colored Silk Collars at 50c; Cramer's price $1.25 each.
158 doz fine Embroidered Collars at 75c each; Cramer's price $1 and $1.25.
175 doz Oriental Lace Collars at 75c each; Cramer's price $1.00 each.
282 doz Embroidered Chemisettes at 25c each; Cramer's price 75c each.
275 doz fine Lace Collars at $2 each; Cramer's price $4.50 and $5.

Scarfs.

873 doz fine Mull Scarfs, colored ends, at 5c each; Cramer's price 25c each.
258 doz Swiss Embroidered Scarfs at 10c each; Cramer's price 25c each.
280 doz Polka Dot Squares at 25c each; Cramer's price 60c each.
150 doz White Lace Fichus at 25c each; Cramer's price 75c each.
278 doz Satin Scarfs at 35c each; Cramer's price $1 50 each.
175 doz Cream Spanish Scarfs at 50c each; Cramer's price $1 25 each.
75 doz Black Spanish Scarfs at 75c each; Cramer's price $1 50 each.
241 doz White Lace Fichus at 5c each; Cramer's price 25c each.

Vellings.

250 pcs Cream Bobinet at 5c a yd; Cramer's price 25c a yd.
160 pcs Black Brussels Net at 25c a yd; Cramer's price 50c a yd.
160 pcs Cheuille Vellings at 75c a yd; Cramer's price 15c a yd.
150 pcs Fancy Nets, Cream at 10c; Cramer's price 20c and 35c a yd.
180 pcs Spotted Tissue Velling at 25c a yd; Cramer's price 50c a yd.
75 pcs Black Spotted Velling at 25c a yd; Cramer's price 50c a yd.

Ruchings.

10 pcs Crepe Lisse Ruching at 10c; Cramer's price 35c a yard.
16 pcs black Crepe Lisse Ruching at 10c; Cramer's price 45c a yard.
500 yards Lace Edge Ruching at 2½c a yard; Cramer's price 10c a yard.
240 doz Ruchings at 5c a dozen; Cramer's price 15c a doz.

New Lots this Week in the Following Departments, and all at

FURTHER SWEEPING REDUCTIONS!

Note! Gents' Furnishing Goods.

50 doz Gents' fine dress Shirts with white bodies and fancy cambric bosom, collars and cuffs, well made and fast colors, at $1; Cramer's price $1 50.
85 doz fine unlaundried white dress shirts, all sizes and well made, at 50c, 65c, 75c, and $1; Cramer's price 65c, 80c, $1 and $1 50.
35 doz Gents' fine Suspenders, white and colored web, all at 35c a pair; Cramer's price 65c.
25 gross Gents' fine white Cambric Ties, at 15c and 20c per doz; Cramer's price 25c and 40c.
20 doz Gents' latest style fancy Bows and Band Bows, from 35c to 75c; just half price.
68 doz Gents' fine bleached drill Drawers, re-enforced, at 40c; Cramer's price 65c.
30 doz Gents' fine Gauze Undershirts, in large sizes, at 35c; well worth 75c.
40 doz Gents' set or open-worked Undershirts at 50c for all sizes; just half price.
18 doz Gents' brown Balbrigan Undersh irts and Drawers at 40c; each well worth 65c.
2 cases Gents' brown British Socks, all sizes, 9 to 11, at 10c; less than half price.
45 doz Gents' fancy and dark-colored Socks at 5c a pair; Cramer's price 10c.
35 doz Gents' full regular fancy and solid colors, all sizes, at 25c a pair; Cramer's price 45c.
50 doz Gents' real Balbrigan, unbleached, with silk clocks up side, at 35c; Cramer's price 60c.

Further Big Reductions This Week in HOSIERY.

Just Notice! Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

1 lot Ladies' Balbrigan Hose, unbleached, plain and silk clocked, at 25c; Cramer's price 40c.
35 doz Ladies' Fancy Striped Cotton Hose, with patent seams at 15c; Cramer's price 25c.
45 doz Ladies' Fine French Hose, fancy all new styles, at 50c; Cramer's price 90c.
100 doz Children's Fancy Cotton Hose, all new styles, at 15c; Cramer's price 30c.
60 doz Children's Fine English Hose in fancy stripes, bright and fast colors, all sizes, 6 to 8½, at 30c; Cramer's price 60c to 75c.
75 doz Children's Light Unbleached, with fancy stripes and embroidered bracelet pattern, full regular made, all sizes, 6 to 8, at 35c; Cramer's price 70c.

CRAMER'S WHITE GOODS STOCK

Was one of the best in the city, and is now being sold off at great reductions in this great sale

Just Note the Prices:

25 pcs Victoria Lawns 8½c; Cramer's price 12c.
20 pcs Victoria Lawns 10c; Cramer's price 20c.
10 pcs Striped Jaconet 5c; Cramer's price 8½c and 10c.
5 pcs Lace Striped Plique 7½; Cramer's price 12½c.
18 pcs Lace Stripe and Lace Check Pique 12½c and 15c; Cramer's price 20c and 25c.
11 pcs Figured Pique 9c; Cramer's price 15c.
3 pcs Pink Mull 35c; Cramer's price 50c.
3 pcs Blue Mull 35c; Cramer's price 50c.
50 pcs white Mull at 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c; Cramer's price 50c, 60c, 75c and 90c.
35 pcs Cream Mull at 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c; Cramer's price 50c, 60c, 75c and 90c.
25 pcs White Figured and Dotted Swiss 15c, 20c, 30c and 45c; Cramer's price 25c, 30c, 50c and 65c.
200 yds Remnants Figured Swiss, left from last week's clearing out, at 25c on the dollar.
20 pcs Plain Nainsook 10c, 15c and 25c; Cramer's price 15c, 20c and 40c.
20 pcs Plain Nainsook 10c, 12½c and 17½c; Cramer's price 15c, 20c and 25c.
500 yds Indian Linen, Linon de Dacca, Princess Lawn, Victoria Lawn, at 25 per cent on the dollar.
40 pcs Dotted and Figured Swiss (colored dots and figures) 30c; Cramer's price 60c.
60 pcs All-over Tucking 30c, 40c and 50c; Cramer's price 45c, 60c and 75c.
20 pcs Plain Nainsook 10c, 15c and 25c; Cramer's price 15c, 20c and 40c.
8 pcs Lace Tucking 45c, 60c and 75c; Cramer's price 60c, 75c and $1.
500 yds White Tarletans 5½c, 7½c and 10c; Cramer's price 10c, 12½c and 15c.
15 pcs Dotted Persian Lawn 35c; Cramer's price 50c.
100 pcs French and English Silks, Marseilles, Lace Stripes and Lawn Stripes, 60 per cent below Cramer's prices.
8 pcs French Young 7/8c, $1 and $1 10; Cramer's price $1.35 and $1.75.

Colored Spring Skirts.

12 doz stripped spring skirts left at $1; Cramer's price $1 25, $1 35 and $1 65.
2 doz black Italian cloth skirts 65c; Cramer's price $1 and $1 25.

N. B.—FLANNELS.

We sell this week 75 different styles Embroidered Flannels; also, our whole Flannel stock, which has an assortment second to none in the city; and 25 dozen Felt Flannel and Cloth Skirts,

At Prices Corresponding to those of Cramer's Stock.

THE CALICO DEPARTMENT

Fairly Bursts with Bargains—Just Notice!

588 pcs good dark Calico, fast colors, reduced from 5c to 3½c a yard.
900 pcs best Calico, in American, Merrimack, Allen and Conestoga brands, reduced from 8½c to 6c.
487 pcs Comfort Calico, reduced from 7½c to 6c.
1,500 pcs yard-wide Percales, in Paroles, Allen and Oriental brands, never before sold for less than 10c and 12½c, will be sacrificed at 8c a yard.
445 pcs Pacific and Cochaco Dress Percales new and desirable patterns, reduced from 12½c to 7½c.
527 pcs Handkerchief Plaid Dress Ginghams, best cloth and fast colors, reduced from 15c to 8c a yard.
375 pcs Striped Renfrew Dress Ginghams, good styles, reduced from 15c to 8½c a yard.
450 pcs Zanzibar, Roobeake and Mandarin Striped Seersuckers, sold everywhere at 15c and 20c, will be cleared out at 7½c a yard.
342 pcs India Striped Seersuckers, reduced from 12½c to 7½c a yard.
374 pcs Domestic Ginghams, in Small Checks, reduced from 10c to 6½c a yard.
35 pcs Purple Bunting Linlar, reduced from 10c to 2c a yard.

Thousands and Thousands of Beautiful Handkerchiefs from Cramer's Stock—The Price of Old Shoes!!

Ladies' ½ Colored Woven Bordered Handkerchiefs, 7½c; Cramer's price 15c.
Ladies' 4-8 Hemstitch Handkerchiefs, guaranteed all linen, only 10c each; Cramer's price 22½c.
Ladies' 4-8 Hemmed Handkerchiefs, all linen, only 5c each; Cramer's price 10c and 12½c.
Ladies' ½ Colored Woven Bordered Handkerchiefs, 7½c; Cramer's price 15c.
Ladies' 4-8 Hemstitch Handkerchiefs, guarante

THE COMING MEN.

Congressional Candidates Increasing and Multiplying.

The local political fermentation has commenced in earnest, and the contest promises to become exciting, although several months are expected to elapse before the convention or primaries will be held. The Congressional race is now absorbing public attention, particularly in the Ninth District. There are two avowed candidates, namely, J. R. Claiborne and John M. Glover, who are making a friendly canvass, but it is expected that a third candidate, in the person of Chas. Gibson, will enter the race before the goal is reached. On the Republican side are mentioned Nathan Cole, Rosenblatt, Stanard and Crawshaw. It is believed, however, that the Republicans are afraid to nominate either Crawshaw or Rosenblatt, because of divisions that would be thereby engendered in the party. John J. O'Neill is good for the Democratic nomination in the Eighth District, while Sessinghaus will be renominated and probably elected by the Republicans. In the Tenth District, Hon. M. L. Clardy seems to have secured a renomination, and will doubtless be re-elected. The Democratic candidates all agree that the Congressional Committee of the Ninth District, selected at the convention which nominated Thomas Allen, is composed of honest and honorable men, who will endeavor to see fair play, but there are intimations that the City Committee will have an undue hand in the fight. In that event there will be lively times, since Ed. Butler and Dick Lancaster will fully appreciate the situation and force their horse to water. The irritating question now is whom they will select as the favorite in the field.

The court Judgeships, the Clerks of courts and Prosecuting Attorneys are all involved in the intricacies of local strife, and at this date no man can feel assured of the result. Among those most prominently mentioned are Amos R. Taylor for Judge of the Probate Court, and Thomas P. Farrelly for Recorder of Deeds, but any further conjectures as to probable nominees must partake of the wildest guesswork.

The Clerkship of the Criminal Court.

Capt. Ben. Finney wishes it understood he is not a candidate for the clerkship of the Criminal Court. The candidates, however, are thicker than blackberries. Archibald Carr, the crier in the Court of Criminal Correction, is on the turf, preparing for the race. The present incumbent, Patrick Stack, wishes to secure the nomination, but knowing ones about the Four Courts say he will be left in the first heat.

TELEPHONE office of the POST-DISPATCH, for the convenience of want advertisers, with Otto D'Amour, druggist, Broadway and Chambers Streets.

More Hoodlumism.

A dastardly attempt to outrage a young lady occurred last night about 9 o'clock. Officer Quigley, of the Central District, heard a shrill cry for help. The sound proceeded from a vacant lot on the southwest corner of Grand and Cass avenues. The officer hastened to the spot and found a girl lying on the ground laboring under the greatest apparent excitement. He quieted her fears and asked for her story. She stated that her name was Emma Wysong and that she resided with her mother at No. 2821 Sheridan avenue. Last evening a young man named Cornelius Evan, with whom she had been acquainted for some time, called at her home and requested her to go out and walking with him. When on Grand and Cass avenues Evan suddenly caught her arm and drew her into the vacant lot. A fierce struggle ensued and the girl screamed for help. About twenty minutes elapsed before Quigley came up, and he found the young girl exhausted. Her clothing was all torn and soiled and she was in a pitiable condition. The officer started in pursuit of Evan who, however, escaped. The young lady was taken to her home and cared for. Evan is well known, and, although not in custody, will doubtless be caught to-day. He will be prosecuted.

Death From Drink.

Yesterday afternoon at about 3:30, Elias Johnson, a colored man 35 years old, and who recently came here from Illinois, went into the saloon on the northwest corner of Washington avenue and the Levee and called for a drink. It was given him, and in a short time he fell over on the floor and died. He had been in the saloon during the morning and drank heavily. A doctor was called in but life was extinct. A police patrol wagon took the man to the Morgue. The cause of Johnson's death was heart disease, superinduced by drink.

TELEPHONE office of the POST-DISPATCH, for the convenience of want advertisers, with C. K. Jones & Co., druggists, 1400 Garrison avenue.

THE Superintendent of the Morgue reports two bodies on the slab this morning, the body of an unknown colored floater, brought to the Morgue yesterday afternoon from the foot of Arsenal street, and the body of Ella Johnson, colored, brought in yesterday from No. 600 North Levee.

MR. THEODORE H. WURMB, the pharmacist, has received the second prize offered by Albins, Woodward & Co. for the best essay on the "Adulteration of Powdered Drugs." The prize is a valuable microscope.

THE VERY CHEAPEST OUR TEN CENT WANTS.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A LADY with means and enterprise to join a gentleman (who has a profession) in a profitable business. Ad. H. 25, this office. 12

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

COAL, GRAZING AND FARM LANDS.—Lot of 67 tracts, 20 to 11,000 acres, situated from north of Reno (Sup.) to Ione Stations, on T. & P. Ry, and E. and S. of Central West Railroad to and along Clear Fork Brazos River, of best quality; oldest settlement and locations; healthy, salubrious and desirable and cheap in cost at price, $3 per acre, either for sale and most profitable investment, or use; must be sold; inspection invited. Also 2,000 various size tracts farm and ranch lands. Send for circular. For sale by E. S. GRAHAM, Graham, Young Co., Texas.

Telephone Offices St. Louis Post-Dispatch

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the "Post-Dispatch" at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
Jno. W. O'Brien, Druggist, 1727 Cass Avenue.
J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton st.
Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive St.
H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. M. Good, Druggist, 2348 Olive St.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2338 Washington Ave.
Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet Ave.
Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury streets.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . . 621.
Editorial Rooms . . . . . 501.

PERSONAL

ALL cast-off clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust st.

ALL cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

FINE laundering, collars and cuffs equal to Eastern work, 20c per dozen. 620 Pine st., 312 Locust st. 815 Washington av. Missouri Steam Laundry.

FOR roaches, ants or any kind of garden insects, use Gelz' insect powder, warranted never to fail. For sale only at 603 Market st. m1

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

MRS. LAURA DE KNEVETT, spiritualistic medium, natural clairvoyant and test guide for business. 1413 Morgan st 38

MRS. JANE TAYLOR: Letter in the Post-office for you. C Z C tf

PERSONAL—Viola Reed: Letter for you in this office. m1

PERSONAL.—Respectable widow of forty wishes to correspond with elderly gentleman. Ad. M. 45, this office. m1

PRICE $3 00. PRICE $3 00.

B. B. B.

DR. BRUCE'S BALM OF BEAUTY is not to be classed with the thousand and one other preparations sown broad-cast over the land, purporting to do what they cannot. This BALM OF BEAUTY is made on purely scientific and therapeutic principles and enjoys the highest testimony from the most prominent ladies in the land. It is always in use by the famous beauties of Georgia, in Asia, for the removal of blotches, freckles and tan, and for the complexion generally, and if used according to directions will, in from 3 to 6 weeks, give any one who uses it the freshness and fairness of a child. Warranted harmless and to do all that is claimed, or your money refunded. Sent to any address by express upon receipt of price. Price $3 00. Country orders should be sent to J. F. Bruce & Co., 522 Washington av., St. Louis, Mo. N. B.—For sale in St. Louis at retail only by T. & E. Catlin, 6th and Washington av.

YOUNG gent wishes to meet lively young lady or discreet widow. Address L. 50, this office. al

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN—For sale, the best small family grocery in the city; good reasons. 927 Warren st m4

BUY THE WHITE. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the Stewart. } valuable present. See advertisement, local. Buy the New Stewart. } Nevertisement. local.

BUSINESS for sale cheap; shoe store with stock and fixtures; 723 Franklin av. Levy & Weil 14

FOR SALE—Confectionery and ice cream saloon, $15 to cash, balance on monthly payment. Ad. M. 47, this office. 14

FOR SALE—A small business, cheap. 2801 N. 10th st. s4

FOR SALE—A clear and confectionery store doing good business and well located; cheap for cash. Ad. Mrs. Fuller, 3841 Finney av.

FOR SALE—Saloon and fixtures, including one pool table; doing a good business; cor. rally located. M. 20, this office. s4

FOR SALE—First-class beer saloon on Franklin avenue, two pool tables; cost stand in city for the business. D. H. Evans & Co. 207 N. 7th.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

BUY THE WHITE. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the Stewart. } valuable present. See advertisement, local. Buy the New Stewart. } Nevertisement. local.

FOR SALE—150 to 200 ft. counter tables cheap. 410 N. 5th st. 15

B. B. B.
For sale in St. Louis only by
T. & E. CATLIN,
Sixth and Washington avenue.

FOR SALE—Just arrived, a fine lot of young singing Mocking Birds. 4?8 S. 5th st.

FOR SALE—Pine office railing, 50 ft., and desk, cheap. 1?08 Haggerty, 510 Washington av.

FOR SALE—A No. 1 second hand city truck, cheap. 1?08 Haggerty, 510 Washington av.

FOR SALE—Merchants' Exchange membership, good as new, for $300. Ad. L. 49, this office. m6

FOR SALE—One hard coal furnace; suitable for business house. 4?0 N. 8th st 15

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Wood-working machinery set up ready for use for small manufacturing purpose; will sell on time if necessary. Ad. N. 42, this office w5

FOR SALE—A good pool table. 200 N. 12th st. s5

FOR SALE CHEAP—Sitting-room, dining-room and kitchen furniture, with carpets complete; only in use a few months. Address R. 61, this office, if you want to buy. m5

FOR SALE—One medium-sized safe; price $?0. 410 N. 5th st 15

FOR SALE—A good Singer sewing machine, very cheap; also extension lounge. Call this week at 705 Howard st., up-stairs. m5

GOOD INVESTMENT—For sale, $8,500 stock; will pay 1 per cent first year, 6 per cent thereafter on time. Ad L. 23, this office. s5

NEWLY furnished rooms to let with or without board. 918 N. 6th st. 112

PUREST strains of full-blooded white leghorn, black spanish and Dominica chickens. Eggs from same $1 for 13. 446 Olive st.

FOR SALE—A Cotton Exchange membership. Ad. G. 50, this office. 15

PIANOS of all grades, new and second-hand, for sale at great bargains or for rent at H. Koerber's, 103 Olive street.

STORE doors and windows to suit; also wire screens cheap. No. 1617 O Fallon st. w5

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FOR SALE—Desirable property for manufacturing purposes, with improvements; in western part of city, convenient to build switch connections with Wabash and Pacific Railroad; direct-car accommodation, water, gas, etc; 200 feet front by average depth of 90 feet. Apply to S. N. Sternberg, No. 6 N. 7th st. 17

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR RENT—Webster Groves—Six-room house; good stable; two acres ground; five minutes' walk from depot. rooms given September 1. J. P. Gray, 204 S. Main s26

I HAVE for sale one of the best suburban residences in the county; 5 acres of land laid out with good drives and walks; set well with choice fruits, vines and shade trees; improvements cost $20,000; will sell at a great sacrifice if sold at once; I need money; must sell; title to property perfect; only 5 minutes' walk from dep; no agents, no commissions. Ad. H. 29, this office.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

B. B. B.
For sale in St. Louis only by
T. & E. CATLIN,
Sixth and Washington avenue.

DELIVERY wagons (good ones—own make), buggies, carriages, etc., painting and repairing at Silvester's, 418 N. 9th st. 19

FOR SALE—A first-class Timken spring top buggy, canopy top phaeton, skeleton wagon, jump seat surrey. Gilbird's, 108 S. 3d st. 13

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FOR SALE—A sound and gentle family horse, park wagon and harness; will be sold separately. Inquire of Fred. Myers, at Polack's Clothing House, S. E. cor. 4th and Olive sts.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—One second-hand barouche, good order, $100; one second-hand baroueche, poor order, $50; one second-hand spring wagon, new springs, all overhauled and painted, $25. To be seen at No. 4017 McPherson av., or address B. B. J., room 11, 6th and Locust sts. m12

FOR SALE—A two-seated surry and a canopy top phaeton, as good as new. Gilbird's, 108 S. 3d st.

FOR SALE—Three good wagons, stake, lumber and macadam; also, several beds, being two for brick, a grain and upright coal bed, and harness for five horses; also, cart horses. Owner at coal yard, Twenty-third and Morgan, any morning this week. m12

FOR SALE—A four-year-old mare; pedigree, dam Kossuth, sired by Blue Dick, he by Hambletonian; mare is well broke to single harness, and can trot a mile in less than 4 minutes and never was trained on the track. Ad. L. 16, this office.

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and men. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $15 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammal, 704 Pine st. 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

125 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—One floor, unfurnished, or nicely furnished, for housekeeping; nice location, three squares from Union Depot; also hall bed-room; water on floor. m13

403 S. EIGHTH ST.—Two or three fur. or unfur. rooms, for housekeeping, in private family. 413

608 MARKET ST. (Near business center)—Elegantly fur. rooms, by day, week or month.

910 CHAMBERS ST.—Nicely furnished front parlor, with board and bath, for two gents.

1017 N. 10TH ST.—Four splendid unfurnished rooms, first or second floor, for housekeeping; rent low to right parties. m13

1026 S. 18TH ST.—Two rooms, furnished or unfurnished. 413

1036 S. 8TH ST.—An elegant room; cool, light; gas, bath; fine location; near three car lines; new second board. m13

1118 CHOUTEAU AV.—Convenient to Union Depot—Furnished room, with board.

1119 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely fur. parlor, $12; handsomely fur. 2e story front room, $15; 2 unfurnished rooms, $9; reference given. m9

1302 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for rent. m13

1309 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsome rooms, single or en suite, with first-class table board. Transient and table boarders accommodated.

1432 POPLAR ST.—Neat furnished rooms for rent, with or without board, by the day, week or month; good table; board terms low. m13

1525 OLIVE ST.—First floor saloon parlor; a very handsome, cool room. Also two other front rooms, southern exposure, furnished; on large, the other small.

1723 LUCAS AV.—Neatly furnished rooms, also one unfurnished room, with breakfast; southern exposure. 113

A LARGE, airy and comfortably furnished front room; $8 a month. 1400 N. 19th st. m13

BEAUTIFULLY furnished or unfurnished rooms, with board. 2622 Wash st. a13

FOR RENT—A nice room for two gentlemen in a private family; also a two-story brick stable containing four stalls. Ad. 544 S. Jefferson av. 13

FOR RENT—Second story front room; furnished; with or without board; southern exposure; gas, bath; gents only. 2113 Walnut st. w13

FOR RENT—207 S. 18th st., rooms for light housekeeping, furnished or unfurnished. m13

FOR RENT—2229 Clark av., two large unfurnished rooms, second story front, bath and w. c. adjoining. m13

FOUR rooms and basement, water and gas; large yard. 2717 Chouteau av. m13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished, cool and comfortable room, southern exposure; suitable for two gents; private family; ref. ex. 1627 Carr st. 13

FOR RENT—Two or four unfurnished 2d floor rooms. 1910 Poplar st. m13

HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, near good board; one square west of Lafayette Park; southern exposure; private family; references required. No. 3?41 Pine st.

NEATLY fur. rooms at reasonable rates: also an elegant room suitable for an office. 1110 Olive st. 413

TO RENT—Two rooms and kitchen up-stairs in a new house, to party with no children; all conveniences. 1911 Sullivan av. m13

TWO nicely fur. second-story front rooms, single or en suite. Also back parlor; convenient to good board. 2626 Olive st. a13

WANTED—To rent a nice parlor, front room, southexp., to two worthy young men, at reasonable rent. Ad. N. 34, this office. m13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

GASOLINE and coal oil stoves all sizes at cost. 118 and 117 Washington av.

2918 PINE ST.—New three-story stone front, eleven rooms, laundry and all the latest modern improvements. Inquire of Semple & Mott real estate agents, 202 N. 8th st. 14

A FINE upright piano, parlor set of furniture, handsome double door mirrored wardrobe, several carpets and refrigerator. House of 6 rooms—water, gas, bath—for rent. Ad. E. 7, this office.

FOR RENT—2828 Adams st., a six-room house with bath and laundry; modern improvements; one block south of Mo. Pac. Railway. Inquire of D. G. Brennan, 708 Chestnut st. w14

FOR RENT—$16 50 per month. New 5-room brick cottage, large lot, on Swan av., Tower Grove, near terminus of Market street cars. Apply to A. H. Newcomb, room 16, Ins. Exch., 5th and Olive. 14

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

1630 MORGAN ST.—For rent, two stables, 5 stalls each and sheds for wagons a17

FOR RENT—Two-story brick stable, three stalls and room for two vehicles. Cor Laclede and Garrison avs. $10 per month.

BOARDING.

812 PARK AV.—Private boarders wanted. Otto

1424 OLIVE ST.—Cool, airy rooms, nicely furnished, with or without board; every convenience; transient and day boarders accom.

1511 CHOUTEAU AV.—Dickson Mansion. Spacious rooms with board; reduction for parties of gentlemen; large shaded yard; 6 o'clock dinner. 113

B. B. B.
For sale in St. Louis only by
T. & E. CATLIN,
Sixth and Washington avenue.

FORD HOUSE—Southwest cor. of 8th and Pine sts. Terms, meals 25c, per day $1, per week $5.

WITH board, second-floor rooms, single or en suite, handsomely fur. or unfur., in huge-some stone front. Washington and Compton avs.; quiet family. L. 11, this office. m13

WANTED—To purchase furniture and carpets, will take room and board in payment; handsome stone-front in choice location; quiet family. Ad. N. 39, this office. m13

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD for three gentlemen within five minutes' walk from Park av. and 18th st. Address R. O. R., 511 Morgan st. s19

WANTED—By a young man a French boarding-house or private house that will take a boarder, one where nothing but good French is spoken; object to become conversant with the language. Ad. N. 40, this office. w19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A RESPONSIBLE person who will take a house in a desired location; can dispose of 2d and 3d floors to 6 adults, with or without board; ref. ex. M. 57, this office. m20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

FRONT room and adjoining hall room for lady and son; furnished; no board. Address

WANTED to be c... Frank Allen

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To purchase a house of 6 rooms on monthly payments by responsible party. Ad. H. 11, this office. 22tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

BUY THE WHITE. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the Stewart. } valuable present. See advertisement, local. Buy the New Stewart. } Nevertisement. local.

IF YOU want to keep peace and harmony in the family, get your wife one of our Pillow Sham Holders at Barr's, or drop postal to Jenelle Bros., 1525 Papin st. s26

PRICE $3 00. PRICE $3 00.

B. B. B.

DR. BRUCE'S BALM OF BEAUTY is not to be classed with the thousand and one other preparations sown broad-cast over the land, purporting to do what they cannot. This BALM OF BEAUTY is made on purely scientific and therapeutic principles and enjoys the highest testimony from the most prominent ladies in the land. It is always in use by the famous beauties of Georgia, in Asia, for the removal of blotches, freckles and tan, and for the complexion generally, and if used according to directions will, in from 3 to 6 weeks, give any one who uses it the freshness and fairness of a child. Warranted harmless and to do all that is claimed, or your money refunded. Sent to any address by express upon receipt of price. Price $3 00. Country orders should be sent to J. F. Bruce & Co., 522 Washington av., St. Louis, Mo. N. B.—For sale in St. Louis at retail only by T. & E. Catlin, 6th and Washington av.

WANTED—To adopt a good girl, from 10 to 14 years of age; a good home can be had in a farmer's family; send photo. Address Mrs. L. Elmer, Lebanon, Laclede county, Mo. m16

WANTED.—A Newfoundland pup not over six months old; state where can be seen and price. Ad. G. 47, this office. m26

WANTED—A second-hand Martin guitar in good order; no objection to age; state price. Address P. S. F., box 203, Alton, Ill. m26

MUSICAL.

A SECOND-HAND piano, in good order; will sell cheap. 2706 Market st. 27

HENRY F. MILLER PIANOS have won a recognized place among the few leading makes of the world. J. A. Kieselhorst, agent, 2706 Market st. 27

PIANOS—Wheelock pianos, the best now made, for sale on easy payments at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive street.

SECOND-HAND piano wanted for cash. J. W. Otto, 1724 Pine st. 127

EDUCATIONAL.

FRANKLIN COMMERCIAL AND Mathematical Institute, Granite Building, southwest corner Fourth and Market.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st., open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

WANTED—For the coming year, a first-class penman and book-keeper, at Clark's Academy, 2076 Olive street. Inquire from 8 to 10 a. m. at Academy. 29

LOST AND FOUND.

ON 20th, a black and tan dog, large ears, red collar. Liberal reward. Leave at 24 S. 8th st., up stairs. 140

FINANCIAL.

Money to Loan.

$50,000. $5,000, $3,000, $1,000 on real estate at 6 per cent.
Inquire at JOHN LADY'S,
305½ Olive street.

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brodski & Voorhis, 603 Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN on household furniture without removal; terms to suit borrower; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. 8th.

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from 20c to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth street.

ALL SORTS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

BUY THE WHITE. } At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the Stewart. } valuable present. See advertisement, local. Buy the New Stewart. } Nevertisement. local.

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. HONEY.
W. M. NIX,
424 N. Second st.

Bonsack & Vorel,
Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, Milk Trucks. Painting and repairing.
MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

CROWN VAPOR STOVE is the best in the world, and is made at 1015 Washington avenue.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at H. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery 218 North Fourth street.

ICE BREWERS, ice retailers, butchers, packers, grocers, and panting humanity generally, can buy 100 lbs to a car-load of Litchfield Reservoir Ice (purest in the market) at our new branch office and wagon scales, railroad track, Eighteenth and Clark avenue

JAMES A. SMITH & SON.

ICE SHIPPED by barge-loads or car-loads to all accessible points.

HUSE & LOOMIS ICE AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

405 Washington avenue,
St. Louis, Mo.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 518 Walnut st.

Loans large and small amounts. Builders' wages or city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

STRICTLY pure wines and liquors, by the bottle, gallon or barrel, at T. Julian Smith's, 513 Walnut st.

YOUR WIFE wants one of our Pillow Sham Holders, or a fine season seat or drop postal to Jenelle Bros., 1525 Papin st. s27

LODGE NOTICES.

NOTICE—All plumbers' laborers are requested to attend at Turners' hall, Tenth street, between Market and Walnut streets, on Thursday, the 10th, at 8 p. m. w33

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL—The depot and office of Young's Ale Brewery has been removed to No. 18 N. second street, between Market and Chestnut. s28

FREE OF CHARGE

All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," for either situations or help—male or female—will be inserted without charge. All other "Wants," not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, fen cents each insertion. The Post Dispatch has a much larger city circulation than any other paper in St. Louis, and is specially adapted for small advertisements under this head. To secure proper classification advertisements must be handed in before one o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

FIRE-PLACE heaters and furnaces; all kinds and prices 115 and 117 Washington.

YOUNG man, now bookkeeping for a manufacturing firm, wants situation in wholesale dry goods house; had three years' experience in retail store; best reference furnished. Ad T. 15, t. o.

Clerks and Salesmen.

A YOUNG man wants a situation as collector in good house. Ad. L. 40, this office. m27

AN experienced salesman, having horse and wagon, desires to sell or deliver goods. Ad. L. ... veling salesman, with an es... is open for an engagement. See. 127

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

BY young man 22 years of age in good retail dry goods store; has had seven years' experience; will give best city reference. Ad. R. 57, this office.

SITUATION by a young man of good business qualifications and seven years' experience in retail drug store a situation as salesman for some wholesale house, druggist or groceries preferred; can furnish best of ref. and well acquainted through Southern Illinois, Missouri and Kansas. Address, for two weeks, C. H. Davis, Belleville, Ill. w37

SITUATION wanted as clerk in a wholesale store. Ad L. 29, this office. m37

SITUATION in drug store by a young man aged 23, with four and a half years' experience; strictly temperate and good ref. Ad. Isaac N. Empli, 11 N. 8th st., care Ivy House. m37

SIT, by a German; good salesman, well acquainted with private families and stores. Ad. M. 38, this office. w37

WANTED—Situation in drug store by young man of four years' experience; good refs. Ad. L. 35, this office. m37

WANTED—A situation in grocery store to learn the business. Ad. L. 39, this office. m37

WANTED—A situation by man and wife as hotel clerk and housekeeper. Have had experience. No objections to leave the city. Ad. R. 50, this office. 137

YOUNG man with 6 years' experience in a railroad office desires a situation here or elsewhere; good penman; best of refs. Ad. L. 46, t. o.

The Trades.

A PRACTICAL engineer and machinist desires a situation either as engineer or machinist, in city or country. Ad. R. 46, this office. 133

A engineer, capable of doing his own repairing, with best of reference, wants a job. Ad. M. 41, this office. w38

BY a first-class engineer and machinist, in city or country; best of refs. Ad. M. 37, this office.

WANTED—A situation as the Board of Trade; have had experience. Address R. 28, this office. 138

WANTED situation by a licensed engineer; good refs. R. 56, this office. w38

Cooks.

SITUATION by a competent man-cook for country hotel. L. 47, this office. 140

Stenographers.

POSITION wanted by a stenographer and typewriter operator, who has had 3 years' experience as correspondent and bookkeeper; can furnish own machine. Stenographer, 2613 Pine st. w41

SHORT-HAND corresponding clerk, engaged during the day, wants official work for a couple of hours in the evening. Ad T. 38, t. o.

Boys.

A LADY wants to get work for her two boys, ages 11 and 14. Ad. Charles M., 919 N. 14th.

A BOY of 14 wishes a situation in some store or office. W. Richter, 1014 Julia st. m42

A BOY of 15 wishes a situation of some kind; can give good references. Ad. M. 43, this office. w42

A BOY of 14 wishes a situation of any kind. N. 52, this office. w42

A SMART boy of 15 wishes a situation to learn the grocery business; can give the best of refs. Address B., 2?5 St. Charles. w42

A RELIABLE boy of 16 wants situation in some wholesale house. N. 53, this office. w42

A BOY wishes a situation in a tin shop; has served fifteen months at the trade. Ad. R. 59, this office. w42

A BOY of 15 wants a situation in a commission merchant's or wholesale house, where he can advance; good references. Ad. R. 62, this office. w42

A BOY wishes situation to drive a delivery wagon. Ad L. 42, this office. w42

A BOY 14 years old wants situation at any kind of work. 1818 Franklin av., in the rear. w42

A BOY of 15 wishes a place in a store or office. Ad. N. 44, this office. w42

A YOUTH 16 years of age wants a situation to learn a good trade; can give best of ref. Ad. R 36, this office. 142

BOY of 16 desires a situation of any kind. Address R. 58, this office. m42

A BOY of 14 wishes a situation to drive a wagon or to clean office. Ad. N. 45 this office. w42

A BOY of 15 learning shorthand, would like a situation of some kind where he can improve his hand. Address R. 60, this office. w42

A BOY of 15 wishes to learn the harness trade. Address 1424 S. 7th st. 142

A BOY of 15 wishes situation in office or store; speaks German and English. Ad R. 60, this office.

A BOY of 15 wishes work of any kind. Ad. N. 43, this office. w42

I WISH to learn the grocery business; 17 years old. Ad. M. 44, this office. 142

WANTED—A situation by a boy of 15 to drive delivery wagon or learn some trade. Ad. L. 31, this office. m42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 17 in a grocery or saloon; is willing to work and can give the best of ref. Ad. L. 31, this office. w42

WANTED—Situation by boy 18 years of age to go to the country; is good scholar. 3408 Laclede av. w42

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG man wishes a place where he can learn the trade of carpenter; can furnish ref. Ad. A. T., 111 Stoddard av. s8

A SITUATION WANTED—As porter, or anything else by the week or day and will give good ref. Ad. R. 61, this office. w42

A YOUNG man wants situation as collector or to do office work; can give the best of references. Ad. N. 46, this office. 2?8

A YOUNG man, 16 years, wishes a situation in order; good ref. given. Address L. 19, this office. m42

A YOUNG man having some experience in the seed and grain business would like a position as correspondent, solicitor or salesman. Ad. R. 34, this office. m41

A YOUNG man in delicate health desires to do chores etc., for his board for a few months. L. 17, this office. m42

BY a young man in some dry goods or grocery house in the business; can speak German and English. Ad. M. 15, this office. 143

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st., open day and night all year. Write for circulars.

LIGHT employment by man in receipt of small position; willing to work for small salary. Address for a week C. Jackson, 1?4 N. 8th st., city.

MAN of business wants a situation at once. Address L. 32, this office. m28

SIT by young man at work of any kind; good ref. Ad. D. D., Y. M. C. A., 11th and Locust. m41

SITUATION wanted by single man to work on a gentleman's place or to take care of horses; wages second; ref. Ad. R. 54, this office.

SITUATION wanted to learn to set type, or any other good trade, by boy 16 years old. Ad. R. 39, this office. w43

SITUATION wanted by a young man of 17 years in a wholesale house or railroad office; good penman; quick at figures; good reference. Address R. 58, this office. w43

SITUATION by an old business man as collector, or delivery wagon or any other wagon. Call on F. H. R., 618 Market st. w43

SITUATION by a man of experience as assistant clerk in a retail grocery; reference given. Ad. O. 20, this office. 143

SITUATION by a strong, able-bodied young man in hardware store or railroad office; am not afraid of work. Ad. N. 47, this office. w43

SIT, by a man who thoroughly understands the care of horses; is a expert driver and knows the city well ref. N. 50, this office. w43

WANTED—A situation as bartender by a man of experience, or will accept a position in wholesale house; best of city ref. Ad. G. 56, this office. w43

WANTED—A boy at glass-painting, by the day, by a practical painter, who can furnish his own tools and give references. Address Painter, 311 N. 6th st. w42

WANTED—Situation by a married man who is not afraid of work; city ref. Ad. L. 43, this office. m43

WANTED—A good working man to drive delivery wagon or any kind of work; has the night. Ad. L. 38, this office. m43

WANTED—Keeping work, addressing circulars or rock, by a good penman. Ad. R. 47, this office. 143

WANTED—Situation by a young married man, not afraid of work. Ad. D. W. H., 1822 Morgan st. w43

WANTED—Situation by a young man 28 years of age, in wholesale or retail grocery store; has had three years' experience; can give best of ref. Ad. R. 8, this office. 143

WANTED—By an Englishman, married, situation to manage a gentleman's estate; good carpenter, cabinetmaker and butler; understands gardening and care of horses; good ref. N. 48, this office. w43

WANTED—Circulars to distribute by a reliable man who has been (and is now) employed for several years by one house. Could distribute for other parties at the same time and at reasonable rates. Ad. G. 51, this office.

YOUNG married man (American) wants work of some kind bad; good city reference furnished from wholesale dry goods house; give me work. Address L. 48, this office. 143

YOUNG man speaking German and English, worked one year in delicatessen house, wishes to learn meat-cutting in meat shop. L. 41, this office. w43

YOUNG married man, sober and industrious, desires situation; willing to do anything whereby he can live. Address, for two days, H. 54, this office. 143

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A YOUNG widow lady of refinement desires a situation as saleslady, or housekeeper in a first-class small family; can give good reference. Address R. 51, this office. 144

FURNACES and fire-place heaters for hard and soft coal. 115 and 117 Washington av.

BY a lady who writes a good, rapid hand, any kind of copying to do. Ad. M. 26, this office.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Sewing to take home, by a lady who will give satisfaction in every way; ladies' and children's underwear a specialty. R. 52, t. o.

Housekeepers.

BY a German woman, a situation as housekeeper in a quiet family. Ad. M. 45, this office w47

General Housework.

BY German girl, situation to do housework. 1739 Franklin av. 148

GIRL of 16 wishes a place to assist in housework or to do up-stairs work. Call at 722 Morgan st.

SIT, wanted to do light housework. 1310 Carr st. 148

WANTED—A situation for housework and help at the washing and ironing. Ad. 929 N. 7th st.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework, cooking, washing and ironing in private family or boarding-house. Call at 1419 N. 7th st., rear. m48

YOUNG Swede girl wishes a situation to do housework. Address 2?6 S. 18th st. 148

Cooks.

A SITUATION wanted by a good cook; will assist with washing and ironing. 1?10 Gay st. m49

SITUATION wanted to cook, wash and iron in a private family or boarding-house; good references. Call at 1?18 St. Charles st., up-stairs. m49

WANTED—A place to cook; no objections to the country. Apply Saturday at 216 South Jefferson av. 149

WANTED to cook, or cook, wash and iron; first class references. Call at 1407 N. 12th st., after Monday. w49

Nurses.

A RESPECTABLE young woman wishes a situation as wet nurse at her home. 2608 Elliot av.

GERMAN girl, of 14 desires a situation as nurse or light housework. Call at 122 S N. Tenth st.

WANTED—Situation as nurse, by girl of 15. Ad. 1019 N. 8th st. 150

WANTED—A situation as lady's nurse during confinement; can come highly recommended; city ref. M. L. Neal, 1429 Morgan st. m50

WANTED—A position as nurse for children by a widow lady; best of references if required. 1414 Clark av. 150

YOUNG woman wishes a situation as wet nurse. Apply 1733 Lucas av. m50

Laundresses.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A YOUNG English girl wants a situation as laundress in a hotel or private family. Address B., 922 North 7th street. w51

WANTED—Situation as laundress by day or week; ref. given. Ad. 1228 Spruce st. m51

Miscellaneous.

A GIRL, 18 years old, wishes a situation in any kind of store; confectionery preferred. Call or address 2?1 Carr st., 2d floor, front room. m52

A GIRL wants a situation at house or dining-room work. 1818 Franklin av., in the rear. w52

WOMAN wants work with a child; no objection to country. 1533 Gratiot. m52

A YOUNG lady pianist, of fine attainments, with standard refs., will receive applications for a situation on all September 1. Ad. R. 49, this office.

A MOTHER wants a place to do light housework and sewing and her little daughter, 5 years old, as nurse; references given if required. Call on or address Mrs. C. E., 159 Belmont st. 152

A MIDDLE-AG

Wm. C. Little. H. E. Weber. Mitchell Scott.

Drafts Drawn on All Parts o Europe at Lowest Rates by

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

213 N. Third St., St. Louis,

Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS AND NOTES. Special attention given to defaulted bonds of Missouri Stocks and Bonds carried on Margin in New York. Terms liberal. Public sales made on 'Change.

MONEY.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask.
6's of 1881	1881	Jan & July	101½	101⅝
5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101	101⅛
4½ per cent bds	1891	J. D. & M.	114½	115
4 per cent bds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	119½	120⅜

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1886	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	106	108
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	108	110
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	107	109
Mo. 6-20's of 1875 and 1888	1895-'98	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 6-20's of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	100	

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1826-'94	Various	114	116
City 6's, gold	1893	May & Nov.	116	117½
City 6's, city	1898-'87	Various	107	109
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec 25	107	109
City water 6's	1899	June & Dec 25	109½	111½
City water 6's	1891	April & Oct.	113	114½
City 6's, gold	1901	Jan. & July	107	108½
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	114	116
County 7's, city	1903	Jan. & July	118	
County 6's, city	1895	Jan. & July	104½	

Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	108	109
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	109	111
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	117½	121
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	115	
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	110	112
K. P. D. Ex 7s	1909	May & Nov.	109	110
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	103	105
M. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	116	117

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$137	
Land warrants, 120 acres	139	
Land warrants, 80 acres	92	
Land warrants, 40 acres	45	
Clearings to-day	$3,783,749	
Balances to-day	$76,198	

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, August 7.—Money 3; prime mercantile 5@6; bar silver 113⅝. Exchange steady at 85¼ for long and 88¼ for sight. Government firm. State bonds inactive. Railroads dull and irregular. Stock market opened 4 higher for Richmond and Danville, 1 higher for Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, ¼ lower for Delaware and Albion, and irregular for the remainder of the list. During the morning the market was weak, and at midday a decline of ⅜@2 was recorded, in which Reading, Rochester and Pittsburg, New Jersey Central, Ontario and Western, Northern Pacific, common and preferred, were prominent, while Richmond and Danville fell off 2¾, but recovered 1¾; Memphis and Charleston sold up ¾.

New York Closing Quotations

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	63½	63¾	63⅛	63⅜
Central Pacific	77⅜	78⅜	77⅛	77⅞
Central Pacific	90¾	90¾	84¾	84¾
Chesapeake and Ohio				
Do pref				
Chicago and Alton	144	144	144	144
Chicago, St. P. M. & O	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
Do pref	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜
Omaha				
Chicago, R. I. & P	137⅜	137⅜	136¾	136⅞
Chicago, B. & Q	130⅜	130⅜	129⅞	130
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	122⅝	126	122⅜	122⅝
Do pref	138⅛	139⅛	136⅜	136⅝
Chicago, St. L. & N. O				
Chicago and Northwest	143⅜	144⅝	141	141⅜
Do pref				
Cen. Ohio, Cin. and L	87	87	87	87
Col., Chicago and I. C	13	13	12⅜	12⅜
Del., Lack. and Western	129¼	129¾	128	128
Delaware and Hudson	115⅝	115⅞	114⅞	115⅛
Denver and Rio Grande	62¾	62¾	61⅝	61⅝
Hannibal and St. Joe				
Do pref	93⅝	94	93⅜	93⅞
Houston and Texas				
Indiana, B and W				
Lake Shore	115⅜	116⅝	115⅛	115⅜
Lake Erie and Western	41	41	40⅝	40⅞
Louisville and Nashville	74¾	74¾	73¾	74
Marietta and Cincinnati				
Memphis and Charleston	59¾	60⅝	58⅝	58⅝
Michigan Central	103⅜	103⅝	99	99⅛
Missouri Pacific	106	106	104	105⅜
Mo., Kansas and Texas	40⅜	40⅜	39⅜	39⅜
Mobile and Ohio	21¾	21¾	21⅜	21⅜
Manhattan Elevated	83⅞	83⅞	83⅜	83⅜
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	137⅜	137⅜	136⅛	136⅜
Erie	40⅛	40⅝	40	40⅛
Northern Pacific	49¾	49¾	48	49
Do pref	91	91	89⅜	89⅜
Nashville, Chat. and St. L				
Norfolk and Western				
Do pref				
Ohio and Mississippi	29⅞	29⅞	28⅞	28⅞
Ohio Central	17⅜	17⅜	16⅜	16⅜
Ohio Southern				
Ontario and Western	27	27	25½	26
Pacific Mail				
Philadelphia and Reading	65	66	65⅜	65⅜
Peoria and Bureau	90⅞	91	86⅞	87
St. L. and San Francisco	60⅜	60⅜	60	60
Do 1st pref				
Texas Pacific	15⅜	15⅜	14⅞	15⅛
Union Pacific	119¾	119¾	113⅞	118⅝
Wabash, St. L. and P	38⅛	38⅜	37⅞	37⅞
Do pref	67⅞	67⅞	66⅛	66⅜
Western Union Tel. Co	87⅝	88⅜	88	88⅜
Terre Haute	37⅞	37⅞	37⅜	37⅜
Illinois Central	142⅜	142⅜	142	142

WEB M. SAMUEL. E. E. SAMUEL.

E. M. SAMUEL & SONS,

Commission Merchants,

101 N. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS.

Special attention given to consignments of grain.

R. R. MAGNUS,

Broker in

COTTON

Grain and Provisions,

219 CHESTNUT ST., ST. LOUIS.

CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Callender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; Brancker, Boxwell & Co., Liverpool.

R. H. SHOTWELL & CO.,

Brokers and Dealers in

Cotton, Grain and Provisions.

Orders promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago.

OFFICE: 216 S. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

EWING HILL, Member New York Cotton Exchange. W. H. COOK, Member Chicago Board of Trade.

EWING HILL & CO.,

Brokers in

Grain, Provision and Cotton,

122 North Third Street.

Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed in all leading markets. Telephone No. 543.

COMMERCE.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	912,488	274,620	486,907	9,483	
Saturday	910,509	293,154	476,488	11,386	
Aug. 5, 1881					

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis, FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING SATURDAY.

	City	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	10,941	45,239	83,640	129,370
Corn	8,811		5,539	14,370
Oats	9,580	184,887	62,204	256,757
Rye	800	3,898		3,698
Barley				

Grain Inspections.

IN—Wheat—2 cars No. 1 red, 192 cars 8,270 sks No. 2 red, 24 cars 2,966 sks No. 3 red, 5 cars 1,980 sks No. 4. 5 cars 1,124 sks rejected, 2 cars No. 1 Mediterranean, 54 cars No. 2 do, 10 cars No. 3 do. Total, 274 cars 14,340 sks.

Corn—2 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 3 cars rejected do, 25 cars No. 2 mixed, 3 cars rejected. Total, 33 cars.

Oats—18 cars No. 2, 16 cars rejected, 2 cars no-grade. Total, 36 cars.

Rye—1 car No. 2.

Total in, 344 cars 14,340 sks.

Out—Wheat—39 cars 124,512 bu No. 2 red, 21 cars No. 3 red, 1 car No. 4, 2 cars rejected, 17 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 2 cars No. 3 do. Total, 82 cars 154,512 bu.

Corn—3 cars No. 2 white-mixed.

Oats—51 cars No. 2, 3 cars rejected. Total, 54 cars.

Rye—12 cars No. 2.

Total out, 151 cars 124,512 bu.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

FLOUR—Receipts 10,466 brls. Firm, but very quiet, as the demand was light. We quote extra fancy $5 25@5 35 fancy $5 00@5 10; choice $4 85@4 95; family $4 45@4 60; XXX $3 90@4 10; XX $3 50@3 65; X $3 20@3 40; superfine $3 00@3 20; fine $2 80@3 00; favorite brands 15@25c higher; patents $3 80@3 50.

Wheat—Receipts 18,551 sks 111,000 bu. Higher. Grades strong and in demand, mainly for shipment, though there was a good milling inquiry. No. 3 red and No. 2 Mediterranean chiefly looked for, with latter showing most strength. Futures advanced buoyantly under encouraging advices and a good demand; closed 1¾@ higher for August and year, 1¾@ for September and 1¾@ for October and November, as compared with Saturday's close. No. 1 red 99¾ St. L.; No. 2 red cash 98¾@99¼, closing 98¾ regular, 99¾ E. s.; August 98@99¾, closing 99¾; September 98¾@99⅛, closing $1 00⅜; October $1 00¼@1 01¾; November $1 00, later $1 02¼; bid year 98¾@99; No. 3 red 96@96 regular, 96¼ bid E. s.; No. 4 92 t. s., 88 E. s.; rejected ——. No. 2 Mediterranean $1@99¾ regular, $1 00¼ E. s.; No. 3 do 97 t. s., 97¾ E. s.

Corn—Receipts 754 sks 28,600 bu. Higher for futures, but market dull and irregular, the near-by options showing most strength. August selling 1c higher, October ½c higher, and year closing ¼@½ above last. Grades quiet, as the demand was small and prices were not much changed, with the exception of No. 2 mixed. No. 2 mixed cash 76¾ in U, and E.; August 77¾; September 74¾ bid; October 71¾; November 64¾ and later 64¾ bid; year 61¾ to 61¾@62, closing 61¾; No. 3 white-mixed cash 85 in C., 85¼ in Y.; rejected do 85¼ in E. and bid t. s.; rejected 73¼ in E. and C.; 72 bid regular.

Oats—Receipts 438 sks, 45,000 bu. In August there was a sharp advance, as shorts and longs were buying freely and run prices up largely, though it eased off from the top, closing 9½c above Saturday; September and October closing 1c lower; year closed the same. Grade No. 2 opened higher, but broke down, with free offerings and sellers and an inadequate demand, closing 1c off. No. 3 white-mixed sold at 45¾ regular, 46¾ in St. L.; August 40@42¾, closing at 42; September 38¾; October 35¾ bid; year 34¾@34½; No. 3 mixed ——; rejected 45@46 in U., 43 in D., 44¾ in St. L., 44@44¾ E. s.; no grade 36 in St. L.

Rye—Receipts 197 sks, 850 bu. Higher and wanted for shipment, but offerings light. No. 2 sold at 62¾ in St. L., and 63 was bid for E. s. October salable at 65.

Hay—Receipts 518 tons. Unchanged in price and demand good for sound, but considerable of the offerings out of condition. This side—Prairie $8@10; timothy $18@22; S. track—Mixed $12@18; timothy $19@20.

Milfeed higher under an Eastern demand. Sacked bran 60@67 at mill., 68@69 E. track; bulk 60 f. o. b. E. track.

Provisions—Receipts 3,850 brls pork, 381 lbs hams, 53,256 lbs meats, 386 lbs lard, 1,800 lbs grease. Higher in all the market and feeling buoyant. Demand active and movement large, buyers taking hold freely. Standard mess pork sold readily at $12 75. Lard ordinary 9¾; 10.45c. Loose hams fairly cut-houses sold at 9 60, long clear and clear ribs at 13@13.10 and short clear at 13¾; packed shoulders at 9½; long clear and clear ribs at 13¾ and short clear at 13¾. Packed bacon long clear and clear ribs at 14¾, short clear at 14¾, loose long clear at 14, clear ribs at 14.10, short clear at 14.25. Hams range from 12@16½; orders ½c higher. Tallow 7¾@8 for prime and choice country in oil; inquiry pkgs and falling off lots 7¾@8¼; grease tallow 6¾@7. Breakfast bacon 15¾@17c. Grease 5½@6c for brown, 6¼@7½c yellow, 7¾@8½c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00@17 per brl, according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; city extra 7 50 for sorting; choice 17c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt—Lake $1 20@25 per brl. Ground alum $1 10 per sack.

Highwines steady with sales 103 brls at $1 15. Chicago rate $1 13; Milwaukee $1 15.

Lead dull; no perceptible demand, as buyers are all well supplied. Refined not worth over $4 75, at which it is learned latest sales were made, and hard at $4 70. Spelter dull at $5.

Flaxseed—Higher and stronger; demand good from all classes of buyers. Sales made at $1 18 early to $1 20 late, all pure test.

Closing Prices—1 P.M.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—August $1 05¾; September $1 05¾; October $1 06; year $1 05¾. Corn—August ——; September ——; October ——; year 65¾.

DETROIT.

Wheat—August $1 05¾; September $1 04¾; October $1 04¾; November $1 05 b.; year $1 03¾.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular: August $1 02¾; Sept. $1 04¾; October $1 05¾; year 99¾. Old—August ——; September ——; year ——. Corn—August 77¾; September 76¾; October 74¾; November 71; year 66¾. Oats—August 43¼; September 37⅞@37¾; October 36 bid; year 36. Pork—August $21 a.; September $21 07½; October $21 17½@20; year $19 35; January $19 80 b. Lard—August 12.40 b.; September 12¼@12.32½; October 12.57½@60; November 12.55; year 12¼; January 12.45 b.; February 13.35. Short ribs—September 12.37½; October 12.72½. Pork—August $20 98; September $21; October $21 10; year $19 35; January $10 75. Lard—August 12.45; September 12.47½; October 13.55; January 13.42½@45.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—August 99¾; September $1 00¾; October $1 01¾; November $1 02¾; year 99¾@⅞. Corn—August 76¾ b.; September 74¾; October 71¾; November 64¾; year 61¾. Oats—August 42¾; September 36¾; October 35¾ b.; November —; year 34¾.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular: August $1 02¾; September $1 00½@¾; October $1 00¾; year 99½@¾. Old: August $1 03¾; September $1 00¾; year 99¾. Corn—August 77¾; September 76¾; October 74¾; November 71; year 66¾. Oats—August 43¼; September 37⅞@37¾; October 36 bid; year 36. Pork—August $21 a.; September $21 07½; October $21 17½@20; year $19 35; January $19 80 b. Lard—August 12.40 b.; September 12¼@12.32½; October 12.57½@60; November 12.55; year 12¼; January 12.45 b.; February 13.35. Short ribs—September 12.37½; October 12.72½. Prime steam lard 12¼@12½ for current receipts.

POULTRY—Quote: Live old chickens $3@3 25 for hens; $3 75@4 00 for mixed; $2 25@2 50 for cocks per doz. Spring chickens—Small and inferior $1 50@2; fair to good $2 25@3 50; choice $3 75; fancy $4; ducks $2 00@2 50; geese $3@3 50; turkeys $2 50@4 @ doz.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 36@38c; fancy 37; fair 35@35; low 28@31; unwashed—Choice medium 25¾@24½; medium clothing 21@23; medium coming 23¾@22½; low do 17@20; coarse and heavy 14@16; light fine 27@29; heavy do 16@19; dark do 15@18; burry and black 3@10c less. For each wool sack 25c and 3¾ tare is allowed.

HIDES—Quote: Green salted 7½@8¾, damaged 4@5; uncured 6½; damaged do; bulls and stags 5¾; damaged ——; green salted calf 12. Western Southern stock—Lower; dry salted 12 damaged do 10; dry flint 16; dry salted goat stock, dry 8; green 8.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 50 in large and 51 in small sacks, narrow quills 40@45; mixed and old 40@45. New crop 25@30. Tare 6 pr ct. on large, 10 on small sks.

APPLES—Choice red $225@2 50; green $1@1 50 medium $1 75@2 00 per brl.

CRANBERRIES—$7@7 25 for home-grown, on orders, per crate.

POTATOES—Sell at 55@70 per bu loose.

ONIONS—40@50 per bu, and $1 50@1 75 per bbl.

WHITE BEANS—Prime jobbing from store at $3 70@3 75.

CASTOR BEANS—$1 60 bid for prime.

FLAXSEED—Quotable at $1 20 for prime.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Sales, repacked: Oranges—Messina and Palermo ——; Rodi $7@7 50; Lemons—$8 50@7; bananas on orders $2@3 ⅌ b bunch; cocoanuts $4@$4 ⅌1,000.

GRASS SEED—Quote timothy $2@3 10; western mixed 80@90; German $2 40@3 00, Hungarian $5@90; red top ——; clover $5 87@5 00. Above from first hands; or-ders charge $c ⅌ ℔ extra.

BAGGING—Quote: Linseed 12½@13c; jute 2¼@2½c; cotton 9¾@10c; gunny 9¾@10c; lady slip-pers 7½@8c; bitter-sweet bark 5@6c.

BALING STUFF—We quote jute bagging 2¼@2¾ at 8¾@10 to 40 ℔s; 2¼@2½ do 9¾@10 for 2 lb; 2¼@2½ do 9¾@10 for 3 lb. Hemp twine 12¾@13. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 30.

SHOT—PELTS—We quote green shearings 10@15; pelts 75@$1 25 dry pelts 25@75; do shearings 10@15. Prices governed by amount and quantity of wool on pelts.

HOPS—New York 21@40c; Washington Territory ——.

RYE FLOUR—Jobs at 5¼ 00@5 30 del ⅌ brl.

SORGHUM—Salable at 25@30c ⅌ gal.

HEMP—We quote: Undressed hemp $5@00; dressed hemp $140@15c; shorts $120@14; backing tow $ 5@60; break tow $3@40 per ton.

CORDAGE—We quote sisal 12½ del.

PECANS—Western 7@8c; Texas 9@10.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ⅌ 100 lbs: Wrought 90; heavy cast ⅌ stove 3 ——; plows St. Louis 80; Sirse—heavy 85; light 85. Copper $ 8. Bones $16@17; dry buffalo $21.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 75; coal oil 51@ 1 00; whisky 75@——.

RAGS—Country mixed 1¾@1¾; grass rope 2¾ @ 3.

BROOM CORN—Crooked 4; common straight 5@6; prime 6¾@7¾; choice green hurl 8¾@9.

BEESWAX—Southern yellow 26@27; dark 19 @20.

DEERSKINS—Prime 24@28; heavy winter 20@slted and mess 17@18; green ——.

COOPERAGE—We quote the range Flour bris—City run 40@42; country 38; medium clothing 21@23; medium coming 23¾@22½; low do 17@20; coarse and heavy 14@16; light fine 27@29; heavy do 16@19; dark do 15@18; burry and black 9@10c less. For each wool sack 25c and 3¾ tare is allowed.

HIDES—Quote: Green salted 7½@8¾, damaged 4@5; uncured 6½; damaged do; bulls and stags 5¾; damaged ——; green salted calf 12. Western Southern stock—Lower; dry salted 12 damaged do 10; dry flint 16; dry salted goat stock, dry 8; green 8.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 50 in large and 51 in small sacks, narrow quills 40@45; mixed and old 40@45. New crop 25@30. Tare 6 pr ct. on large, 10 on small sks.

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POTATOES—Sell at 55@70 per bu loose.

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WHITE BEANS—Prime jobbing from store at $3 70@3 75.

CASTOR BEANS—$1 60 bid for prime.

FLAXSEED—Quotable at $1 18¾ for sound, pure test

F. W. GU... 627 Olive... Photographer, ...s. Louis. ...d Pictures. Special ...nd Pastel. ... Exposition, Paris.

SADDLE ROCK ... Clams, Clam Chowder, Game, served in ... N. Fifth ... Mears, Fish and MILFORD'S, 114 ...room for Ladies.

CHEAP ... MEDIUM ... FINE ... GOODS

Any quality you want and always at Bottom Prices.

Robt. D. Patterson & Co.

STAPLE ... ERS,

316 and 318 ... Third Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

TO-DAY be on hand ... good season at D. Crawford & Co.'s. ... some of the great bargains now ... offered from Cramer's bankrupt stock. ... other great reductions for this week.

GENUINE BOSTON ART FURNITURE In St. Louis at Boston Prices. No extra charge for ... GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO., 800 N. Fourth street, cor. St. Charles.

SUPERIOR EAU DE COLOGNE, equal to the imported, in pint bottles. Pozzoni, 507 N. Sixth street.

DR. DINSBEER removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. Pays special attention to gentlemen.

Dr. E. C. Chase, 925 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

CALL and see Van Bibroom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Manager Collins takes a benefit on the evening of the 17th inst., on which occasion "The Mascot" is underscored for production.

"The Sorcerer" has met with success at Uhrig's Cave, and is presented by Ford's Opera Company in excellent style, with both the prime donne, Miss Blanche Chapman and Miss Marie Hoskell, in the cast. The management have made a special feature of the scenery, which appears in unusually good shape. "The Sorcerer" will be repeated tonight.

The company secured to support Miss Pearl Eytinge next season in the English drama of "Bronson" is as follows: Samuel Brown, Ernest Bartram, C. T. Cummings, Edward E. Parker, A. W. Purcell, Willis Granger, Harry Strong, C. L. Derious, Marion P. Clifton, Ciara Fenwick, Alice Mansfield and Edith Gray. The business of the advance representative has been delegated to W. R. Falls. Time is filled to the last week in April, and the season begins at the People's Theater, in this city, September 17.

THE young man or woman who must forego society because of mortifying freckles, tan, tetter, pimples and ... ching excoriations of the face should use some of Dr. Benson's Skin Cure. It cleanses the scalp and is good for the toilet.

BABY CARRIAGES, VERY CHEAP! To Reduce Stock. At Simmons' Hardware Company.

Hotel Personals.

L. Hamilton, San Francisco, Cal., is at Barnum's.

J. K Sullivan, Washington, D. C., is at the Planters'.

Geo. H. Nettleton, Kansas City, Mo., is at the Southern.

W. Livermore, U. S. army, is at the Southern.

D. F. Wilber and wife, Oconita, N. Y., are at the Southern.

A. C. L. Hill and wife, Bryan, Tex., are at the S. James.

Geo. T. Brown and J. M. Eddy, Sedalia, are at the Southern.

J. S. Miles and W. Worman, Dayton, O., are at the Southern.

C. H. Hasting and family, Lake Port, Ark., are at the Planters'.

A. B. Knott and Mrs. Cline, Monticello, Ill., are at the Lindell.

W. S. Osborn and J. J. Baldwin, Toledo, O., are at the Planters'.

Wm. Parker, mining operator, Leadville, Col., is at the Southern.

D. D. Sparrow and F. R. Harris, New York, are at the Lindell.

H. B. Baker, Boston, and Wm. W. Miller, Philadelphia, are at the Lindell.

Mrs. R. L. Rosser and Miss Mary Guillat, Dallas, Tex., are at the Southern.

M. Goddard, Parsons, Kas., and S. P. Trissler, Fort Scott, Kas., are at Barnum's.

W. S. Brotherton, clerk in the Auditor's office, Jefferson City, is at Hotel Baraum.

Chas. B. Smith, Cleveland, and John A. Harper, Eureka Springs, are at the Lacede.

H. Crawford, Murphysboro, Ill., and E. D. Graham, Mexico, Mo., are at the St. James.

Rev. Dr. H. Talbird, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Lexington, Mo., is at the Lacede.

T. F. Carmack, Springfield, Mo., and D. McMaille, Sarcoxie, Mo., are at the Hotel Barnum.

W. M. A. Townsend, Springfield, Mo., and L. Trowbridge, Napoleon, Ohio, are at the Planters'.

D. H. Barnes and wife, Little Rock, Ark., and Harry Flanders and wife, Columbus, Tex., are at the Lacede.

Geo. C. Tichenor, London, England; Geo. Brooks, Detroit, Mich., and S. G. Holmes, Buffalo, N. Y., are at Hurst's.

John A. Brady, Louisville, Ky., Mrs. Adeline Duncan, Lawrence, Kas., and Mrs. Mattie Brookson, Hutchinson, Kas., are at the Planters'.

M. E. French, merchant and cattle operator, Mustoges, I. T.; C. E. Collins and Chas. Kilbourne, cotton factors, Clinton, La., are at Hurst's.

A. G. King, Bluffton, Ind.; C. W. Carter and two daughters, Chicago; J. B. Hayden, Owensboro, Ky.; S. W. Block and E. P. Blaud, Girard, Kas., are at Hotel Hunt.

As a remedy for Dyspepsia and a means of counteracting the results of exposure to the weather and sudden changes of temperature, Coldon's Liquid Beef Tonic, in pint bottles, is an A1 article. *Ask for Coldon's, take no other.* Of druggists generally.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, corrects dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and by giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE GREEN GRAB.

Formal Ratification of the Purchased Fair Election.

The Directors Appeal the Case, However —Proceedings in Court.

Judge Boyle's division of the Circuit Court, No. 3, was kept open until to-day to receive and act upon the report of the Fair Directory election held last Saturday under order of that branch of the court. Judge Thayer mounted the bench of court No. 3 this morning shortly after ten o'clock and the following report was handed up to him by Mr. James Taussig of counsel representing the Green element in the fight.

We, the undersigned judges appointed by the Judge of Circuit Court No. 3 for an election of twenty-one directors of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association held at the office of the Association on Saturday certify that the gentlemen hereafter named received the number of votes set opposite their respective names and that no other persons were voted for at said election:

A. B. Pendleton	667
Julius S. Walsh	666
Charles Green	706
James C. Edwards	664
R. P. Tansey	665
Johnston Beggs	665
Moses Fraley	668
George Bain	668
David Clarkson	665
John G. Prather	665
Edward Martin	665
John J. Menges	665
Edwin Harrison	632
D. P. Rowland	665
H. L. Dousman	646
John Scullin	665
S. M. Dodd	611
L. M. Rumsey	756
A. B. Ewing	572
Wm. W. Withnell	646
James S. Farrar	663
E. A. Filley	2

The following were duly elected directors: A. B. Pendleton, Julius S. Walsh, Charles Green, James C. Edwards, R. P. Tansey, Johnston Beggs, Moses Fraley, George Bain, David Clarkson, John G. Prather, Edward Martin, John J. Menges, Edwin Harrison, D. P. Rowland, H. L. Dousman, John J. Scullin, S. M. Dodd, L. M. Rumsey, A. B. Ewing, William W. Withnell and James S. Farrar.

Respectfully submitted,
A. B. EWING,
JOHN A. WAISH,
N. S. CHOUTEAU,
Judges.

Of course no other report was looked for. All the opposition to the Green directory had been withdrawn and the prime movers in the litigation were absent from the city. The Green element having been virtually ousted by Judge Boyle's decision ordering a new election, every effort was made pending the second election to buy up the shares that would have been voted for on opposition tickets, and there was no opposition at all. Having won the legal victory the citizens or anti-Green element were content, and were moreover ordered to jeopardize the interests of the Fair at this advanced stage by any changes in the management. Judge Thayer asked C. M. Napton, representing the contestant's or citizen's ticket, if any exceptions would be taken to the report of the Judges.

Mr. Napton replied in the negative. The gentlemen professionally interested in the Fair directory contest are somewhat disgusted at the action of the victorious element, allowing the management of the Fair to slip out of their grasp after the courts had sustained their position. The attorneys' remuneration for the legal services was so small that little interest was manifested in the election, the result of which was a foregone conclusion.

Mr. Taussig announced that the defendants, Messrs. Pendleton, Green and others, would take steps to appeal from Judge Boyle's decision on the question of law involved in the contest, the conduct of the annual elections and the laws governing them; the reception or rejection of proxy votes and votes in respect of shares transferred within thirty days of the election and other points in controversy. Although Judge Boyle's decision was in a sense a judgment of ouster the directors elected in January held on, and the affairs remained in their control until the second election.

Mr. Napton remarked that the directors elected in January last were the same as those elected last Saturday. The court announced that the report just handed in would be confirmed which furnished authority for the gentlemen elected to hold their positions; that was all that he considered it necessary to do. Mr. Taussig then prepared his bill of exceptions, which was handed in and the parties dispersed, Mr. Green leaving the court with a smile which he has not exhibited for several months.

BELLEVILLE.

The boys of the Fire Department presented on Saturday night Chief Herman Oester with a fine shield, which he now proudly displays.

The English Catholics have purchased four lots on the corner of Oak and Second North street for $2 000 from J. B. Reuchelar, and will erect a magnificent church during the fall.

Thirty-five delegates and alternates were selected at the precinct Democratic meeting held here on Saturday night to attend the County Convention to be held in Belleville on August 12. A committee of nine, consisting of Messrs. Chatoner, McCullough, Scheel, Phillips, Wilding, Neuberger, Brockhaus, Camfield and W. E. Ward were appointed and selected the following delegates and alternates:

Delegates—James Kerr, John Richardson, Peter Paro, Tim. J. McCarty, Philip Schmidt, John App, Samuel Swancutt, John Kloes, Chas. Schmiseur, Eugene Oele, Jos. E. Miller, J. N. Bichel, Victor Fourne, James Mason, Jacob Gundiach, Jr., James Million, Anton Hemmer, L. C. Starkel, Geo. W. Brockhaus, Sam. Newberger, W. E. Ward, Irwin C. Wamjelin, August Krausse, G. H. Koerner, Henry Viemann, Peter Rodemeyer, Wm. Wiedemerer, Andrew Bien, Wm. Albriet, Richard Chew, Chas. Frech, Ferdinand Sunkel, Benjamin Kaub, John Tenner and August Haubertusen. The alternates are: Jas. M. Collins, Joseph Allen, John King, Richard White, George E. Burneon, Wm. Joungbaenne, Wm. Jacques, Louis Krurg, John W. Grey, Franz Feigmacher, John D. Storker, Domenic Miller, Martin Aummel, Geo. B. Phillips, E. B West, Jr., Adam Bodgeir, Joseph Mona, J. B. McCullough, Joseph Dilon, John Burr, Martin Schaffer, F. R. Wilding, Wm. Delimann, John Winter, Albert Goeltz, Joseph Dorn, C. H. Camfield, Ed. Leopold, Henry Thebus, A. G. Fleishbeir and Fred E Scheel.

A Newsboy Drowned.

The Coroner held an inquest this morning on the body of Sampson Underwood, the young colored boy who was drowned in the quarry pond on Columbus and Jackson streets yesterday. His stepfather, Robert Ennis, testified that the boy was 9 years old and sold papers. Yesterday morning he left his home, No. 1700 Jackson street, to peddle the morning papers. This was the last seen of him by the witness until he was brought home drowned. Willie Monroe, a newsboy, testified that he and Underwood went to the pond to take a bath. Deceased had started to swim out into the water, when suddenly he went beneath the water. He came up four times, but there was no one to help him out. He apparently had a cramp. John Bauer testified that he had gone to the pond to take a swim. He was informed that Underwood had been drowned. The witness went into the water and diving for the body brought it out. The Coroner rendered a verdict of death from drowning.

A CLEVER THIEF.

Arrest of a Bogus Conductor and Dealer in Brass Jewelry.

Sergeant Burke and Detective Armstrong arrested a man giving his name as P. H. McDonald at the Union Depot this morning. The man has been around the depot for over a week, and during that time has picked up considerable money. His story is that he has just arrived from England. He will go to a person and tell him that he has arrived in the city in a destitute condition and needs something to eat. Then he takes from his pocket a heavy band ring stamped on the inside as 18 carat gold, and offers to sell it for a comparatively small amount. In four or five cases he has sold three rings for from $3 to $5. On the day before yesterday he beguiled Mrs. Peters, an old woman residing on Thirteenth and Poplar streets, into buying one of them for $3. The woman cleans cars at the depot, and McDonald so worked on her sympathy that she borrowed a dollar in order to make up the amount. In addition to his confidence work he is something of a thief. This morning a colored society was at the depot preparing to leave on an excursion to Belleville. A colored woman had taken a seat in the car when McDonald came in and called for tickets. She handed hers to him and he slid out, not, however, until he had secured another ticket from a confiding colored man. Burke caught him while he was in the act of disposing of them to a broker. When searched at the Four Courts seven of the rings were found on his person. A warrant for obtaining money under false pretenses was sworn out against him, and he was placed in jail.

GO over our want columns carefully. There is something there you want to see.

THE great value of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for all diseases of women is demonstrated by every day experience. The writer of this had occasion to step into the principal pharmacy of a city of 140,000 inhabitants, and on inquiry as to which is the most popular proprietary medicine of the time, was answered that Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound occupies a most conspicuous place in the front rank of all remedies of this class. —[Journal.

TELEPHONE office of the POST-DISPATCH, for the convenience of want advertisers, with John W. O'Brien, druggist, 1727 Cass avenue.

New Warrants.

The following warrants were issued by the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney to-day: One for grand larceny against Harry Elliott, the man who was found by William E. Carr, a Wabash clerk, in the latter's room, corner of Fifth and Pine streets, on Saturday night last. Carr went into his room to retire for the night. Elliott was coolly ransacking his trunk and effects. He held a revolver in one hand and as Carr came in Elliott grabbed up two suits of clothing and hurriedly left. An officer overtook him and locked him up.

A charge of grand larceny was preferred by Michael Moran against George William. At 3 o'clock this morning Moran was sleeping off the effects of his Sunday's debauch on a box on St. Charles street, near Twelfth, Williams happened by and seeing a good "graft" went through the sleeping man's pocket. He secured $30 in cash and was leaving when a young man named William McGee, who clerks for Police Commissioner Kinkead, called the attention of an officer to the robbery. William was arrested and locked up.

A warrant for assault to kill was issued against Patsy Barnes, who vainly attempted to kill John Gart at No. 1328 North Fourteenth street on Saturday night last. The men had a quarrel during the afternoon about their children. Soon afterwards Barnes secured a revolver and went into Gart's house, and without a word of warning commenced blazing away. He fired six shots at his would-be victim, one of which took effect in the left hand. When the contents of the pistol was expended Barnes was arrested and locked up. He deplored his poor marksmanship.

TELEPHONE office of the POST DISPATCH for the convenience of want advertisers with Charles Gulath, druggist, 2613 Carondelet avenue.

CITY NEWS.

The Barbers' Union had its annual picnic yesterday at Bartold's Grove. There was a large gathering of the tonsorial knights and their friends.

The Mount Zion branch of the colored Methodist-Episcopal Church is in in camp at Nature Grove, near St. Charles. There is a large attendance from the city.

Eliza Johnson, a colored stranger, stepped into a levee saloon, yesterday afternoon, had a game of cards and a drink and died suddenly in a chair, half an hour afterwards.

Three lads were drowned while bathing yesterday, Ed. Patterson, colored, at the foot of Wash street; Samuel S. Underwood, colored, in a pond on Arsenal street, and Jerry Murphy, a ten-year-old white boy, in the river below Carondelet.

The funeral service of A. C. Travis, the well-known insurance agent, was attended yesterday afternoon by a large number of business men and leaders of the secret orders. The burial will take place with Masonic honors at Pleasant Hill, Mo., to-day.

The St. Lawrence Lend League yesterday adopted memorial resolutions upon the death of Miss Fanny Parnell. The Ladies' League gave their second annual excursion up the river yesterday. About 500 persons enjoyed a pleasant trip, with music and dancing on the Colorado.

Joseph Brown, a salesman at Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney's, fell in his sleep from a third-story window in the New Building, 814 Market street, to the sidewalk below at a late hour last night. He was severely injured, but will recover. He was occupying a strange room at the time, and walked to the open window.

The Redemptorist Fathers yesterday celebrated the feast of the patron St. Alphonsus, and in the afternoon there were corner-stone ceremonies on the Grand avenue grounds, laying the foundation of the new school. There was a procession of the children and the church societies and a distinguished attendance of the Catholic clergy.

Chaplain Mullens, of the army, occupied the pulpit of the Central Christian Church yesterday, referring to the prohibition question. He holds that the movement can no longer be ignored by press, pulpit, or political parties. There is too much maudlin sentimentality about "the poor drunkard." He should be strictly accountable for his condition, and everybody should be strictly temperate in all things.

Go over our want columns carefully. There is something there you want to see.

Important to Shippers.

It has been agreed by the Union Pacific, Missouri and Texas Pacific, Central Pacific, Southern Pacific and the Atcheson, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Companies to repeal the joint circular, No. C. 25, dated May 24, amending the westbound California classification on hardware, agricultural implements, wagons, etc., and until further notice the classification in force just previous to the issuance of the amendment will apply upon all articles named therein. This arrangement will take effect and be operative after August 10.

WON BY CHANCE.

St. Louis Defeats Cincinnati—Umpire Carey and Charley Snyder—Notes.

The Cincinnatis and the Browns met yesterday at Sportsmen's Park before 11,000 people. The only good thing about the game was that the St. Louis boys won, although how they did it was hard to see. They were outbatted and played loose enough in the field, but luck was with them. To illustrate this, Sullivan, the St. Louis catcher, had just eight passed balls, yet he was lucky enough not to let in a single run by all of them. Both nines played well at times, and at others ordinary amateurs could discount the exhibition. Score, St. Louis, 6; Cincinnati, 3. Base hits, Cincinnati, 10; St. Louis, 8. McGinnis, by this coolness, really won the game.

The Standards and the Nationals, of East St. Louis, played a ten-inning game across the river yesterday afternoon, which was a much better exhibition than the one given at Grand avenue. At the close of the ninth inning the score stood 5 each. In the tenth the Nationals hit hard and got in two runs, while the Standards were blanked.

At Cincinnati, Saturday, the home team slaughtered the St. Louis Browns, the score being Cincinnati, 13; St. Louis, 1. Doyle pitched for the Browns, of course.

At Worcester, Mass., on Saturday, the score was, Worcester, 9; Detroit, 4.

At Baltimore—Eclipse of Louisville, 5; Baltimore, 2.

At Providence—Cleveland, 2; Providence 1.

At Boston—Chicago, 12; Boston, 2.

At Philadelphia—Allegheny, 6; Athletic, 5.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 13; Philadelphias, 3.

At New York—Metropolitans, 5; Troy, 2.

In the League, Providence is ahead, having won 36 games and lost 21; Chicago second, having won 34 games and lost 20; Detroit third, 32 games won and 22 lost; Boston fourth, 29 games won and 26 lost; Buffalo fifth, 27 games won and 28 lost; Cleveland sixth, 26 games won and 29 lost; Troy tied with Cleveland on 26 games won, but the former has lost 30 games; Worcester last, 12 games won and 43 lost.

In the American Association Cincinnati is in the lead, with 33 games won and 16 lost; Athletic second, 28 games won and 19 lost; St. Louis third, 27 games won and 27 lost; Eclipse of Louisville, fourth, 23 games won and 20 lost; Alleghenies fifth, 20 games won and 24 lost; Baltimores last, 10 games won and 35 lost.

The Branch, Cookes & Co. sawyers played the Curtis & Co. sawyers yesterday. Score: Branch, Cookes & Co., 11; Curtis & Co., 1.

Excelsior Council, No. of H., beat Compton Hill on Saturday by a score of 24 to 1.

RACING

At Monmouth Park, N. J., Saturday, Maid of Athol first in the five furlongs; Felicia second. Time, 1:04¾. In the 1¼ miles, Yorkshire first; Itaska second. Time, 2:13¾. Glenmore won the 1½ miles; Mary Anderson second. Time, 2:38¾. In the one mile, Giraffe first, Barrett second, Checkmate third. Time, 1:41¾. In the 1¾ miles, Marathon first, Victim second. Time, 2:00. Ike Benham won the steeplechase, during which Victory fell and broke a leg.

At Buffalo, Saturday, Cornelia won the 2:26 race, Walnut second. Best time, 2:22¾.

At Coney Island, Saturday, Elector won the 1¼ miles in 2:00. Wanton second. In the mile Topsy won, Ida B. second. Time, 1:42½. Hickory Jim was first in the five furlongs, Garfield second. Time, 1:02½. In the three-quarter mile Lute Fogle first, Rob Roy second. Time, 1:17¾. The hurdle race, 1¾ miles, was won by Jim Vanderveer.

NOTES.

Thos. Carey has received notice of his release from duty as an Association umpire.

The Athletics, of Philadelphia, will succeed the Cincinnatis in St. Louis on Sunday next.

The members of the St. Louis Gun Club held their weekly shoot Saturday afternoon at the Compton Avenue Park.

The second match between the Carondelet and St. Clair Gun Clubs yesterday resulted: Carondelet, 108; St. Clair, 94.

Emeralds No. 10, and St. Teresa's Council, No. 8, K. of F. M., played a game yesterday; score, St. Teresa 8, Emeralds 7.

The Bicyclists took a run to Normandy yesterday. Three of the party after reaching Normandy proceeded to Florissant.

Big preparations are being made for Ladies' Day at Sportsman's Park Grand avenue, and it will be a notable gathering of St. Louis' fair sex.

Nobody thinks that Umpire Carey does not try to do right, but the exhibition he made of himself yesterday was about the most wretched ever seen on a ball field.

J. B. C. Lucas and party departed Saturday evening for a hunting trip through Southern Minnesota after prairie chickens. They expect to be absent about six weeks.

The St. Louis-Cincinnati series has assumed a new phase of interest since Sunday's game. Are the latter going to have a run of the same luck which the Browns have been submitted to?

The old rule, putting a runner out on a foul, which has been revived, was broken at the game yesterday and proved embarrassing to the players, while the crowd condemned it severely.

The seventh game of the series between the St. Louis and Cincinnati will be played to-morrow at Sportsmen's Park, Grand avenue. Chas. M. Smith, the newly appointed umpire, will officiate.

The action of the Hillsdales, in threatening to claim the amateur championship of England if the Thames Club crew refuse to accept their challenge, is considered absurd and ridiculous by local sports.

The Corporation Council at New York has decided that the police have a right to stop prize fights like the last one between Sullivan and Wilson. So the "pugs" cannot use Madison Square Garden any more.

The last edition of Goodwin's Turf Guide contains in compact form the starters and results of all the races from January 1st to August 1st of this year, with a large amount of other information very valuable to sporting men generally.

The new seats at the Base Ball Park, which were so thoroughly advertised, proved a flat failure yesterday. The crowd would not sit on them, but flocked into the field. The managers of the park would not or did not keep the crowd out, and the result was a crush and confusion which spoiled most of the game. The new manager, Mr. Brown, did not make a success of his initial day.

The conduct of Snyder, the Cincinnati catcher, yesterday, was such that the crowd was thoroughly disgusted. He "kicked" at everything, and if the umpire did his duty he should have been fined at least a month's salary. Some of the Browns, however, were nearly as bad, and the umpire filled out the trio every time, being ready to stop the game and argue with Snyder whenever the latter felt like talking.

Mr. J. A. St. John, the president of the Medoes left on Saturday last for Detroit, Mich., to attend the regatta of the National and Northwestern Rowing Association, which takes place shortly. Frank Ossar, J. G. Miller, Harry Assman, Wm. Medart, H. C. Townsend and a number of other Medocs accompanied him. The association regret the absence of the Hillsdale four-oared crew, who are in England. This is the regatta in which the Hillsdales first won, and in which they have since maintained the championship of the United States. The Hillsdale Club will be represented in only one race at the regatta.

The Knights of Honor.

A. C. Sheldon, Grand Dictator of the Knights of Honor of Missouri, has resigned his position, and in a letter addressed to Peter Kieffer, Grand Reporter, says: "My health is such that I am utterly unable to attend to my official duties. I have delayed this action much longer than I should have done for the good of the order, hoping for health and strength, but I have little hope of their return. Please to notify Brother Torrey at once and take such steps as are required to notify the ledges in this jurisdiction of my action. Regrets are useless. I am in the shadow, but the order will live and prosper. With many thanks to all my true friends—and thank God they are not a few—for uniform kindness and partiality, I am," etc.

IT IS WORTH DOLLAR.

That is Mr. Lindblohm's Candid Opinion of Wheat.

Mr. R. Linblohm, a leading broker of Chicago, and one of the pewers in that market, was a visitor on 'Change to-day. Mr. Lindblohm is well known in the St. Louis market, both personally and by reputation, and thougnt his representative W. H. Perter, does a large option business on the St. Louis Exchange. A POST-DISPATCH reporter met Mr. Lindblohm and asked his opinion upon the wheat market Mr. L. said:

"I am not bearish on wheat. I think it is worth a dollar and can be and is wanted at a dollar, but the bulls are very much discouraged. If they buy, and the market advances a committee is called for and the price put down. All the heavy buyers have become so discouraged that it is difficult to get them to buy anytaing. Receipts may be heavy in September. As soon as the farmer gets through his present work he will go to threshing wheat again, receipts will increase and it wouldn't surprise me to see the market go down to 90c. But it is wanted now at a dollar per expart. The quality of this year's crop is so fine that European millers are stocking up with it, and so are Western millers."

"What do you think of a probability of war in Europe?" he was asked.

"Well," returned Mr. Lindblohm, "If there is any trouble it will come from Russia, and if Russia does interfere wheat will go up 25c a bushel. But Russia will probably not interfere. She is afraid of Germany. So is France. Germany really holds the key of the situation, and she has so far sided with the policy pursued by England. Turkey, of course, don't count, nor Italy, either. Then, Gladstone is a liberal and opposed to war. If Beaconsfield was the English premier I would look for trouble, but with Gladstone there is not so much chance."

"When price will the committee fix on July wheat in Chicago?"

"I believe a compromise price, somewhere between $1 25 and $1 35. Yes, I was interested in the deal. I was the longs' largest broker."

"Do you believe the decision of the St. Louis June wheat committee hurt this market any?"

"I do," emphatically replied Mr. L. "It was an outrageous decision, and injured your market greatly. We have had committees called frequently in Chicago to decide the settling price in deals there, but they never made such a sweeping change in the price as your June wheat committee."

Go over our want columns carefully. There is something there you want to see.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The National Temperance camp-meeting concluded its session at Vincennes, Ind., on Sunday.

Miss Julia Levi, of Philadelphia, was killed in a runaway accident at Davenport, Ia., on Sunday afternoon.

Two lives were lost in the burning of the flour mill of Messrs. J. G. Mold & Co., at Sunrise City, Minn., on Sunday afternoon.

The Democrats of the Fourteenth Congressional District of Illinois will bring out Hon. Adair Stevenson, of Bloomington, Ill.

Thomas Danly, of Hornet, Ill., while in an intoxicated condition was run over and killed by an engine in the Wabash yards at Danville, Ill., on Sunday.

Lightning killed Merton Young, aged 14, prostrated four others, killed one horse and burned a load of hay and the wagon, in Worcester county, Vt., on Saturday.

The district camp-meeting of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, which has been in progress at the springs near Plattsburg, Mo., closed on Saturday night.

Rev. C. L. Goodell, D. W., of St. Louis, delivered the afternoon sermon at the Chatauqua, N. Y., meeting, on Sunday. About four thousand people were in attendance.

The sale of the extensive herd of cattle of Mr. John T. Stewart, of Nebraska, to the Wyoming Range and Cattle Company, of Edinburg, Scotland, has been consigned.

In a Jewish synagogue in Montreal, on Sunday, the officiating rabbi preached reform doctrines. The members immediately began a disturbance and the police had to be called on during service to restore order.

On Sunday afternoon the Galena Township Sunday School Convention met in the First Presbyterian Church at Joplin, Mo. The important feature of the meeting was the discussion of the topic, "Responsibility of Parents."

The most intense excitement was produced in Sedalia, Mo., on Sunday afternoon by the first enforcement of the State Sunday law, and by the arrest of the officers and members of the Missouri Pacific Base Ball Club, of St. Louis, and the Brown Stockings, of Sedalia, while playing a match game.

Go over our want columns carefully. There is something there you want to see.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A colored couple from Brooklyn were jailed yesterday for disturbing the peace, the woman endeavoring to use a razor on the man. Squire Lynn imposed a fine of $3 and costs on each this morning.

Charles Jecko swore out a warrant in Squire Dragoo's court this morning, charging Wm. Thomas with assault with intent to kill. Thomas was jailed this morning and will have a hearing this afternoon.

A gang of trackmen engaged in repairs on the Pittsburg tracks, discovered the body of an unknown man near the track about two miles from East St. Louis this morning. Information was sent to Benner's stables, and a wagon sent for the corpse. The body was lying on its left side, the head surrounded by a pool of clotted blood, and a revolver clutched in the right hand, the point of which was still in the mouth. The revolver is a five chamber 32 callibre, apparently new, and with only one chamber empty. The body is that of a young man about 32 years of age, dark complexion, with small mustache, and dressed in jeans pants and light coat and vest. Nothing was found in the pockets leading to the identity of the man. Coroner Bader will hold an inquest at Bruner's stable in East St. Louis this afternoon.

Boiler and Engine,

In good running order, for sale; can be seen at foundry, corner Tenth and Chestnut streets; will be sold low.

"HELLO!"

"HEL-LO! HEL-LO! Central, wake up and give me 298."

"This is outrageous," remarked a perspiring citizen as he mopped his heated cranium and yelled out for the seventh time, "Hello, Central, give me 298."

It was just about the middle of the day when this occurred, and business being a little slack "Central" was taking a quiet little nap, and failed to hear the excited citizen's demands for "298." But when he did wake up to a full realization of the case—"298" stock was booming—and the excited citizen was getting ready to "cuss and quit."

Now, in order to make this little matter plain to the student of ordinary English, we will state that the excited citizen was at one end of the telephone, and our office, "295" was at the other, and he was using up his lungs trying to get a connection with our establishment through the Central office. But as the enterprising young party in charge of "Central" happened to be "napping it," our excited friend was slow in "catching on."

Perhaps you'd like to know what all this row was about? Well, we'll tell you: The gent who was trying to catch on to "295" happened to be reading Sunday's paper, when he struck an item that read: "GREAT STOCK-TAKING CLEARING SALE AT FAMOUS," and noticing a particularly good bargain in the way of MEN'S SUITS REDUCED to $10—former price $15, $18 and $20—he determined to telephone his size and secure a fit before the bargains were cleaned out by the sharp buyers around town. And this was why he cried out so vigorously, "Hello, Central, wake up!" And now that we have told you the truth of the matter, why come and do likewise.

Your truly,

FAMOUS.
Fifth and Morgan Sts.

MULFORD & McKENZIE,
Ticket Brokers,
Are making special rates to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Buffalo and Cleveland. Cut rates to all points.
108 N. Fourth St., and 12th and Poplar.

Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy.
ROLLA, PHELPS COUNTY, MO.
Courses of study for civil and mine engineers complete; equipment excellent. Professors are talists. Twelfth session begins September 18th, 1882.
TOTAL EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR NOT OVER $300
Send to Secretary for circular of information.
R. W. DOUTHAT, A. M., Ph. D., Secy.

Weather Indications for to-day are: Warmer, partly cloudy.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

REMOVAL!

General Offices of the Illinois and St. Louis R. R., Venice and Carondelet Belt Railway and Madison Co. Ferry and Car Transfer Co. to ROOM 107 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, also the Freight and Express Offices in connection with the above to 213 MARKET ST.

GENTS'
LOW
SHOES!
At Cost!
MOUND CITY,
411 N. Fourth St.

The Very Cheapest, Our Ten Cent Wants.

You Don't Call That a Fit Do You?

It looks more like a bolt of cloth struck with paralysis. But it was cut to your measure, Sir! Well I can't help that, I don't propose to pay a fancy price for that garment. Exit customer.

Our friend was evidently of a discerning and practical turn of mind, and did not take it for granted that a garment cut to measure must necessarily fit, a hallucination under which a number of persons seem to labor; better fits can be obtained at our establishment in garments for gentlemen than the majority of those turned out by the best merchant tailor shops. One reason why this is so rests on the fact that men are extremely critical when buying a nice ready-made garment and scrutinize every point carefully, while when made to order they take it for granted everything must be right. If one garment does not please the customer the retailer can put it in stock and sell it to some one else. The merchant tailor has no such recourse. If there is any gentleman who doubts our ability to give them perfect fitting and artistically cut garments we will take great pleasure in dispelling all doubts if he will call at S. E. Cor. Fifth and Pine.

The Very Cheapest, Our Ten Cent Wants.

The Timken Spring Side-Bar Vehicles are the Best in the World.

There are now over One Hundred Thousand in use. They are the most stylish, durable and easy riding of any made. They are manufactured by all leading Carriage builders in the country. Henry Timken, Patentee, builder of Fine Carriages, Gears and Bodies, 1010 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Wednesday, August 2, 1882.
Augustus N. Eddy et al.
vs.
M. H. Moody.
No. 59,072.
Attachment.

It appearing to the court from the Sheriff's return upon the summons issued herein that the defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process cannot be served upon said defendant, therefore, on motion of plaintiffs by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of $82.30 due as an account of goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered to him by plaintiffs between the 1st day of March, 1881, and the 1st day of May, 1882, and that his property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and cause before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him, and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 3d day of August, 1882.

SEAL } CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
60R

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June term, 1882.
Wednesday, June 28, 1882.
Charles F. Cladin surviving partner, suing on behalf of the partnership of Cladin & Thayer,
vs.
M. H. Moody.
No. 58, 35.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in the State of Missouri so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served him, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by his attorney

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of four hundred and ninety 1-0 dollars, on account of goods sold and delivered to defendant by plaintiff at defendant's special instance and request; and that his property has been attached; and unless he appear at the of his courts to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis this 7th day of July, 1882.

SEAL } CHAS. F. VOGEL,
61R Clerk.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Karoline Weidner, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Karoline Weidner,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the third day of August, A. D. 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 7th day of August, A. D. 1882.

HENRY HOFMANN,
Executor of the estate of Karoline Weidner, deceased. 59L

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MISSOURI SCHOOL OF MINES AND METALLURGY, ROLLA, Mo., ... ALL who have been members of the Missouri School of Mines during the last seven years, and all who propose entering the school this fall are hereby requested to attend the "students' reunion" at Denver, Colorado, between August 15th to 21st, during the mining exposition in that city. There will be a formal meeting and banquet at